Best Available Copy

• ;

(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau

(43) International Publication Date 7 August 2003 (07.08.2003) PCT



(10) International Publication Number WO 03/064376

(51) International Patent Classification?: 333/34, C07C 317/32, 255/60 International Patent Classification': C07C 237/42, A61K 31/16, A61P 3/10, C07C 233/56, C07D 211/26,

(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP03/00808

(22) International Filing Date: 27 January 2003 (27.01.2003)

(25) Filing Language:

(26) Publication Language:

29 January 2002 (29.01.2002) 25 April 2002 (25.04.2002)

(30) Priority Data: 02100078.1 021000410.6 (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AP-PLIED RESEARCH SYSTEMS ARS HOLDING N.V. 高 点

[NL/NL]; Pietermaai 15, Curacao (AN).

(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors; and (75) Inventors; Applicants (for US only): SWINNEN, Do-Grand-Lancy (CH). BOMBRUN, Agnès [FR/FR]; Route du Salève 1153, F-74560 Monnetter-Mornex (FR). GONde l'Abbaye, CII-1138 Villars-sous-Yens (CII). PITTET, ZALEZ, Jerôme [FR/FR]; 28, rue du Chablais, F-74100 minique [BE/CII]; Chemin des Palettes 3, CH-1212 Annemasse (FR). GERBER, Patrick [CI/CII]; Route

Pierre-André {CH/CH}; Route de Tartegnin, CH-1182 Gilly (CH).

3 Munich (DE). Agent: GRÜNECKER, KINKELDEY, STOCKMAIR SCHWANHÄUSSER; Maximilianstrasse 58, 80538

8 Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, SG, SK, SI., TI, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW. MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,

English English

2 Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, MI., MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,

Published:

with international search report

ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette. ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-

A1 PHOSPHATASES (PTPS) SUBSTITUTED METHYLENE AMIDE DERIVATIVES AS MODULATORS OF PROTEIN TYROSINE

 \equiv

오

WO 03/064376

by insulin resistance or pyperglycemia, comprising diabetes obesity, polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS). In particular, the hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, type I and/or II, inadequate glucose tolerance, insulin resistance, the treatment and/or prevention of metabolic disorders mediated methylene amide derivatives of formula (I) and use thereof for (57) Abstract: The present invention is related to substituted

25

substituted methylene amide derivatives and method of preparation thereof. Formula (I) of treating diabetes type II, obesity and to regulate the appetite of mammals. The present invention is furthermore related to nove umide derivatives of formula (I) to modulate, notably to inhibit the activity of PTPs. Also the present invention relates to a method present invention is related to the use of substituted methylene

> WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

-

Substituted methylene amide derivatives as Modulators of Protein Tyrosine Phosphatases (PTPs)

Field of the invention

5 the modulation, notably the inhibition of the activity of PTPs, in particular of PTP1B Specifically, the present invention is related to substituted methylene amide derivatives for particularly useful in the treatment of type II diabetes, obesity or the regulation of appetite. obesity, polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS). The compounds of this invention are tolerance, insulin resistance, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, hypercholesterolemia, in particular for the treatment and/or prevention of metabolic disorders mediated by insulin resistance or hyperglycemia, comprising diabetes type I and/or II, inadequate glucose The present invention is related to substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I),

Background of the invention

subjects. These subjects ranged from borderline glucose tolerant to overt, fasting al (American Journal of Medicine, 60, 80 (1976)) used a continuous infusion of glucose (IDDM) and non-insulin dependent (NIDDM) subjects hyperglycemia. The diabetic groups in these studies included both insulin dependent demonstrate that insulin resistance exists in a diverse group of non-obese, non-ketotic and insulin (insulin/glucose clamp technique) and oral glucose tolerance tests to The prevalence of insulin resistance in glucose intolerant subjects is well known. Reaven et

ᇹ

intolerant subjects, or in IDDM subjects, as a consequence of over injection of insulin compared with normal physiological release of the hormone by the endocrine pancreas of insulin resistance, such as is in obese and/or diabetic (NIDDM) subjects and/or glucose Coincident with sustained insulin resistance is the more easily determined hyperinsulin concentration in the plasma of subjects. Hyperinsulinemia may be present as a result insulinemia, which may be measured by accurate determination of circulating plasma

. 2

glucose load correlate with an increased risk of coronary heart disease. (1985)). Statistically significant plasma insulin elevations at 1 and 2 hours after oral numerous experimental, clinical and epidemiological studies (Stout, Metabolism, 34, 7 diseases of the large blood vessels (e.g. atherosclerosis) has been well established by The association of hyperinsulinemia and insulin resistance with obesity and with ischemic

population (Pyorala et al; Jarrett Diabetes/Metabolism Reviews, 5, 547 (1989)). morbidity and mortality statistics in the diabetic population exceeds that of the nondiabetic direction as for non-diabetic subjects. However, the incidence of atherosclerotic diseases in atherosclerotic diseases to the diabetic condition are not as numerous, but point in the same Since most of these studies actually excluded diabetic subjects, data relating the risk of

5

Insulin Resistance and the Polycystic Ovary Syndrome: Mechanism and Implications for syndrome; European Journal of Endocrinology 138, 269-274 (1998), Andrea Dunaif; effects of metformin on insulin resistance and hyperandrogenism in polycystic ovary Syndrome (PCOS) is also well acknowledged (Diamanti-Kandarakis et al.; Therapeutic The association of hyperinsulinemia and insulin resistance with Polycystic Ovary Pathogenesis; Endocrine Reviews 18(6), 774-800 (1997)).

5

5

essential hypertension is located in peripheral tissues (principally muscle) and correlates sympathetic nervous system in kidneys, heart, and vasculature, creating hypertension. hyperinsulinemia, which is recruited as a mechanism to limit further weight gain via directly with the severity of hypertension (DeFronzo and Ferrannini, Diabetes Care, 14, glucose infusion and indirect calorimetry, it was demonstrated that the insulin resistance of associated with insulin resistance. Using a combination of insulin/glucose clamps, tracer The independent risk factors obesity and hypertension for atherosclerotic diseases are also 173 (1991)). In hypertension of obese people, insulin resistance generates thermogenesis, but insulin also increases renal sodium re-absorption and stimulates the

20

25

¥

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

ដុំ

at an early step in this cascade, specifically at the insulin receptor kinase activity, which evidence demonstrating insulin resistance in the major tissues which respond to insulin signaling system, at a site post binding of insulin to the receptor. Accumulated scientific It is assumed that insulin resistance is usually the result of a defect in the insulin receptor of insulin signaling by protein tyrosine phosphatases; J. Mol. Med. 78, 473-482 (2000)). appears to be diminished (Mounib Elchebly, Alan Cheng, Michel L. Tremblay; Modulation (muscle, liver, adipose), strongly suggests that a defect in insulin signal transduction resides

phosphorylation of proteins and represent the counterparts of kinases. Among classical Protein-tyrosine phosphatases (PTPs) play an important role in the regulation of

- 5 Development 3(5), 527-540 (2000)). PTPs, there are two types : (i) non-receptor or intracellular PTPs and (ii) receptor-like like enzymes contain two. The catalytic domain consists of about 250 amino acids (Niels PTPs. Most intracellular PTPs contain one catalytic domain only, whereas most receptorof PTP-1B for the treatment of diabetes; Current Opinion in Drug Discovery & Peter Hundahl Moller et al. Protein tyrosine phosphatases (PTPs) as drug targets: Inhibitors
- 8 cellular substrates of the insulin receptor kinase. The enzymes that appear most likely to dephosphorylate the activated insulin receptor, attenuating the tyrosine kinase activity. molecules within the receptor protein, thus activating the receptor kinase. PTPs The interaction of insulin with its receptor leads to phosphorylation of certain tyrosine closely associate with the insulin receptor and therefore, most likely to regulate the insulin PTPs can also modulate post-receptor signaling by catalyzing the dephosphorylation of al.; Increased Energy Expenditure, Decreased Adiposity, and Tissue-specific insulin receptor kinase activity, include PTP1B, LAR, PTP-alpha and SH-PTP2 (Lori Klaman et Biology, 5479-5489 (2000)) sensitivity in Protein-Tyrosine Phosphatase 1B-Deficient Mice; Molecular and Cellular
- phosphatase domain at residues 30-278 and is localized to the cytoplasmic face of the PTP1B is a member of the PTP family. This 50 kDa protein contains a conserved

4-

endoplasmic reticulum by its C-terminal 35 residues. Its interactions with other proteins are as a negative regulator in insulin signaling. mediated by proline-rich regions and SH2 compatible sequence. PTP1B is believed to act

subjects, and that insulin infusion failed to suppress PTP activity as it did in insulin subjects possessed significantly elevated levels of PTP activity in muscle tissue vs. normal McGuire et al. (Diabetes, 40, 939 (1991)) demonstrated that non-diabetic glucose intolerant sensitive subjects.

the STZ-induced diabetic rat. Sredy et al. (Metabolism, 44, 1074, (1995)) observed similar activity in the livers of two rodent models of IDDM, the genetically diabetic BB rat, and rodent model of NIDDM. increased PTP activity in the livers of obese, diabetic ob/ob mice, which represent a typical Meyerovitch et al. (*J. Clinical Invest.*, 84, 976 (1989)) observed significantly increased PTP

Chem., 275(52), 41439-46 (2000)) indicates that PTP1B is the primary protein-tyrosine and suggests a regulatory role for PTP1B in the control of c-Src kinase activity. phosphatase capable of dephosphorylating c-Src in several human breast cancer cell lines implicated in a wide variety of other disorders, including cancer. Bjorge, J.D. et al. (J. Biol. Zhang et al (Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol., 5(4), 416-23 (2001)) found that PTPs are also

L. P et al. (Mol. Brain. Res., 28(1), 110-16 (1995)) demonstrates that a distinct overlapping neurite extension mediated by cell-cell and cell-matrix adhesion molecules. Further, Shock set of PTPs is expressed in the developing brain and retinal Mueller glia, including 2 novel Pathre et al (J. Neuroscl. Res., 63(2), 143-150 (2001)) describes that PTP1B regulates

the recruitment and phosphorylation of IRS1-4 (depending on the tissue) and PI3K. and dimerization results in auto-phosphorylation on multiple tyrosines. This is followed by The insulin receptor (IR) is a prototypical tyrosine kinase receptor whose ligand binding PTPs that may participate in neural cell communication.

Although vanadium-containing compounds have been known since the 19^{th} century to

25

PCT/EP03/00808

-5-

particular PTP1B is a promising target for the development of drugs to treat diabetes and signaling pathway by blocking PTP action. Evidence for the involvement of the IR (insulin Phosphatase-IB in Diabetes; Biochemical Pharmacology, Vol. 60, 877-883, (2000)). obesity (Brian P. Kennedy and Chidambaram Ramachandran; Protein Tyrosine phosphorylation in the PTP1B-mutated mice. The available data strongly suggest that in receptor) and IRS-1 in this phenotype was that both proteins show increased tyrosine alleviate diabetes, it was understood only recently that these inhibitors stimulate the insulin

Ahima R. S. et al.). Recently, it has been suggested that PTP1B negatively regulates leptin A further protein involved in obesity is Leptin. Leptin is a peptide hormone that plays a known that pharmacological inhibitors of PTP1B hold promise as an alternative or a signaling, and provide one mechanism by which it may regulate obesity. Further, it is central role in feeding and adiposity (Leptin. Annu. Rev. Physiol. 62 p.413-437 (2000) by Cell., vol.2, p.497-503 (2002)) supplement to leptin in the treatment of obesity due to leptin resistance (Developmental

2 Several small molecules have been proposed as inhibitors of PTPs, among others WO 02/18321.

Summary of the invention

The present invention relates to substituted metholene amide derivatives of formula $oldsymbol{\Pi}$

mediated by insulin resistance or hyperglycemia, comprising diabetes type I and/or II, Such compounds are suitable for the treatment and/or prevention of metabolic disorders inadequate glucose tolerance, insulin resistance, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia

-6-

hypercholesterolemia, obesity, polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS). The compounds of this invention are inhibitors of PTPs.

Detailed description of the invention

The following paragraphs provide definitions of the various chemical moieties that make up the compounds according to the invention and are intended to apply uniformly throughout the specification and claims unless an otherwise expressly set out definition provides a broader definition.

"PTPs" are protein tyrosine phosphatases and include for instance PTP1B, TC-PTP, PTP-□, DEP-1, LAR, SHP-1, SHP-2, GLEPP-1, PTP-□, PTP-μ, VHR, hVH5, LMW-PTP,

10 PTEN.

"C₁-C₁₂-alkyl" or "C₁-C₁₅-alkyl" refers to straight or branched monovalent alkyl groups having 1 to 12 or 1 to 15 carbon atoms. This term is exemplified by groups such as methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, n-hexyl, n-octyl, n-nonyl, n-dodecyl, tridecyl, pentadecyl, n-pentyl and the like in straight or branched forms thereof.

"Aryl" refers to an unsaturated, aromatic carbocyclic group of from 6 to 14 carbon atoms having a single ring (e.g. phenyl) or multiple condensed rings (e.g. naphthyl). Preferred aryl include phenyl, naphthyl, phenantrenyl and the like.

" C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl aryl" refers to C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl groups having an aryl substituent, including benzyl, phenethyl and the like.

"Heteroaryl" refers to a monocyclic heteromatic, or a bicyclic or a tricyclic fused-ring heteroaromatic group. Particular examples of heteroaromatic groups include optionally substituted pyridyl, pyrrolyl, furyl, thienyl, imidazolyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl, 1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl; 1,3,4-triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazinyl, benzofuryl, [2,3-

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

.7-

dihydro]benzofuryl, isobenzofuryl, benzothienyl, benzothiazolyl, isobenzothienyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 3H-indolyl, benzimidazolyl, imidazo[1,2-a]pyridyl, benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, quinolizinyl, quinazolinyl, pthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, cinnolinyl, napthyridinyl, pyrido[3,4-b]pyridyl, pyrido[3,2-b]pyridyl, pyrido[4,3-b]pyridyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, tetrazolyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, purinyl, pteridinyl,

" C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl heteroaryl" refers to C_1 - C_{12} -alkyl groups having a heteroaryl substituent, including 2-furylmethyl, 2-thienylmethyl, 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl and the like.

carbazolyl, xanthenyl or benzoquinolyl.

"Alkenyl" refers to alkenyl groups preferably having from 2 to 6 carbon atoms and having at least 1 or 2 sites of alkenyl unsaturation. Preferable alkenyl groups include ethenyl (-CH=CH2), n-2-propenyl (allyl, -CH2CH=CH2) and the like.

"Alkynyl" refers to alkynyl groups having from 2 to 18 carbon atoms and having at least 1.2 sites of alkynyl unsaturation, e.g. ethynyl (-C=CH), propargyl (-CH₂C=CH), or -C=CH-(C₂-C₁₆)alkyl.

"Acyl" refers to the group -C(O)R where R includes "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl", "aryl", "heteroaryl", "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl aryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl heteroaryl".

"Acyloxy" refers to the group -OC(0)R where R includes "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl", "aryl", "heteroaryl", "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl aryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl heteroaryl".

"Alkoxy" refers to the group -O-R where R includes "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl" or "aryl" or "heteroaryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl aryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl heteroaryl". Preferred alkoxy groups include by way of example, methoxy, ethoxy, phenoxy and the like.

"Alkoxycarbonyl" refers to the group -C(O)OR where R includes "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl" or "aryl" or "heteroaryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl aryl" or "C₁-C₁₂-alkyl heteroaryl".

PCT/EP03/00808

. .

hydrogen or C1-C12-alkyl or aryl or heteroaryl or "C1-C12-alkyl aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl "Aminocarbonyl" refers to the group -C(O)NRR' where each R, R' includes independently

or "C1-C12-alkyl" or "aryl" or "heteroaryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl heteroaryl" "Acylamino" refers to the group -NR(CO)R' where each R, R' is independently hydrogen

"Halogen" refers to fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo atoms

"heteroaryl" etc. groups can optionally be substituted with from 1 to 5 substituents selected from the group consisting of "C₁-C₆-alkyl", "C₂-C₆-alkenyl", "C₂-C₆-alkynyl", vidual substituent, the above set out groups, like "alkyl", "alkenyl", "alkynyl", "aryl" and "cycloalkyl", "heterocycloalkyl", "C1-C6-alkyl aryl", "C1-C6-alkyl heteroaryl", "C1-C6-"Substituted or unsubstituted": Unless otherwise constrained by the definition of the indi-

alkyl cycloalkyl", "C1-C6-alkyl heterocycloalkyl", "amino", "ammonium", "acyl",

"acyloxy", "acylamino", "aminocarbonyl", "alkoxycarbonyl", "ureido", "aryl",

"carbamate", "heteroaryl", "sulfinyl", "sulfonyl", "alkoxy", "sulfanyl", "halogen", formed by ring closure for instance in an effort to obtain a protective group. forming, e.g., lactams, lactons, cyclic anhydrides, but also acetals, thioacetals, aminals undergone ring closure, notably when vicinal functional substituents are involved, thus substitution could also comprise situations where neighbouring substituents have "carboxy", trihalomethyl, cyano, hydroxy, mercapto, nitro, and the like. Alternatively said

alkyl aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl heteroaryl" "C1-C12-allcyl", "C1-C12-alkyl" substituted with halogens e.g. an -SO2-CF3 group, "C1-C12-"Sulfonyl" refers to group "-SO2-R" wherein R is selected from H, "aryl", "heteroaryl", 8

C12-alkyl" substituted with halogens e.g. an -SO-CF3 group, "aryl", "heteroaryl", "C1-C12alkyl aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl heteroaryl" "Sulfoxy" refers to a group "-S(O)-R" wherein R is selected from H, "C1-C12-alkyl", "C1-

z

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

-9-

include thiomethoxy, thioethoxy, and the like aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl aryl" or "C1-C12-alkyl heteroaryl". Preferred thioalkoxy groups 'Thioalkoxy' refers to groups -S-R where R includes "C1-C12-alky1" or "ary1" or "hetero-

ethylenediamine, N-methylmorpholine, procaine, piperidine, piperazine and the like are ethylamine, diethylamine, triethylamine, morpholine, N-Me-D-glucamine, N,N'alkyl amine. Amine salts derived from methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, specified compounds of formula (1). Examples of such salts include, but are not restricted, contemplated being within the scope of the instant invention bis(phenylmethyl)-1,2-ethanediamine, tromethamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, earth metals (e.g. calcium or magnesium), or with an organic primary, secondary or tertiary selected in the group consisting of alkali metals (sodium, potassium or lithium), alkaline inorganic bases such as hydroxide, carbonate or bicarbonate of a metal cation such as those to base addition salts formed by reaction of compounds of formula (I) with organic or "Pharmaceutically acceptable salts or complexes" refers to salts or complexes of the below-

<u>ت</u> 20 sulfonic acid, naphthalene disulfonic acid, and poly-galacturonic acid benzoic acid, tannic acid, pamoic acid, alginic acid, polyglutamic acid, naphthalene oxalic acid, tartaric acid, succinic acid, malic acid, fumaric acid, maleic acid, ascorbic acid, nitric acid, and the like), as well as salts formed with organic acids such as acetic acid, inorganic acids (e.g. hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, Also comprised are salts which are formed from to acid addition salts formed with

The term "indirectly" also encompasses prodrugs which may be converted to the active the recipient, is capable of providing directly or indirectly, the activity disclosed herein. form of the drug via endogenous enzymes or metabolism. Said prodrug is comprised of the "Pharmaceutically active derivative" refers to any compound that upon administration to

25 active drug compound itself and a chemical masking group

-10-

"Enantiomeric excess" (ee) refers to the products that are obtained by an asymmetric synthesis, i.e. a synthesis involving non-racemic starting materials and/or reagents or a synthesis comprising at least one enantioselective step, whereby a surplus of one enantiomer in the order of at least about 52% ee is yielded. In the absence of an asymmetric synthesis, e.g. the corresponding esters of the substituted methylene amides of formula I, racemic products are usually obtained that do however also have a PTP inhibiting activity.

Said formula also comprises its tautomers, its geometrical isomers, its optically active forms as enantiomers, diastereoisomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. Preferred pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the formula (I), are base addition salts formed by reaction of compounds of formula (I) with pharmaceutically acceptable bases like N-methyl-D-glucamine, tromethamine, sodium, potassium or calcium salts of carbonates, bicarbonates or hydroxides.

5

The substituted methylene amide derivatives according to the present invention are those of formula (I):

rormula (I) comprises also the geometrical isomers, the optically active forms, including enantiomers, diastereomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts and pharmaceutically active derivatives thereof.

The substituents R1, R2, R2b and Cy within Formula (1) are defined as follows:

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)-alkyl,

20 preferably substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₆)-alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₁₂)
alkenyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₁₂)-alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl,

substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (3-8-membered)

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

:=

cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)-alkyl-aryl or substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)-alkyl-heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₁₂)-alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₁₂)-alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl.

In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, R¹ is A wherein A is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, a substituted or unsubstituted (3-8 membered)heterocycloalkyl or (3-8 membered)cycloalkyl, in particular a substituted or unsubstituted phenyl.

In another preferred embodiment, A is a moiety of the formula -CH₂-A or -CH₂-A, with A being a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, a substituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted or unsubstituted (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl. In particular, A may be a phenyl, pyridinyl, benzo-1,3-dioxolenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, quinoxalinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, furanyl or a piperidinyl group, being optionally substituted by 1 or 2 moieties selected from the group consisting of cyano, halogen, NO₂, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, aryloxy or heteroaryloxy, (C₁-

C₆)thioalkoxy, optionally halogenated (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₂-C₆)alkenyl, (C₂-C₆)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₆)alkyl aryl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₆)alkenyl aryl or heteroaryl, -COR³, -COOR³, -COOR³, -COOR³, -COOR³, -SO₂R³, -NHCOR³ wherein R³ is (C₁-C₆)alkyl or (C₂-C₆)alkenyl, -SOR³, -SO₂R³, -SO₂R³, with R³. R³ being independently from each other selected from the group

20 SO₂NR³R³ with R³, R³ being independently from each other selected from the group consisting of H, straight or branched (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₂-C₆)alkenyl, (C₂-C₆)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each independently from each other selected from the group comprising or consisting of H or substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, preferably R^{2a} and R^{2b} are

Cy is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl, a substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, a substituted or unsubstituted (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

1,2,4-triazolyl, 1,2,3-oxadiazolyl, benzo(1,2,5)oxadiazolyl, 1,2,4-oxadiazolyl, 1,2,5-Such aryl or heteroaryl include phenyl, naphthyl, phenantrenyl, pyrrolyl, furyl, thienyl, imidazolyl, pyridyl, oxazolyl, isoxazolyl, thiazolyl, isothiazolyl, pyrazolyl, 1,2,3-triazolyl,

oxadiazolyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolyl, tetrazolyl, 1,3,4-triazinyl, 1,2,3-triazinyl, benzopyrimidinyl, benzoxazolyl, pyridazinyl, pyrimidyl, quinolizinyl, quinazolinyl, pthalazinyl, quinoxalinyl, isobenzothienyl, indolyl, isoindolyl, 3H-indolyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl benzofuryl, [2,3-dihydro]benzofuryl, isobenzofuryl, benzothienyl, benzotriazolyl,

cinnolinyl, napthyridinyl, quinolyl, isoquinolyl, tetrazolyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroquinolyl, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydroisoquinolyl, purinyl, pteridinyl, xanthenyl, benzoquinolyl, oxolanyl, oxadiazolidinyl, 1,2,5-oxadiazolidinyl, 1,3,4-oxadiazolidinyl or isoxazolidinyl. pyrolidinyl, pyrazolidinyl, 2H-benzo[d]1,3-dioxolenyl, indanyl, imidazolidinyl, 1,2,4-

In particular, Cy is a substituted or unsubstituted thienyl or phenyl, e.g. a biphenyl group.

8 25 More specifically, Cy may be substituted or unsubstituted thienyl, substituted or NH-CO-R3, -SO2-NR3R3' or -CO-NR3R3' in which R3, R3' are independently selected from phenyl which may be substituted by 1 or 2 moieties selected from the group consisting of cycloalkyl moiety, or Cy is substituted or unsubstituted thienyl, substituted or unsubstituted substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, e.g. an oxadiazole, or substituted or unsubstituted unsubstituted (C2-C12)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl or heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C12)alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C12)alkynyl, substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or H, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C15)alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C12)alkenyl, unsubstituted phenyl which may be substituted by substituted or unsubstituted aryl or substituted or unsubstituted heterocycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl aryl

> diphenyl-ethyl, dodecyl, octyl, 4-pentyl-benzyl, 4-phenoxy-phenethyl, ethyl-thiophen-2-yl, According to one embodiment R3' is H and R3 is selected from the group consisting of

-13-

pentadecyl, tridecyl, hexyloxy-phenyl, (2-ethyl)-hexyl.

unsubstituted heteroaryl, substituted or unsubstituted (3-8-membered)-cycloalkyl or -heterocycloalkyl, being substituted by a substituted or unsubstituted (C2-C18)alkynyl According to a further embodiment Cy is substituted or unsubstituted aryl, substituted or

unsubstituted pyridinyl, substituted or unsubstituted naphthyl or substituted or According to a further embodiment Cy is substituted or unsubstituted phenyl, substituted or

5 unsubstituted benzofuranyl group, being substituted by B-R4 wherein B is ethynyl group group and R⁴ is substituted or unsubstituted (C₆-C₁₆)alkyl. cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted phenyl or substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl membered) cycloalkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl-(3-8 membered) and R^* is substituted or unsubstituted (C_6 - C_{16})alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted (3-8 phenyl. More particularly, Cy is phenyl being substituted by B-R⁴ wherein B is ethynyl

with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen, methoxy, (C8-C12)alkyl and more particularly a docecyl group. substituted by -SO2R3, -CO-NR3R3 in which R3 is H and R3 is (C7-C12)alkyl, particularly hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO2, trifluoromethyl while Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being According to a further embodiment R2a and R2b are each H, R1 is -CH2-A, or -CH2-CH2-A

Alternatively, R3 is (C7-C15)alkyl, particularly (C6-C15)alkyl and most preferred a dodecyl

More preferred compounds are those of formula (1')

PCT/EP03/00808

- 14 -

wherein

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-methylbenzyl which may be substituted by (C₁-C₆)alkyl group or a cycloalkyl group;

Cy is a phenyl or a biphenyl group optionally substituted with -NH-CO-R³,
-CO-NH-R³ or an oxadiazole group substituted with R³ in which R³ is (C₂-C₁₂)alkyl,
(C₇-C₁₅)alkyl, particularly (C₈-C₁₅)alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group

Some very few compounds falling into formula (I) are disclosed in the prior art. Said compounds are the following:

a) Compounds of formula (I), wherein Cy is an amidinonaphthyl moiety, R¹ is a
phenyl group which is para-substituted by a -O-piperidine or -O-pyrrolidine moiety.

5

Such compounds are disclosed in WO 96/16940 (Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co.) and are said to have an antiplatelet aggregation effect. They purportedly inhibit

activated blood coagulation factor ${\bf X}$ and are said to be useful as an antithrombotic agent.

b) A compound of formula (I), wherein Cy is a phenyl group, R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H, R¹ is an indole moiety substituted in 1-position with an ethyl carboxylate group and in 2-position with a tert.-butyl carboxylate group.

The above single compound is disclosed in EP-483881 (Merrel Dow Pharmaceuticals) and is said to be useful for the treatment of neurodegenerative disease states

c) A compound of formula (I), wherein Cy is a biphenyl group, R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H, R¹ is a phenyl group ortho-substituted with a tert-butyl 5-aminoisoindoline-2carboxylate.

- 16 -

This single compound is mentioned in WO 00/23428 (Takeda Chemical Industries Ldt.) as an intermediate compound in the synthesis of 1,5-benzodiazepine compounds. No medical use has been associated with said compound.

d) A compound of formula (I), wherein Cy is a phenyl group, R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H,
 R¹ is a 2,3,4-trihydronaphtalen-1-one.

The above compound is disclosed in *J.Chem.Soc.*, *Perkin Trans* 1(10), p. 2126-33 (1980) without any biologic activity or therapeutic application.

Intermediate compounds or prodrugs that may be transformed to give rise to the substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I) by hydrolysis are esters of the compounds of formulae (I-1) and (I-2) and include the following:

L_____1 / (L______) fethory (ovo) scetly llamino) methyl) hen

5

benzyl 4-({benzyl[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl)benzoate

ethyl (benzyl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} amino)(oxo)acetate

benzyl 4-({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoate

 $ethyl\ oxo\{\{4-[(pentadecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(trifluoromethyl)benzyll-(trifluoromethyl)b$

amino) acetate

ï

ethyl {(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetate

.

PCT/EP03/00808

tert-butyl 4-{{4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate

- 17 -

tert-butyl 4-{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate

s ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate tert-butyl 4-({{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)-acetyl]amino}-methyl)-piperidine-1-carboxylate

ethyl {{4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-acetate

5

ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate ethyl oxo{[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate ethyl [benzyl(4-{[4-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetate ethyl (benzyl)4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

ethyl [(4-aminobenzyl)(benzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

ethyl oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(undec-10-enoylamino)benzyl]amino}acetate
ethyl oxo{{4-[(9B)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate

ethyl {benzyl[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

PCT/EP03/00808

- 18-

ethyl {{4-[(2-hydroxydodecyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-acetate

 $ethyl\ oxo\ \{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-acetate$

ethyl {({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetate

tert-butyl 4-({ {4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl} [ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}-methyl}-piperidine-1-carboxylate

ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]piperidin-4-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate

ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

ethyl (benzyl {3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

ethyl [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate

tert-butyl 4-({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl)-

15 piperidine-1-carboxylate

ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(piperidin-4-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetate ethyl [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate.

A further aspect of the present invention is the use of the compounds of formula (I) as medicament.

20

Preferred substituted methylene amide derivatives are those wherein R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H, R^1 is $-CH_2$ -A, with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen

PCT/EP03/00808

WO 03/064376

- 19 -

methoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO₂, trifluoromethyl, Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being substituted by -SO₂R³, -CO-NR³R^{3'} in which R^{3'} is H and R³ is $(C_7$ - C_{15})alkyl, particularly $(C_8$ - C_{15})alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

Particularly preferred substituted methylene amide derivative are those wherein R²ⁿ and R^{2b}

are each H, R¹ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-methylbenzyl which may be substituted by (C₁-C₆)alkyl group or a cycloalkyl group, Cy is a phenyl or a biphenyl group substituted with a moiety selected from the group consisting of -NH-CO-R³, -CO-NH-R³, or an oxadiazole group substituted with R³, wherein R³ is (C₇-C₁₅)alkyl, particularly (C₈-C₁₅)alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

The compounds of formula (I) are useful in the treatment and/or prevention of metabolic disorders mediated by insulin resistance or hyperglycemia, comprising diabetes type I and/or II, inadequate glucose tolerance, insulin resistance, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, hypercholesterolemia, obesity or polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS).

In one embodiment the compounds according to formula (I) are particularly useful in the treatment and/or prevention of diabetes type II, obesity and for the regulation of appetite in

The compounds according to formula (I) are suitable for the modulation of the activity of PTPs, in particular of PTP1B. It is therefore believed that the compounds of the present invention are therefore useful for the treatment and/or prevention of disorders which are

20 mediated by PTPs, in particular of PTP1B. Said treatment involves the modulation – notably the down regulation or the inhibition - of PTPs, particularly of PTP1B.

A further aspect of the present invention is related to a pharmaceutical composition composition a comprising a methylene amide derivative according to Formula (I) and at least one further drug (in particular an anti-diabetes agent). In one embodiment the further

diabetes agents are selected from the group comprising or consisting of insulin (or insulin mimicks), aldose reductase inhibitors, alpha-glucosidase inhibitors, sulfonyl urea agents,

biguanides (e.g. metformin), thiazolidines (e.g. pioglitizone, rosiglitazone, cf. WO 02/100396) or PPARs agonists, or c-Jun Kinase or GSK-3 inhibitors .

Insulins useful with the method of the present invention include rapid acting insulins, intermediate acting insulins, long acting insulins and combination of intermediate and rapid acting insulins.

Aldose reductase inhibitors useful in the method of this invention include those known in the art. These include the non-limiting list of:

a) the spiro-isoquinoline-pyrrolidine tetrone compounds disclosed in U.S. Patent No.
4,927,831 (Malamas), the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference,
which includes ARI-509, also known as minalrestat or Spiro[isoquinoline-4(1H), 3'pyrrolidine]-1,2',3,5'(2H)-tetrone, and analogs thereof,

5

- b) 2-[(4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-6-fluoro-(9Cl);
- c) the compounds of U.S. Patent No. 4,439,617, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference, which includes Tolrestat, also known as Glycine, N-[[6methoxy-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1-naphtalenyl]thioxomethyl]-N-methyl-(9CI) or AY-27773 and analogs thereof;

2

- d) Sorbinil (Registra No. 68367-52-2) also known as Spiro[4H-1-benzopyran-4,4'imidazoline]-2',5'-dione, 6-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-, (4S)-(9CI) or CP 45634;
- e) Methosorbinil;
- 20 f) Zopolrestat, which is 1-Phtalazineacetic acid, 3,44-dihydro-4-oxo-3-[[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-benzothiazolyl]methyl]-(9CI) (Registry No.110703-94-1);
- g) Epalrestat, which is 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(2E)-2-methyl-3-phenyl-2-propenylidene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-, (5Z)-(9CI) (Registry No. 82150-09-9);

Zenarestat (Registry No. 112733-40-6) or 3-[(4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)-methyl]-7-

- 21 –

chloro-3,4-dihydro-2,4-dioxo-1(2H)-quinazoline acetic acid;

卢

- i) Imirestat, also known as 2,7-difluorospiro(9H-fluorene-9,4'-imidazolidine)-2',5'dione;
- j) Ponalrestat (Registry No.72702-95-5), which is 1-Phtalazineacetic acid, 3-[(4-bromo-2-fluorophenyl)methyl]3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-(9CI) and also known as Stalil or Statyl;
- k) ONO-2235, which is 3-Thiazolidineacetic acid, 5-[(2E)-2-methyl-3-phenyl-2-propenylidene-4-oxo-2-thioxo-, (5Z)-(9CI);
- GP-1447, which is {3-[(4,5,7-trifluorobenzothiazol-2-yl)methyl]-5-methylphenylacetic acid};

- m) CT-112, which is 5-(3-ethoxy-4-pentyloxyphenyl)-2,4-thiazolidinedione;
- BAL-ARI 8, which is Glycine, N[(7-fluoro-9-oxo-9H-xanthen-2-yl)sulfonyl]-N-methyl-)9CI), Reg.No.124066-40-6));
- AD-5467, which is 2,3-dihydro-2,8-bis(1-methylethyl)-3-thioxox-4H-1,4-benzoxazine-4-acetic acid of the chloride salt form (4H-1,4-Benzoxazine-4-acetic acid, 2,3-dihydro-2,8-bis(1-methylethyl)-3-thioxo-(9CI);
- p) ZD5522, which is (3',5'-dimethyl-4'-nitromethylsulfonyl-2-(2-tolyl)acetanilide)
- q) 3,4-dihydro-2,8-diisopropyl-3-thioxo-2H-1,4-benzoxazine-4-acetic acid;
- r) 1-[(3-bromo-2-benzofuranyl)sulfonyl]-2,4-imidazolidinedione (M-16209),
- s) NZ-314, which is 1-Imidazolidineacetic acid, 3-[(3-nitrophenyl)methyl]-2,4,5-trioxo-9(CI) (Registry No.128043-99-2),

- 22 -

 1-phtalazineacetic acid, 3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-3-[(5-trifluoromethyl)-2-benzothiazolyl]methyl];

- u) M-79175, which is Spiro[4H-1-benzopyran-4,4'-imidazolidine]-2',5'-dione;
 6-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-, (2R, 4S)-(9CI);
- v) SPR-210, which is 2H-1,4-Benzothiazine-2-acetic acid, 3, 4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-[(4,5,7-trifluoro-2-benzothiazolyl)methyl]-(9CI);
- w) Spiro[pyrrolidine-3,6'(5'H)-pyrrolo[1,2,3-de][1,4]benzoxazine]-2,5,5'-trione, 8'-chloro-2'-3'-dihydro-(9CI)(also known as AND 138 or 8-chloro-2',3'-dihydrospiro[pyrolizine-3,6'(5H)-pyrrolo-[1,2,3-de]-[1,4]benzoxazine]2,5,5'-trione);
- x) 6-fluoro-2,3-dihydro-2',5'-dioxo-(2S-cis)-spiro[4H-1-benzopyran-4, 4'-imidazolidine]-2-carboxamide (also known as SNK-860);

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt form of one or more of these compounds.

Among the more preferred aldose reductase inhibitors of this invention are minalrestat, Tolrestat, Sorbinil, Methosorbinil, Zopolrestat, Epalrestat, Zenarestat, Imirestat and

15 Ponairestat or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof.

The alpha-glucosidase inhibitors useful for the method of the present invention include miglitol or acarbose, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt form thereof.

Sulfonylurea agents useful with the method of the present invention include glipizide, Glyburide (Glibenclamide) Clorpropamide, Tolbutamide, Tolazamide and Glimepiride, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms thereof.

20

Preferably, said supplementary pharmaceutically active agent is selected from the group consisting of a rapid acting insulin, an intermediate acting insulin, a long acting insulin, a combination of intermediate and rapid acting insulins, Inalrestat, Tolrestat, Sorbinil,

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 23 --

Methosorbinil, Zopolrestat, Epalrestat, Zenarestat, Imirestat, Ponalrestat, ONO-2235, GP-1447, CT-112, BAL-ARI 8, AD-5467, ZD5522, M-16209, NZ-314, M-79175, SPR-210, ADN 138, or SNK-860, Miglitol, Acarbose, Glipizide, Glyburide, Chlorpropamide, Tolbutamide, Tolazamide, or Glimepriride.

Still a further object of the invention is a process for preparing substituted methylene amide derivatives according to formula I.

The substituted methylene amide derivatives of the present invention may be prepared from readily available starting materials using the below general methods and procedures. It will be appreciated that where typical or preferred experimental conditions (i.e. reaction

temperatures, time, moles of reagents, solvents, etc.) are given, other experimental conditions may also be used, unless otherwise stated. Optimum reaction conditions may vary with the particular reactants or solvents used, but such conditions can be determined by one skilled in the art by routine optimisation procedures.

By the following set out general methods and procedures compounds of formula (Ia) are obtained.

The substituents of (Ia) are as above defined and \mathbb{R}^8 is H, (C₁-C₆)alkyl or (3-8 membered) cycloalkyl group.

Generally, substituted methylene amide derivatives according to the general formula (I) may be obtained by several processes, using both solution-phase and solid-phase chemistry protocols. Depending on the nature of Cy, R¹, R², R^{2b} and R⁸, some processes will be

PCT/EP03/00808

- 24 -

preferred to others, this choice of the most suitable process being assumed by the practitioner skilled in the art.

Preparation using Solution Phase

Generally, substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (I) may be obtained by the initial synthesis of the esters (Ia) and their subsequent hydrolysis to give rise to the substituted methylene amide derivative of the general formula (I).

a) Carboxamide and sulfonamide substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I)

In the following the general preparation of carboxamide and sulfonamide substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I), wherein R¹, R^{2a}, R^{2b} and Cy are as above-defined, shall be illustrated (see Scheme A below).

Substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I) may be prepared by coupling the corresponding carboxylic acid derivatives (LG₂-CO-CO-R⁸), wherein LG₂ is a suitable leaving group - including Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl - and the primary or secondary amine Cy-CR²R²b-NHR¹. Preparation of said amide derivatives is performed using conditions and methods well known to those skilled in the art to prepare an amide bond from an amine and a carboxylic acid or carboxylic acid derivative (e.g. acid chloride), with standard coupling agents, such as e.g. DIC, EDC, TBTU, DECP, DCC, PyBOP[®], Isobutyl chloroformate or others in the presence or not of bases such as TEA, DIEA, NMM in a suitable solvent such as DCM, THF or DMF. Substituted methylene amides of formula

desired compounds of Formula (I).

(Ia) are then submitted to hydrolysis using hydroxide (e.g. NaOH) and leading to the

ᅜ

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 25 -

cheme A

General preparation according to the invention also includes compounds of Formula (I) in which Cy is particularly substituted by either -CO-NR²R³, -NH-CO-R² or -SO₂-R³R³ such as described in the schemes below, wherein R³ and R³ are as above-defined, and where chemical transformations of compounds of formula (Ia), also allow the obtention of compounds of formula (I).

b) Carboxamide and sulfonamide substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I-1)

In the following the general preparation of carboxamide and sulfonamide substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I-1) - i.e. compounds of formula (I), wherein Cy is as above defined and is substituted by either -CO-NR³R^{3'} (X = -CO-) or -SO₂-NR³R^{3'} ($X = -SO_2$) - shall be illustrated (see Scheme 1 below).

- 26 –

Substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I-1), wherein Cy is substituted with -CO-NR³R³ may be prepared from the corresponding carboxylic derivatives (II-1), wherein LG₁ is a suitable leaving group - including OH, Cl, O-alkyl or O-alkylaryl and from a primary or secondary amine -NHR³R³, wherein R³, R³ is independently from each other selected from the group consisting of H, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl aryl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl. A general protocol for such preparation is given below in the Examples (see Method A), using conditions and methods well known to those skilled in the art to prepare an amide bond from an amine and a carboxylic acid or carboxylic acid derivative (e.g. acid chloride), with

Substituted methylene amides of formula (I-1), wherein Cy is substituted with -SO₂-NR²R³ (X=-SO₂-) may also be prepared from the corresponding sulfonic acid derivatives (II-1), wherein LG₁ is a leaving group such as e.g. OH, Cl, O-Alkylaryl or O-Alkyl, and a primary or secondary amine NHR²R³ (see Scheme 1; Method A).

=

suitable solvent such as DCM, THF or DMF.

standard coupling agents, such as e.g. DIC, EDC, TBTU, DECP, DCC, PyBOP®, Isobutyl chloroformate or others in the presence or not of bases such as TEA, DIEA, NMM in a

5

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 27 -

Scheme 1

The carboxylic acid and sulfonic acid derivatives (II-1) (wherein X = -CO- or $-SO_{2^{-}}$) may be obtained from the corresponding amine (III-1'), wherein P = H, by coupling with the ester as set out in Step 1. Thereby, LG_{2} is a leaving group (e.g. Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide, benzotriazol-1-yl).

Said armines (III-1') in which P is H, may be obtained by deprotection of their corresponto ding protected form, wherein P is a protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc. For all the protection, deprotection methods, see Philip J. Kocienski, in "Protecting Groups", Georg Thieme Verlag Stuttgart, New York, 1994 and, Theodora W. Greene and Peter G. M. Wuts in "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis", 3rd edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1999 (NY).

- 28 -

According to a further process, the substituted methylene amides of formula (1-1), wherein Cy is substituted with -CO-NR³R³' or -SO₂NR³R³' (X = -CO- or -SO₂-) may be prepared from the corresponding amines (III-1) by coupling with the ester LG₂-CO-CO-OR⁸ wherein R⁸ is an alkyl group and LG₂ is a leaving group such as for example Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide, or benzotriazol-1-yl, such as above-described in Scheme 1 (Method B).

Compounds (III-1), wherein P is H or any protecting groups such as Boc or Fmoc, may be prepared by addition of the corresponding carboxylic or sulfonic acid derivatives (III-1') (X=-CO-, X=-SO₂- respectively), whereby LG₁ is a leaving group such as e.g. OH, Cl or O-alkyl, with primary or secondary amines NHR³R³ following solution-phase chemistry protocols such as described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 1 (Method B).

c) Substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (1-2)

5

According to a further process, substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I-2), i.e. substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I), wherein Cy is substituted with NR³COR³ and R³ are as above-defined, may be prepared from the corresponding amine (II-2), wherein P' is H, and LG₁-CO-R³ (XI) (X=-CO-) following the protocols described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 2 (Method C). LG₁ is a suitable leaving group such as e.g. Cl, OH or O-alkyl.

2

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 29 –

Scheme 2

Method C (a)
$$R^2$$
 R^3 R^4 R^3 R^4 R^4

The amines of formula (II-2) wherein P' is H, may be obtained by deprotection of their corresponding protected form, wherein P' is a protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc

The amines of formula (II-2) wherein P' is H or any protecting groups such as Boc or Fmoc, may be obtained from the corresponding amine (III-2'), wherein P is H, by coupling with the ester as set out in Step 1. Thereby, LG₂ is a leaving group (e.g. Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide, benzotriazol-1-yl).

Said amines (III-2'), wherein P is H, may be obtained by deprotection of their corresponding protected form, wherein P is a protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc.

According to one embodiment, substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (1-2), wherein Cy is as above-defined, may be substituted with -NR³COR³ and may be prepared from the corresponding amines (III-2), wherein P is H, by coupling with the ester LG₂-CO-

- 30 –

COOR⁸, wherein \mathbb{R}^8 is (C_1-C_6) alkyl, preferably ethyl or methyl, and $\mathbb{L}G_2$ is a leaving group as above described (see Scheme 2 (Method D)).

Amines (III-2), wherein P is H, can be obtained by deprotection of their corresponding protected form, wherein P is a protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc.

Compounds (III-2), wherein P is H or any protecting groups such as Boc or Fmoc, are prepared by addition of the corresponding amines (III-2'), wherein P' is H, with derivatives of formula LG₁-CO-R³ (XI) (X=-CO-), whereby LG₁ is a suitable leaving group such as e.g. Cl, OH or O-alkyl following protocols described in the Examples and as shown above in Method D.

Compounds of formula (I-2) wherein X is different from the carbonyl functionality may be prepared by replacing compounds of formula (XI) with those containing the appropriate functional groups, e.g. sulfonyl chlorides, isocyanates, isothiocyanates, chloroformates, substituted alkyl halides, epoxides or others to yield sulfonamide, urea, thiourea, carbamate, substituted alkyl derivatives, substituted α, β-aminoalcohols, or others, respectively.

d) Preparation of the precursor compounds of formula (I-3)

According to another process, substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I-3), i.e substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I), wherein Cy is substituted with an oxadiazole (as an example for a heteroaryl) and R³ is as above-defined, may be prepared from the corresponding acid derivative of formula (II-1), wherein LG₁ is a suitable leaving group such as e.g. Cl, OH or O-alkyl and imide oxime of formula (X) following protocols such as described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 3 (Method E). Thus, the starting acid derivatives of formula (II-1) are reacted with imide oxime of formula (X) using standard coupling agents, such as. DIC, EDC, TBTU, DECP, DCC, PyBOP®, Isobutyl chloroformate or others in a suitable solvent such as DCM, followed by exposure to base, such as pyridine, to promote the cyclization yielding oxadiazole of formula (I-3).

8

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

-31 -

According to an alternative process, the substituted methylene amides of formula (I-3) may be prepared from the corresponding amines (III-3) by coupling with the ester LG₂-CO-CO-OR⁸ wherein R⁸ is an alkyl or cycloalkyl group and LG₂ is a leaving group such as for example CI, N-hydroxy succinimide, or benzotriazol-1-yl, such as described in Scheme 3 (Method F).

Compounds (III-3), wherein P is H, may be obtained by deprotection of their corresponding protected form, wherein P is a protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc.

Compounds (III-3), wherein P is H or any protecting groups such as Boc or Fmoc, may be prepared from their precursor of formula (III-1') and amide oxime of formula (X) following protocols such as described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 3 (Method F).

Scheme 3

5

e) Preparation of the precursor compounds of formula (I-4)

phosphine) in triethylamine e.g. 90°C. Preferred conditions imply use of copper(I) bromide, palladium tetrakis(triphenylcatalysts, (e.g. palladium tetrakis (triphenylphosphine), and amines (e.g. triethylamine). in the presence or not of additives, such as copper (I) salts in conjunction with palladium Thus, derivatives of formula (II-4) can be reacted with a substituted alkyne of formula (XII protocols such as described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 4 (Method G).

may be prepared from the corresponding acid derivative of formula (II-4), following

5

succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl, such as described in Scheme 4 (Method H) OR8 wherein R8 is an alkyl group and LG2 is a leaving group such as Cl, N-hydroxy prepared from the corresponding amines (III-4) by coupling with the ester LG2-CO-CO-According to a further process, the substituted methylene amides of formula (I-4) may be

Compounds (III-4), wherein P is H, may be obtained by deprotection of their corresponding protected form, wherein P is a protecting group (e.g. Boc or Fmoc)

ᅜ

protocols such as described in the Examples and shown in Scheme 4 (Method H). prepared from their precursor of formula (III-4') and an alkyne of formula (XII) following Compounds (III-4), wherein P is H or any protecting groups (e.g. Boc or Fmoc), may be

20

Scheme 4

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 33 –

Method G

$$LG_{\lambda} = 0$$
, R^{2} , R^{2

f) Preparation of the precursor compounds of formula (III)

or III-4'), mentioned in Schemes 1, 2, 3 and 4, wherein Cy may be substituted with a examples are indicated in the below Scheme 5. wherein X is as defined in e), may be prepared from the corresponding precursors of R3 may be independently from each other, substituted or unsubstituted (C1-C15)alkyl or X COOR3, .NP'R3, .NR2COR3, -CO-LG1, -SO2-LG1, -SO2NR3R3, -C=C-R3 wherein R3 and e.g. an oxadiazole, a substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl moiety, or -CO-NR 3R 3 , moiety Q, like a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or substituted or unsubstituted heteroaryl, The precursor compounds of formulae (III), (including III-1', III-1, III-2', III-2, III-3, III-4, formulae (VII), (VIII) or (IX), using a variety of synthetic strategies for which some

Compounds of formula (III) - wherein R26 is H - may for instance be prepared by alkylation of the amines (IV) - wherein R1 is as above-defined and wherein P is H or a

- 34 -

suitable protecting group such as e.g. Boc or Fmoc - with the carbonyl derivatives (IX), wherein R²ⁿ is as above defined. The reaction (see Scheme 5, Method I) may be performed in the presence of a suitable reducing agent including NaBH(OAc)₃, NaBH₃CN, NaBH₄ or hydrogen and an appropriate catalyst such as Pd/C or PtO₂.

- Alternatively, compounds of formula (III) may be prepared by alkylation of amines of
 formula (IV) with the derivatives of formula (VIII), wherein LG is a suitable leaving
 group including Cl, Br, I, OH, OMs, OTs (see Method J). R^{2a} and R^{2b} are as abovedefined.
- Also, compounds of formula (III) may be prepared by alkylation of amines of formula (VII), with the alkylating agents of formula (VI) wherein LG is the above-mentioned leaving group (Scheme 5, Method K).
- Still a further alternative is set out in Scheme 5, Method L. This embodiment illustrates the preparation of compounds of formula (III) by alkylation of the amines of formula (VII) with carbonyl derivatives (V) wherein A is as above-defined in the presence of a reducing agent such as e.g. NaBH(OAc)3, NaBH3CN, NaBH4c or hydrogen with an appropriate catalyst such, as e.g. Pd/C or PtO2, in order to provide compounds of formula (III), wherein R¹ is -CH-R²-A in which R² is selected from the group consisting of (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, preferably (C₁-C₆)alkyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynl-aryl or aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

35-

The precursor compounds of formulae (IV), (V), (VI), (VII), (VIII) or (IX) are either commercially available or readily accessible from commercial starting materials such as those selected from:

(dl)-trans-2-benzyloxycyclopentylamine, 1-(1-naphthyl)ethylamine, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthylamine, 1,2-dodecylene oxide, 1-aminoindane, 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol, 2-amino-2-hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, 2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine, 2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethylamine, 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamine, 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine, 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylamine, 2,2-diphenylethylamine, 2-amino-1-methoxypropane, 2-

. 2

ည် မ

sulfonyl)benzaldehyde, 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine, 4-amino-1-benzylpiperidine, 4aminophenyl trifluoromethyl sulfone, 3-carboxybenzaldehyde, 3-chlorobenzaldehyde, 3cyclopropylamine hydrochloride, trans-3-(trifluoromethyl)cinnamoyl chloride, tridecanoic sodium triacetoxyborohydride, tetrabutylammonium iodide, tetradec-9-enoyl chloride, p-anisaldehyde, pentadecylamine, piperonal, piperonylamine, sodium cyanoborohydride, phenylglycine t-butyl ester, methyl 4-formylbenzoate, N-bromo-succinimide, octylamine, benzoic acid, hexanoyl chloride, isopropylamine, lithium hydroxide monohydrate, lamine, dodecylamine, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)isocyanate, cyclopentanone, dl-3-amino-3-phenylpropionic acid, dl-alpha-methyl-benzylcarboxaldehyde, aniline, benzaldehyde, benzoylperoxide, benzylamine, chloro-oxo-acetic 4-tolyl boronic acid, 5-formyl-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid, 6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine-3benzylamine, 4-phenoxyphenethylamine, 4-phenylbutylamine, 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde benzylamine hydrochloride, 4-phenoxyaniline, 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde, 4-phenoxysulfonyl chloride, 4-nitrobenzaldehyde, 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride, 4-pentylacid, 4-formyl-benzoic acid benzyl ester, 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 4-methoxybenzenebenzaldehyde, 4-cyanobenzaldehyde, 4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde, 4-formyl-benzoic benzamidobenzylamine, 4-bromoaniline, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride, 4-chloro-(aminomethyl)-1-N-Boc-aniline, 4-(dimethylamino)phenyl isocyanate, 4-(methylthiophenecarboxaldehyde, 4-(1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl), benzylamine hydrochloride, 4-3-phenylbenzyl amine hydrobromide, 3-phenylpropylamine, 3-pyridinecarboxaldehyde, 3cyanobenzaldehyde, 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde, 3-iodobenzoyl chloride, 3-nitrobenzaldehyde (trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde, 3,3-diphenylpropylamine, 3,5-dichlorobenzylamine, 3aldehyde, 2-quinoxaloyl chloride, 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde, 3-(benzyloxy)aniline, 3phenoxyphenethylamine, 2-phenylglycine ethyl ester hydrochloride, 2-pyridinecarboxfluorobenzaldehyde, 2-formylthiazole, 2-morpholino-1,3-thiazole-5-carbaldehyde, 2tetrakis-triphenylphosphine palladium(0), thiophene-2-ethylamine, trans-2-phenylacid ethyl ester, cis-delta 9-trans-tetradecenoyl chloride, cyclohexyl isocyanate, cyclohexy acid, tridecanoyl chloride

5

the amine of formula (III), wherein Q is C(O)OBn. such as NaBH(OAc); in a suitable solvent such as DCE or THF. The process thus affords A preferred process for preparing compounds of formula (III) is set out in the above (IX) wherein Q is -COO-Bn is performed with amines of formula (IV) and a reducing agent Scheme 5, Method I. Therein, the reductive amination of carbonyl compounds of formula

- 37 -

preferably ethyl or methyl, and LG_2 is a leaving group such as e.g. Cl, in the presence of a coupled with an ester LG_2 -CO-COO-R⁸, wherein R⁸ is a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or cycloalkyl, base such as DIEA in an aprotic solvent (such as e.g. DCM or THF), thus affording According to the methods described in Scheme 1 (Method A), the resulting amine (III) is

5 substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (II-1). Subsequent benzyl deprotection standard mixed anhydride - mediated methods affords the desired compounds of formula (I-1), wherein \mathbb{R}^8 is ethyl or methyl (see Scheme 1). The latter compounds may be X is CO and LG₁ is -OBn, with amines -NHR³R³, with using standard carbodiimide - or using standard H_2/Pd methods and followed by the coupling of the resulting acid, wherein

hydrolysed to yield compounds of formula (Ia) of this invention, wherein R⁸ is H, by their EtOH), followed by acidification of the reaction mixture treatment with hydroxide such as e.g. NaOH in an appropriate protic solvent (such as e.g.

20 23 wherein R⁸ is a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or cycloalkyl, preferably ethyl or methyl, and LG₂ is a leaving amine of formula (III) wherein Q is -CONR³R³, following the methods described in precursor in which Q is -COOH and amines HNR 3R3" using standard carbodiimide- or their commercially available or readily accessible from commercial starting materials Method I, Scheme 5. The resulting amine (III) is coupled with the ester LG2-CO-COO-R⁸ reducing agent such as NaBH(OAc)3 in a suitable solvent such as DCE or THF affords the standard mixed anhydride-mediated methods. The reductive amination of the carbonyl derivatives of formula (IX) (see Scheme 5), wherein Q is -CONR³R³ may be prepared from derivatives of formula (IX) wherein Q is -CONR³R³ with amines of formula (IV) and a According to a further preferred process of preparing compounds of formula (Ia), carbonyl

25

- 38 -

group such as e.g. Cl, in the presence of a base such as DIEA in an aprotic solvent (such as e.g. DCM or THF) affording the ester (I-1). The latter compounds may be hydrolysed to compounds of formula (Ia) of this invention, wherein R⁸ is H, by their treatment with hydroxide such as e.g. NaOH in an appropriate protic solvent (such as e.g. EtOH), followed by acidification of the reaction mixture.

Basic salts of the compounds of formula (I) are prepared in a conventional manner as is known by a person skilled in the art. In particular the N-Me-D-glucamine and the tromethamine (i.e. 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol) salts of this invention provide water-soluble derivatives and improved bioavailability.

10 The methods of preparation of the substituted methylene amides of formula (I) of this invention according to the above protocols have the specific advantage of being convenient and economic in the sense that they involve only a few steps.

g) Preparation using Solid-Phase and/or mixed solid/solution phase

2 25 20 general formula (Ia), wherein the substituents R^1 , R^{2a} , R^{2b} and Cy are as above defined, solution-phase synthesis protocol, \mathbb{R}^3 is as above-defined. Cleavage from the resin is synthesis of said compounds. In the context of such a solid-phase and/or mixed solidabove described in Schemes 1, 2, 3 and 4 for the solution-phase synthesis of compounds of practitioner skilled in the art that basically the same conditions, methods and reagents as well known technical approaches (such as IRORI®). It will be appreciated by the as those described in the examples and shown in Schemes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 above using may be prepared by solid-phase and/or mixed solid/solution-phase synthesis protocols such According to yet another general approach, substituted methylene amides according to the derivatives of formula (Ia). It is to be understood that further to the resin types mentioned in formula (Ia) could be applied to the solid-phase and/or mixed solid-/solution-phase the Examples such as e.g. Sasrin aldehyde resins, other suitable reagents, notably resins, effected under acidic conditions, affording the corresponding substituted methylene amide

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 39 -

known to a person skilled in the art, could be employed for the solid-phase synthesis of compounds of general formula (Ia).

The filled circles in the below Scheme 6 illustrate the resin beads to which the compounds are linked during the solid phase synthesis.

In one particularly preferred process, resin-bound amines of formula NHR²R⁶ (D), wherein R⁶ represents any suitable resin (Scheme 6) and R³ is above-defined in the description, are prepared from commercially available per se or readily accessible from resins such as e.g. Sasrin aldehyde or bromo-Wang resins and amines, using standard reductive amination or alkylation conditions well known to the practitioner skilled in the art. The resin-bound amines NHR³R⁶ (D) may then be acylated with compounds of formula (VIII-1') wherein X is -CO- and LG₁ is Cl in the presence of base such as e.g. DIEA, in suitable solvent such as NMP or DCM; or X may also be is -SO₂- and LG₁ is Cl using standard conditions involving a base such as DIEA in an aprotic solvent such as DCM or THF affording compounds of formula (VIII-1) (Scheme 6, Method N).

5

group LG from the latter resin-bound intermediates (VIII-1) by their reaction with amines NHPR¹ (IV) in the presence of iodide such as TBAI or NaI in a suitable solvent such as e.g. NMP at suitable temperature such as 80°C can afford resin-bound compounds of Formula (III-1). Finally, this compounds is coupled with the ester LG₂-CO-COO-R⁸, wherein R⁸ is preferably ethyl or methyl and LG₂ is a leaving group such as e.g. Cl, in the presence of a base such as DIEA in an aprotic solvent (such as e.g. DCM or THF) affording the resinbound ester (I-1). The latter compounds can be hydrolysed to compounds of formula (Ia) of this invention, wherein R⁸ is H, by their treatment with hydroxide such as e.g. NaOH in an appropriate solvent (such as e.g. THF). Cleavage from the resin is performed under acidic conditions (such as e.g. a DCM solution containing 20 % TFA), affording the corresponding desired substituted methylene amide derivatives of Formula (Ia).

- 40 –

.

Scheme 6

In one other preferred synthetic approach (<u>Method N</u>), the resin-bound amines of formula NHR⁶R³ (D), wherein R⁶ represents a suitable resin (Scheme 6) can be acylated with compounds of formula (VII-1'), wherein X is -CO-, LG₁ is OH, R¹, R²ⁿ, R²ⁿ, R³ and R⁵ are as above-defined and P is a protecting group such as Fraoc or Pht, using standard

conditions involving a coupling reagent such as e.g. PyBOP®, in a suitable solvent such as

NMP or DCM affording resin-bound compounds of formula (VII-1). The same resin-bound

amines of formula NHR⁶R³ can be sulfonylated with compounds of formula (VII-1'), wherein X is -SO₂-, LG₁ is Cl and P is a protecting group such as Fmoc or Pht, using standard conditions involving a base such as DIEA affording resin-bound compounds of formula (VII-1). These latter intermediates can be deprotected following standard conditions and then alkylated following the methods outlined in Scheme 5 (Method H) to afford the compounds of formula (III-1). Finally, these compounds are converted to the desired substituted methylene amides of formula (Ia), following the methods described

5

15

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

-41-

When employed as pharmaceuticals, substituted methylene amide derivatives of the present invention are typically administered in the form of a pharmaceutical composition. Hence, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a compound of formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or excipient therefore are also within the scope of the present invention. A person skilled in the art is aware of a whole variety of such carrier, diluent or excipient compounds suitable to formulate a pharmaceutical composition.

The compounds of the invention, together with a conventionally employed adjuvant, carrier, diluent or excipient may be placed into the form of pharmaceutical compositions and unit dosages thereof, and in such form may be employed as solids, such as tablets or filled capsules, or liquids such as solutions, suspensions, emulsions, elixirs, or capsules filled with the same, all for oral use, or in the form of sterile injectable solutions for parenteral (including subcutaneous use). Such pharmaceutical compositions and unit dosage forms thereof may comprise ingredients in conventional proportions, with or without additional active compounds or principles, and such unit dosage forms may contain any suitable range to be employed.

When employed as pharmaceuticals, substituted methylene amide derivatives of this invention are typically administered in the form of a pharmaceutical composition. Such compositions can be prepared in a manner well known in the pharmaceutical art and comprise at least one active compound. Generally, the compounds of this invention are administered in a pharmaceutically effective amount. The amount of the compound actually administered will typically be determined by a physician, in the light of the relevant circumstances, including the condition to be treated, the chosen route of administration, the actual compound administered, the age, weight, and response of the individual patient, the severity of the patient's symptoms, and the like.

The pharmaceutical compositions of these inventions can be administered by a variety of routes including oral, rectal, transdermal, subcutaneous, intravenous, intramuscular, and

- 42 –

intranasal. The compositions for oral administration can take the form of bulk liquid solutions or suspensions, or bulk powders. More commonly, however, the compositions are presented in unit dosage forms to facilitate accurate dosing. The term "unit dosage forms" refers to physically discrete units suitable as unitary dosages for human subjects and other mammals, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of active material calculated to produce the desired therapeutic effect, in association with a suitable pharmaceutical excipient. Typical unit dosage forms include prefilled, premeasured ampoules or syringes of the liquid compositions or pills, tablets, capsules or the like in the case of solid compositions. In such compositions, the substituted methylene amide derivative according to the invention is usually a minor component (from about 0.1 to about 50% by weight or preferably from about 1 to about 40% by weight) with the remainder being various vehicles or carriers and processing aids helpful for forming the desired dosing form.

Liquid forms suitable for oral administration may include a suitable aqueous or nonaqueous vehicle with buffers, suspending and dispensing agents, colorants, flavors and the like.

ᇊ

5

Solid forms may include, for example, any of the following ingredients, or compounds of a similar nature: a binder such as microcrystalline cellulose, gum tragacanth or gelatine; an excipient such as starch or lactose, a disintegrating agent such as alginic acid, Primogel, or com starch; a lubricant such as magnesium stearate; a glidant such as colloidal silicon dioxide; a sweetening agent such as sucrose or saccharin; or a flavoring agent such as peppermint, methyl salicylate, or orange flavoring.

8

Injectable compositions are typically based upon injectable sterile saline or phosphate-buffered saline or other injectable carriers known in the art. As above mentioned, substituted methylene amide derivatives of formula (I) in such compositions is typically a minor component, frequently ranging between 0.05 to 10% by weight with the remainder being the injectable carrier and the like.

The above described components for orally administered or injectable compositions are merely representative. Further materials as well as processing techniques and the like are

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

set out in Part 8 of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 17th Edition, 1985, Marck

43-

Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania, which is incorporated herein be reference.

The compounds of this invention can also be administered in sustained release forms or from sustained release drug delivery systems. A description of representative sustained release materials can also be found in the incorporated materials in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences.

5 Fmoc (9-Fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl), CDCl₃ (deuterated chloroform), c-Hex Butoxycarbonyl), CH3CN (Acetonitrile), DBU (Diazabicyclo [5.4.0]undec-7-ene), DCC ionization), ESI (Electro-spray ionization), L (liters), AcOBt (Ethyl acetate), Boc (tert-(milliliter), µL (microliters), mL (milliliters), APCI (Atmospheric pressure chemical (gram), mg (milligram), mmol (millimole), m.p. (melting point), eq (equivalents), mL which are not construed to be viewed as limiting the scope of the invention. The following In the following the present invention shall be illustrated by means of some examples: abbreviations are hereinafter used in the accompanying examples: min (minute), h (hour), g (Cyclohexanes), DCM (Dichloromethane), DIC (Diisopropyl carbodiimide), DMAP (4-(Dicyclohexyl carbodiimide), DCE (Dichloroethane), DIEA (Disopropylethylamine), Hydroxybenzotriazole), K2CO3 (Potassium carbonate), MeOH (Methanol), CD3OD DMSO-d, (Deuterated dimethylsul-foxide), EDC (1-(3-Dimethyl-amino-propyl)-3-Dimethylaminopyridine), DMF (Dimethylformamide), DMSO (Dimethylsulfoxide) $(Bentotriazole-1-yl-oxy-tris-pyrrolidino-phosphonium\ hexafluorophosphate),\ rt\ (roomble or the property of the property of$ triphenyiphosphine palladium), PetEther (Petroleum ether), Pht (Phtalimide), Py BOP^{\otimes} morpholine), NMP (N-Methylpyrrolidone), nBuLi (n-Butyl-lithium), Pd(PPh₃)4 (Tetrakis borohydride), NaBH(OAc)3 (Sodium triacetoxyborohydride), NMM (N-methyl-(Sodium bicarbonate), NaBH3CN (Sodium cyanoborohydride), NaBH4 (Sodium (Deuterated methanol), MgSO4 (Magnesium sulfate), NaH (Sodium hydride), NaHCO3 ethylcarbodiimide), EtOAc (Ethyl acetate), Et₂O (Diethyl ether), EtOH (Ethanol), HOBt (1temperature), SPE (solid phase extraction), TEA (Triethylamine), TFA (Trifluoro-acetic

PCT/EP03/00808

-44-

acid), THF (Tetrahydrofuran), TBTU (2-(1-H-benzotriazole-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluromium tetrafluoroborate).

The HPLC, MS and NMR data provided in the examples described below were obtained as followed. HPLC: Waters Symmetry C₈ column 50 mm x 4.6 mm; UV detection at 254 nm; flow: 2 mL/min; Conditions A: 8 min gradient from 0.1 % TFA in H₂O to 0.07 % TFA in

CH₃CN; Conditions B: 10 min gradient from 0.1 % TFA in H₂O to 0.07 % TFA in CH₃CN. The semi-preparative reverse-phase HPLC was obtained as followed: Supelcosil ABZ+Plus column (25 cm x 21.2 mm, 12 μm); UV detection at 254 nm and 220 nm; flow 20 mL/min; Condition C: 10 min gradient from 30 % CH₃CN in 0.1 % TFA in CH₃CN to 100 %

10 CH₃CN followed by 5 min elution at 100 % CH₃CN. The MS data provided in the examples described below were obtained as followed: Mass spectrum: PE sciex API 150 EX (APCI or ESI) or LC/MS Waters ZMD (ESI). The NMR data provided in the examples described below were obtained as followed: ¹H-NMR: Bruker DPX-300MHz.

xamples

Example 1: (benzyl[4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl]amino) (oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of the secondary amine of formula (III) following the Method I (See Scheme 5), e.g. 4-(benzylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid benzyl ester

To a solution of 4-formyl-benzoic acid benzyl ester (5.00 g, 20.81 mmol) (compound described in Bioorg. Med. Chem.; 5; 9; 1873-82 (1997)) and benzyl amine (2.453 g, 22.89 mmol) in DCE (150 mL) was added at once NaBH(OAc)₃ (6.175 g, 29.14 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at rt. 30 mL of a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ were added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column

25

chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 4/1 to 1/1 in about 1h) to give the title

compound as a colorless oil (4.780 g, 69 %). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.95 (m, 2H),

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 45 -

7.37-7.16 (m, 12H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H). M*(ESI): 332.2. HPLC (Condition B), Rt: 4.26 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Step b) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (II-1) following the Method A (See Scheme 1), e.g. 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester

To a solution of 4-(benzylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid benzyl ester (4.50 g, 13.58 mmol) and TEA (2.748 g, 27.16 mmol) in anhydrous THF (100 mL) at 0°C under inert atmosphere, was added dropwise the chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (2.781 g, 20.37 mmol) diluted in THF (10 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 h. The solution of NaHCO3 were added and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEVc-Hex 4/1 to 2/1 in about 1h) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (5.810 g, 99%). ¹H NMR (CDC13, 300 MHz) 8 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.11 (m, 12H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.44 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.22 (m, 4H), 1.22 (t, 1=7.5 Hz, 3H). M⁺(APCI): 432.0. HPLC (Condition B), Rt: 7.2 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

Step c) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (II-1), e.g. 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid

8

H₂ (1 atm) was bubbled slowly trough a suspension of 10 % Pd/C (300 mg) in EtOH (50 mL) for 15 min at rt. To this suspension was then added a solution of 4-[(benzylethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester (5.500 g, 12.75 mmol) diluted in 15 mL of EtOH. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under H₂ (1 atm) for 5 h at rt. The reaction mixture was filtered over a pad of celite to remove the catalyst. The solvent was evaporated to afford the title compound as a colorless oil used in the next steps without further purification (4.217 g, 97 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.11

(m, 7H), 4.51 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.30 (m, 4H), 1.27 (m, 3H). M'(APCI): 340.0; M'(APCI): 342.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.31 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

2 5 (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.26 (m, 7H), 6.09 (br s, 1H), 4.5 (m, 2H), 4.36mL) and washed with a 1N aqueous solution of HCl (2 mL). The combined organic layers stirred overnight at rt. The solvent was evaporated and the residue dissolved in DCM (30 mmol) in anhydrous THF (15 mL) at RT was added EDC (1.261 g, 6.58 mmol) and ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride 1), e.g. ethyl (benzyl{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino) (oxo) acetate, using 1product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/ c-Hex 3/1 to 1/1 dodecylamine (1.018 g, 5.49 mmol) under inert atmosphere. The resulting mixture was To a solution of 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid (1500 mg, 4.39 Step d) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (I-1) following the Method A (See Scheme in about 15 min) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (500 mg, 22 %). ¹H NWR were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a colorless oil. This crude 507.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.98 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). 4.30 (m, 4H), 3.45 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m, 3H), 1.36-1.27 (m, 20H), 0.88 (m, 3H). M(ESI):

Step e) Formation of the oxamic acid of formula (I), e.g. (benzyl{4-[(dodecylamino)-

- carbonyl]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid
 To a solution of ethyl (benzyl{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo) acetate
 (690 mg, 1.36 mmol) in EtOH (4 mL) was added a IN aqueous solution of NaOH (1.36 mL, 1.36 mmol) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h. The solvents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in EtOAc (20 mL) and washed with a IN
- aqueous solution of HCl (5 mL). The aqueous layer was separated and washed with EtOAc (2x 10mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound as a white solid (603 mg, 93 %). ¹H NMR (CD₅OD, 300 MHz)

8 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.28 (m, 6H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 3.38 (t, 2H, J=6.5 Hz), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.21 (m, 18H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M'(ESI): 479.2 HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.01 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₉H₄₀N₂O₄: C, 72.47; H, 8.39; N, 5.83 %. Found: C, 72.30; H, 8.36; N, 5.79 %

- 47 -

Example 2: (benzyl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid.

tromethamine (i.e. 2-amino-2-hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol) salt

A mixture of (benzyl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid (1.842 g.
3.83 mmol), tris (hydroxymethyl)amino methane (0.464 g. 3.83 mmol) and EtOH (38 mL)
were heated until a homogeneous solution was obtained. The solvent was removed in
vacuum and the residue was dissolved in a 9/1 mixture of H₂O/EtOH. The resulting
solution was then lyophilized to afford the title compound as a fluffy white powder (2.299
g. 99%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 479.5; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 481.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.0
min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₉H₄₀N₂O₄.C₄H₁₁NO₃: C, 65.86; H,
15 8.54; N, 6.98 %. Found: C, 65.10; H, 8.78; N, 6.90 %

Example 3: (benzyl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyll benzyl} amino)(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito)) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white solid (89 %). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 479.3; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 481.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.1 min (HPLC purity: 99.25 %).

Analysis calculated for C29H40N2O4-C7H17NO5*1.2 H2O: C, 61.99; H, 8.24; N, 6.02 %.

Found: C, 61.84; H, 8.60; N, 5.99 %

8

25 Example 4: 0x0 [44-[[pentadecy]amino]carbonyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]
amino]acetic acid
Step a) Formation of benzyl 4-{[[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}methyl]benzoate.

- 48 –

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step a) but using 4-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine gave the title compound as a yellow oil (74 %).

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 400.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 3.76 min (HPLC purity: 97.6 %).

Step b) Formation of benzyl 4-{{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-{trifluoromethyl}benzyl] amino}methyl)benzoate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step b) but using the benzyl 4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (95 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.95 (t, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.48 (m, 2H),

7.37-7.13 (m, 9H), 5.25 (br s, 2H), 4.41 (br s, 2H), 4.27-4.18 (m, 4H), 1.20 (t, 3H, J=7.0 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 498.1; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 500.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.14 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Step c) Formation of 4-([[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)-

ᄄ

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using benzyl 4-({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoate gave the title compound as a colorless foam (84 %). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 408.2; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 410.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.43 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Step d) Formation of ethyl $oxo\{\{4-\{(pentadecylamino)carbonyl\}benzyl\}\{4-\{trifluoromethyl\}benzyl\}amino\}acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step d) but using 4({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} methyl)benzoic acid gave the title

compound as a white solid (78 %). M(ESI): 617.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.54 min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %).

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 49 -

Step e) Formation of the oxo{{4-{(pentadecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-{trifluoromethyl}-benzyl] amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using the ethyl oxo{{4-{(pentadecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-{trifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}-

acetate gave the title compound as a colorless foam (84 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.44 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.30 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.56.4.50 (m, 4H), 3.37 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.30 (m, 24H), 0.91 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M(LC/MS(ESD): 589.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESD)): 591.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.25 min (HPLC purity: 98.1 %).

Example 5: (benzyl (4-[(pentadecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl] amino) (oxo)acetic acid

5

Step a) Formation of the secondary amine of formula (III) following the Method I (See Scheme 5), e.g. 4-(benzylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid benzyl ester

To a solution of 4-formyl-benzoic acid benzyl ester (5.00 g, 20.81 mmol) and benzyl amine

(2.453 g, 22.89 mmol) in DCE (150 mL) was added at once NaBH(OAc)₃ (6.175 g, 29.14

solution of NaHCO₃ were added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was separated and washed with DCM (3x 200 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 4/1 to 1/1 in about 1h) to give the

title compound as a colorless oil (4.780 g, 69 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.16 (m, 12H), 5.27 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H) M (ESI): 332.2. HPLC (Condition B), Rt. 4.26 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Step b) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (II-I) following the Method A (See Scheme I), e.g. of the 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester

Scheme 1), e.g. of the 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester
To a solution of 4-(benzylamino-methyl)-benzoic acid benzyl ester (4.50 g, 13.58 mmol)
and TEA (2.748 g, 27.16 mmol) in anhydrous THF (100 mL) at 0°C under inert

- 51 -

WO 03/064376

atmosphere, was added dropwise the chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (2.781 g, 20.37 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 2 h. Most of the solvents were evaporated and 100 mL of DCM were added. 20 mL of a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3 were added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 4/1 to 2/1 in about 1h) to give 4-[(benzylethoxyoxaly]-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester as a colorless oil (5.810 g, 99 %).

14 NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) 8 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.11 (m, 12H), 5.30 (s, 2H), 4.44 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.22 (m, 4H), 1.22 (m, 3H). M⁺(APCI): 432.0. HPLC (Condition B), R; 7.2 min (HPLC purity: 99.4).

Step c) Formation of the of the oxamic ester of formula (II-1), e.g. 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid

5

5

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.46 min (HPLC purity: 98.2 %).

- 15 H₂ (1 atm) was bubbled slowly trough a suspension of 10 % Pd/C (300 mg) in EtOH (50 mL) for 15 min at rt. To this suspension was then added a solution of 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid benzyl ester (5.500 g, 12.75 mmol) diluted in 15 mL of EtOH. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under 1 atm H₂ for 5 h at rt. The reaction mixture was filtered over a pad of celite to remove the catalyst. EtOH was evaporated to
- afford the title compound as a colorless oil used in the next steps without further purification (4.217 g, 97 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.11 (m, 7H), 4.51 (m, 2H), 4.39-4.30 (m, 4H), 1.27 (m, 3H). M (APCl): 340.0; M (APCl): 342.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.31 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).
- 25 Step d) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (1-1) following the Method A (See Scheme I), e.g. ethyl (benzyl{4-{(pentadecylamino)carbonyl} benzyl}amino)(oxo) acetate, using supported cyclohexylcarbodiimide

To a solution of 4-[(benzyl-ethoxyoxalyl-amino)-methyl]-benzoic acid (102 mg, 0.3 mmol) and pentadecylarmine (39.9 mg, 0.2 mmol) in DCM (2 mL), the N-cyclohexylcarbodiimide, N-methyl polystyrene HL (Novabiochem, 355 mg, 0.6 mmol, loading: 1.69 mmol/g) was added at once the and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt. The resin was filtered and the solvents were evaporated under vacuum to afford a colorless oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (39 mg, 35 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.26 (m, 7H), 6.13 (br s, 1H), 4.5 (m, 2H), 4.36-4.30 (m, 4H), 3.45 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.27 (m, 26H), 0.88 (t, J= 8.0 Hz, 3H), M(APCI): 549.1; M⁺(APCI): 551.4

Step e) Formation of the oxamic acid of formula (I-1), e.g. (benzyl{4-[(pentadecylamino)-carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

To a solution of ethyl (benzyl{4-[(pentadecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo) acetate

[28.0 mg, 0.051 mmol) in EtOH (1 mL) was added NaOH (14.9 mg, 0.37 mmol) dissolved

in H₂O (0.37 mL) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h. The solvents

were evaporated then EtOAc (5 mL) and a 1N aqueous solution of HCl (1 mL) were addec

to the residue. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with EtOAc (2x.5mL). The

combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a

white solid (27.5 mg, 96 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.30-7.10 (m, 6H), 4.39 (m, 4H), 3.26 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.26 (m, 24H), 0.90 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 3H). M'(APCI): 521.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.96 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).

25 <u>Example 6: (benzyl{4-I(tridecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid</u>
Step a) Formation of ethyl (benzyl{4-[(tridecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}amino)(oxo) acetate

PCT/EP03/00808

- S2 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step d, but using tridecylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (40 %). M(APCI): 523.2; M⁺(APCI): 521.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.06 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).

Step b) Formation of (benzyl) [4-[(tridecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl] amino)(oxo) acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step e, but using the
ethyl (benzyl [4-[(tridecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl] amino)(oxo) acetate gave the title
compound as a white solid (94 %). HNMR (CD₅OD, 300 MHz) & 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m,
1H), 7.29-7.16 (m, 6H), 4.45-4.36 (m, 4H), 3.34 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.23

(m, 20H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M'(APCI): 493.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.47 min
(HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Example 7: [benzyl](4-{[dodecyl[methyl]amino]carbonyl]benzyl]amino](oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of ethyl (benzyl](4-{[tridecylamino]carbonyl] benzyl]amino](oxo) acetate. The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step d, but using dodecyl-methyl-amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (54 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.13 min (HPLC purity: 92.5 %).

ሯ

Step b) Formation of [benzyl(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)aminocarbonyl}benzyl) amino](oxoacetic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step e, but using the ethyl (benzyl {4-[(tridecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl} amino)(oxo) acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (86 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.38-7.24 (m, 8H), 4.51-4.43 (m, 4H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.30 (m, 1H), 3.07 (s, 1.5H), 2.95 (d, 1.5H J=4.1 Hz), 1.69-1.58 (2m, 2H), 1.40-1.18 (m, 18H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.8. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.47 min (HPLC purity: 99.9

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

Example 8: {(4-{[dodecy](methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]

- 53 -

amino}(oxo)acetic acid
Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(triftuoro-methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step d, but using 4({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} methyl)benzoic acid and dodecylmethyl-amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (56 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt:
7.41 min (HPLC purity: 82 %).

benzyl] amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step e, but using the ethyl {(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl}-(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (68 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.7-7.52 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.30 (m, 5H), 4.62-4.5 (m, 3.5H), 3.85 (m, 0.5H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 3.30 (m, 1H), 3.07 (s, 1.5H), 2.95 (m, 1.5H), 1.72-1.52 (2m, 2H), 1.50-1.10 (m, 18H), 0.95 (m, 3H), M(LC/MS(ESI)): 562.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 563.8. HPLC (Condition A), Rt:

20 Example 9: ([1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl][4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]
benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

6.81 min (HPLC purity: 90.5 %)

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{{4-{(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}amino}piperidine-1carboxylate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step a, but using 1-Boc-

4-amino-piperidine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (83 %). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 425.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.52 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

- 54 -

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{{4-{(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}{ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]-amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step b, but starting from tert-butyl 4-({4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title

compound as a yellow foam (99 %). M'(APCI): 523.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.7 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).

Step c) Formation of 4-{{[1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidin-4-yl][ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl)benzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step c, but starting from tert-butyl 4-{(4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a white foam (99 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.1 min (HPLC purity: 95.7 %).

15. Step d) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{ethoxy(oxo)-acetyl]amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step d, but starting from 4-([[1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidin-4-yl][ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino)methyl)benzoic acid gave the tittle compound as a colorless oil (25 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 600.8; †(LC/MS(ESI)):

20 602.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.75 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Step e) Formation of ([1-(tert-buloxycarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl] (4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step e, but starting from tert-butyl 4-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (55 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.79(m, 2H), 7.47 (d, 0.5H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.24 (d, 1.5H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.64 (m, 2H), 4.08 (m,

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 55 --

2H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.40 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.73 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.50(m, 5H), 1.35-1.13 (m, 28H), 0.91 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.8; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 574.5 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.18 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).

5 Example 10: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of the amide of formula (LX) wherein Q is -CONR³R³, e.g. N-dodecyl-4-formyl-benzamide, using isobutyl chloroformate

To a solution of 4-formyl-benzoic acid (22.5 g, 149.9 mmol) and 4-methyl morpholine (18.2 g, 180.0 mmol) in anhydrous THF (200 mL) at -15°C was added dropwise isobutyl

chloroformate (22.5 g, 165.0 mmol) under inert atmosphere. After 15 min, dodecylamine (30.56 g, 164.9 mmol) was added at once, and the resulting mixture was stirred 3 h at rt.

The solvent was evaporated in vacuum, and the resulting residue dissolved in DCM (200 mL) and washed with a 0.1N aqueous solution of HCl (3x 30), with brine (1x 30 mL). The

white powder (45 g). This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/c-Hex 4/1 to 1/1 in about 1 h) to give the title compound as a fluffy white solid (38 g, 80 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 10.06 (s, 1H), 7.76 (m, 4H), 6.18 (m, 1H), 3.44 (q, 2H, J=13 Hz, J=7.2 Hz), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.4 to 1.2 (m, 18H), 0.86 (t, 3H, J=7.0 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 316.3; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 318.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.9 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

Step b) Formation of the secondary amine of formula (III) following the Method I (See Scheme 5), e.g. N-dodecyl-4-[(4-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-methyl]-benzamide

z

To a solution of N-dodecyl-4-formyl-benzamide (3 g, 9.45 mmol) and 4-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine (1.82 g, 10.4 mmol) in DCE (25 mL) was added at once NaBH(OAc)₃ (2.80 g, 13.23 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at rt. 5 mL of a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ were added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was

separated and washed with DCM (3x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (EtOAc/c-Hex 15/85 to 75/25 in about 1h) to give the title compound as a white solid (2.66 g, 59 %). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.76 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.61 (d, 2H, 8.1 Hz), 7.49 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.40 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz).

s (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.61 (d, 2H, 8.1 Hz), 7.49 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.40 (d, 2H, J=8. 2 Hz),
6.12 (br s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 4H), 3.43 (q, 2H, J=13.0 Hz, J=7.0 Hz), 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.6 to 1.2 (br s, 18H), 0.86 (t, 3H, J=7.0 Hz). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 475.32; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 477.4
HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.97 min (HPLC purity: 95.1 %).

Step c) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (II-1) following the Method A (See Scheme 1), e.g. ethyl {{4-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl}-amino}-(oxo)acetate

To a solution of N-dodecyl-4-[(4-trifluoromethyl-benzylamino)-methyl]-benzamide (2.60 g, 5.46 mmol) and TEA (1.104 g, 10.91 mmol) in anhydrous THF (20 mL) at 0°C under inert atmosphere, was added dropwise the chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (1.117 g, 8.18 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1.25 h. The solvents were evaporated and 50 mL of DCM were added. 20 mL of H₂O were added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated. This crude product was purified

by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/3 to 1/2 on about 1h) to give the title compound as a yellow solid (2.770 g, 88 %). ¹H NMR (CDC13, 300 MHz) 8 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.23 (m, 4H), 6.09 (br s, 1H), 4.5 (s, 2H), 4.37-4.32 (m, 4H), 3.43 (m, 2H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.20 (m, 21H), 0.86 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 575.5; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 577.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.84 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).

Step d) Formation of the oxamic acid of formula (I), e.g. {(4-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino} (0x0)acetic acid

25

- 57 --

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e, but starting from ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as awhite powder (83 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.51 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.30 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 4.6 (m, 4H), 3.33 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.31 (m, 18H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.5 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 547.3; M¹(LC/MS(ESI)): 549.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.34 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₀H₃₉F₃N₂O₄: C, 65.68; H, 7.16; N, 5.11 %.

Found: C, 65.65; H, 7.18; N, 5.08 %

10 Example 11: {4-[dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]14-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {4-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} [4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (81 %). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 548.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 550.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.3 min (HPLC purity: 99 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₀H₃₉F₃N₂O₄.C₇H₁₇NO_{5*}1.1 H₂O: C, 58.19; H, 7.39; N, 5.50 %. Found: C, 58.09; H, 7.66; N, 5.45 %

Example 12: { {4-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} [3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}-

20 (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-dodecyl-4-([[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)methyl)benzamide. The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step b, but starting from 3-trifluoromethyl-benzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (55 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.38 (t, 1H, J=5.5 Hz), 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.71 (s, 1H),

7.65-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.38-3.28 (m, 2H),
 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.23 (br s, 18H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J=8.0 Hz). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 477.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.90 min (HPLC purity: 95.3 %).

- 58 -

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-(trifluoromethyl)-

from N-dodecyl-4-({[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzamide gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step c, but starting

compound as a colorless oil (97%). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 577.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt 6.98 min (HPLC purity: 97.4 %).

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $Step\ c)\ Formation\ of\ \{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}\}$

5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step d, but starting %). 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 7.85-7.55 (m, 6H), 7.35 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.23 (d, 2Hz) from ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (82

1.58-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.11 (m, 18H), 0.85 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESD)): 547.4; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 549.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.69 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %).

1H, J=8.2 Hz), 4.55 (d, J=6.0 Hz, 2H), 4.50 (d, J=12.4 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H),

Example 13: { {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}-(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

20 %. Found: C 59.13; H 7.90; N 5.57 % purity: 99.1 %). Analysis calculated for C30H39F3N2O4.C7H17NO5: C 59.74; H 7.59; N 5.65 amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white fluffy powder (82 %). M glucamine and {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] (LC/MS(ESI)): 547.4; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 549.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.69 min (HPLC The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-

Example 14: ({[1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl]methyl} {4-[(dodecylamino) carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

25

PCT/EP03/00808

WO 03/064376

- 69 -

piperidine-1-carboxylate Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]-

from 4-(aminomethyl)-1-N-Boc-piperidine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (31 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step b, but starting

%). M'(ESI): 514.2. HPLC (Condition B), Rt. 6.2 min (HPLC purity: 96.2 %).

acetyl]amino}methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-({{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{ethoxy(oxo)-

from tert-butyl 4-[({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]piperidine-1δ 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 6.25 (br s, 1H), 4.49-4.30 (m, 2H), 4.40-4.20 (m, 2H), 4.05 B), Rt: 8.8 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %). carboxylate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (81 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) 1.40-1.0 (m, 31H), 0.86 (m, 3H). M'(APCI): 614.2; M*(APCI): 616.4. HPLC (Condition (br s, 2H), 3.42 (m, 2H), 3.20-3.05 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 2H), 1.9-1.7 (m, 1H), 1.55 (m, 4H), The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step c, but starting

Step c) Formation of ({[I- α ext-butoxycarbonyl}-4-piperidinyl] methyl}{4-[(dodecylamino)]}

carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

from tert-butyl 4-({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}-NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 2H), 6.21(m, 1H), 4.84 (br s, 1H), 4.69 methyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (97 %). $^{1}\mathrm{H}$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step d, but starting (br s, 1H), 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.45 (m, 3H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 2.63 (m, 2H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.61 (m

2

Example 15; oxo [[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)acetic

S

Rt: 8.15 min (HPLC purity: 91.6 %).

4H), 1.45-1.05 (m, 30H), 0.88 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 3H). M'(APCI): 586.2. HPLC (Condition A),

methyl-benzaldehyde (1.156 g, 6.64 mmol) in DCE (50 mL) was added at once compound as a colorless oil (2.688 g, 88 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 9.3 (s, 1H), by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/1 then 7/3) to give the title NaBH(OAc)₃ (2.374 g, 11.20 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at rt. 7.66 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.56 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.37 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.20 (d, 2H, J=8.5 aqueous layer was separated and washed with DCM (3x 200 mL). The combined organic To a solution of 4-(aminomethyl)-1-N-Boc-aniline (1.778 g, 8.0 mmol) and 4-trifluoro-Scheme 5), e.g. tert-butyl 4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)phenylcarbamate Step a) Formation of the secondary amine of formula (III) following the Method I (See 381.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.38 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %) Hz), 3.73 (s, 2H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 379.2; M'(LCMS(ESI)): layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was purified 15 mL of a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3 were added to the reaction mixture, the

Scheme 2), e.g. ethyl {{4-f(:ert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl-Step b) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (II-2) following the Method C (See)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetate

8

25 (2.69 g, 7.07 mmol) and DIEA (1.83 g, 14.13 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (30 mL) at 0°C filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by solution of HCl (5 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with DCM (3x 30 mL) 7.77 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred 3h at 0°C, then 1 h at rt. A 1 N aqueous under inert atmosphere, was added dropwise the chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (1.06 g, To a solution tert-butyl 4-([[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)methyl)phenylcarbamate (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). colorless oil (2.980 g, 88 %). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 479.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.65 min column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/4) to give the title compound as a The combined organic layers were washed with water (3x 20 mL), dried over MgSO4,

- 61 –

5 orange oil (2.245 g, 95 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.01 benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate (2.980 g, 6.2 mmol) in DCM (40 mL) was added TFA (10 mL) combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h at rt. The solvents were evaporated To a solution of ethyl {{4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4-{irifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate M(LC/MS(ESI)): 379.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 3.3 min (HPLC purity: 92.4 %). (m, 2H), 6.65 (m, 2H), 4.49 (s, 1H), 4.40-4.28 (m, 4H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 1.38-1.26 (m, 3H) with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3, water (2x 20 mL) and brine (1x 20 mL). The under vacuum to afford an orange oil. This crude product was dissolved in Et2O, washed Step c) Deprotection of the oxamic ester of formula (II-2) (See Scheme 2), formation of e.g.

20 23 2), e.g. ethyl oxo{[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate J=8.1 Hz), 7.29 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.18 (m, 2H), 4.47 (m, 2H), 4.37-4.28 (m, 4H), 2.34 (t, organic layers were washed with water (3x 20 mL), dried over MgSO4, filtered and mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with DCM (3x 30 mL). The combined reaction mixture was stirred 1 h at 0°C then 3.5 h at rt. A 1 N aqueous solution of HCl (2 added tridecanoyl chloride (539 mg, 2.31 mmol) under inert atmosphere. The resulting (oxo)acetate (800 mg, 2.10 inmol) and DIEA (326 mg, 2.52 mmol) in DCM (10.0 mL) was To a cold (0°C) solution of ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}-Step d) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (I-2) following the Method C (See Scheme M(LC/MS(ESI)): 575.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 577.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.1 min oil (1.067 g, 88 %). ¹H NMR (CDCt₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, 2H concentrated to afford a colorless oil. This crude product was purified by column (HPLC purity: 98.2 %). 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.26 (m, 21H), 0.87 (t, J=8.1 Hz, 3H) chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/4) to give the title compound as a colorless

62-

Step e) Formation of the oxamic ester of formula (I-2), e.g. oxo{[4-(tridecanoylamino)-benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e, but starting from ethyl oxo {[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} acetate gave the

title compound as awhite powder (99 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.65-7.12 (m, 8H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.34 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 2H), 1.69-1.63 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 18H), 0.87 (t, J=8.6 Hz, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 547.5; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 549.3. HPLC

10 C₃₀H₃₉F₃N₂O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 59.74; H, 7.59; N, 5.65 %. Found: C, 59.54; H, 7.68; N, 5.53 %

(Condition A), Rt: 6.56 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). Analysis calculated for

Example 16: oxo{[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethy])benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and oxo {[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino}acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (83 %). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 547.5;

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 549.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.56 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Analysis calculated for C30H39F3N2O4.C7H17NO5: C, 59.74; H, 7.59; N, 5.65 %. Found: C, 59.54; H, 7.68; N, 5.53 %

Example 17: [benzyl(4-[14-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino]benzyl]amino]loxo)acetic acid
Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[(benzylamino)methyl]phenylcarbamate
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step a but using 4(aminomethyl)-1-N-Boc-aniline and benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a white solid
(61 %). M*(ESI): 313.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 2.89 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

z

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

.63-

Step b) Formation of ethyl (benzyl{4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step b but using tert-butyl 4-[(benzylamino)methyl]phenylcarbamate gave the title compound as a brown foam (89 %). M'(APCI): 411.0; M[†](APCI): 413.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.32 min (HPLC

purity: 98.1 %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl [(4-aminobenzyl)(benzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step c but using ethyl
(benzyl [4-[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title
compound as a brown oil (99.9 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 2.69 min (HPLC purity: 91.5

Step d) Formation of ethyl [benzyl(4-{[4-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)amino].

15 (oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step d but using 4-hexyloxy-benzoyl chloride and ethyl [(4-aminobenzyl)(benzyl)amino](oxo)acctate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (58 %). MT(ESI): 515.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.0 min (HPLC purity: 94.9 %).

Step e) Formation of [benzyl(4-{[4-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl]amino] (oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step e using ethyl [benzyl(4-{[4-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a white gum (99.9 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.25 (m, 7H), 7.02 (d, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 4.43 (m, 4H), 4.06 (t, 2H, J=6.4 Hz), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 3H). M

purity: 96.4 %). (LC/MS(ESI)): 487.4; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 489.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.42 min (HPLC

Example 18: oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(10-undecenoylamino) benzyl]amino}-

Step a) Formation of ethyl oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(undec-10-enoylamino)-

aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate and undec-10-enoyl chloride The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step d using ethyl {(4benzyl]amino}acetate

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (71 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.7 min (HPLC purity: 99 %).

amino}acetic acid Step b) Formation of oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(10-undecenoylamino)benzyl]

- 5 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.61-7.51 (m, 3H), 7.50-7.44 (t, 1H, J=9.0 Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), title compound as a colorless oil (89 %). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 10.2 (s, 1H), 8.03 oxo {[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(undec-10-enoylamino)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step e using ethyl 7.29 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 7.17 (d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 7.11 (d, 1H, J=7.7 Hz), 5.84-5.75 (m, 1H),
- 8 5.02-4.91 (m, 2H), 4.58-4.44 (m, 4H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.7 (br s, 2H), 1.29 (br s, (HPLC purity: 99.4 %). 10H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 516.9; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 519.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.7 min

Example 19: oxo { {4-[(9E)-9-tetradecenovlamino|benzyl} [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]

Z

5

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (81 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 588.0. HPLC aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate and tetradec-9-enoyl chloride The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step d using ethyl {(4methyl)benzyl]amino}acetate Step a) Formation of ethyl oxo $\{\{4-[(9E)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoro-$

(Condition A), Rt: 7.3 min (HPLC purity: 96.9 %).

Step b) Formation of $oxo\{\{4-[(9E)-9-tetradecenoylamino]benzyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradecenoylamino]benzyl\}$ benzyl] amino}acetic acid

- 5 559.7; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 561.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.72 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 gave the title compound as a colorless oil (94 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.58 $oxo\{\{4-[(9E)-tetradec.9-enoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\} acetate oxoballi and the statement of the state$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step e using ethyl 1.88 (m, 4H), 1.66-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.16 (m, 12H), 0.80 (t, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESJ)): 7.00 (m, 8H), 5.30-5.19 (m, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 2.26 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 1.98-
- 8 glucamine and $oxo\{4-[(9E)-9-tetradecenoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-(LC/MS(ESI)): 559.7; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 561.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.72 min (HPLC amino) acetic acid gave the title compound as a white fluffy powder (93.8 %). Mamino) acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino) glucitol) salt Example 20: oxo{{4-f(9E)-9-tetradecenoylaminolbenzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-
- z 5.56 %. Found: C, 60.19; H, 7.70; N, 5.36 %

purity: 98.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₃₉F₃N₂O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 60.38; H, 7.47; N,

- 66 -

Example 21: {benzyl[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl {benzyl[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 5, step d using ethyl [(4aminobenzyl)(benzyl)amino](oxo)acetate and tridecanoic acid gave the title compound as a
colorless oil (39 %). M(ESI): 507.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7 min (HPLC purity: 91.3
%).

Step b) Formation of $oxo(\{4-[(9E)-9-tetradecenoylamino]benzyl]\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl] amino)acetic acid$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15, step e using ethyl (benzyl[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino) (oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white gum (99%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) \(\delta\) 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.15 (m, 7H), 4.43 (m, 4H), 2.38 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.27 (m, 18H), 0.90 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 3H). M (ESI): 479.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.19 min (HPLC purity: 94.9%).

Example 22: {{4-[(2-hydroxydodecyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trif]uoromethyl)benzyl]

2

Step a) Formation of ethyl $\{\{4-\{(2-hydroxydodecyl)amino\}benzyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetate$

To a solution of ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate (38 mg, 0.10 mmol) and 1,2-dodecylene oxide (22 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 1.0 mL CH₃CN were added at once magnesium perchlorate (27 mg, 0.12 mmol) under inert atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred 24 at rt. 2 mL of H₂O were added and the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2x 5mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and the solvents were evaporated under vacuum to give a slightly yellow oil (61 mg).

25 evaporated under vacuum to give a sugarty form on (of me).

Purification on SiO₂ (AcOEt/c-Hex) gave the title compound as a colorless oil (15.3 mg, 27 %).

1 NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.61-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.05-6.88 (m, 2H), 6.61-6.47 (m, 2H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.38-4.17 (m, 4H), 4.14 (s, 1H), 3.17 (br s, 1H), 3.25-

PCT/EP03/00808

WO 03/064376

3.13 (m, 1H), 3.01-2.81 (m, 1H), 1.55-1.05 (m, 23H), 0.81 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 3H).

-67-

M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 565.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.96 min (HPLC purity: 94.8 %).

Step b) Formation of {{4-[(2-hydroxydodecyi)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e using ethyl {4- [(2-hydroxydodecyl)amino]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow solid (90 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.10 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 6.83 (m, 2H), 4.69 (b rs, 1H), 4.48 (br s, 2H), 4.38 (s, 1H), 3.72 (br s, 1H), 3.25-3.15 (m, 1H), 3.13-2.98 (m, 1H), 1.47 (br s, 2H), 1.26 (br s, 16H), 0.86 (br s, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 535.0; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 537.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.11 min (HPLC purity: 88.5 %).

Example 23: oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino]acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-hydroxydodecanimidamide

To a solution of undecyl cyanide (1.810 g, 9.98 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added a 50 % aqueous solution of hydroxylamine (1 mL) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 70°C for 48h. The solvents were evaporated and the resulting white solid was dissolved in

20 EtOAc (100 mL) and washed with H₂O (2x 20mL), dried over MgSO4, filtered and the solvents evaporated under vacuum to give the title compound as a white solid (2.001g, 94 %), ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 6.21-4.99 (br s, 1H), 4.49 (br s, 2 H), 2.07 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.55-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.09 (m, 16H), 0.81 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H)

25 Step b) Formation of benzyl 4-{{(tert-butoxycarbonyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

amino}methyl)benzoate

To a solution of benzyl 4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino} methyl)benzoate (3.60 g, 9.01 mmol) and triethylamine (1.094 g, 10.82 mmol) in DCM (50 mL) was added the di-

colorless oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to afford a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3, water (2x 20 mL) and brine (1x 20 mL). The (AcOEt/c-Hex 5/95) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (4.303 g, 96 %). H NMR combined organic layers were washed with with a 1 N aqueous solution of HCl (10 mL), a rt for 5 h. $\rm H_2O$ was added (10 mL) and the mixture extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.12 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.22 (m, 9H), tert-butyl dicarbonate (2.164 g, 9.91 mmol) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at

Step c) Formation of 4-{{(tert-butoxycarbonyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl}-

(HPLC purity: 99.7 %).

5.46 (s, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 1.56 (s, 9H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.55 min

:5 mL) for 15 min at rt. To this suspension was then added a solution of benzyl 4-{{(tertwas evaporated to afford the title compound as a colorless oil used in the next steps without at rt. The reaction mixture was filtered over a pad of celite to remove the catalyst. EtOH diluted in EtOH (5 mL). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under 1 atm H_2 for 4.5 h butoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoate (4.303 g, 8.61 mmol) H₂ (1 atm) was bubbled slowly trough a suspension of 10 % Pd/C (917 mg) in EtOH (25

7 7.62 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.45-7.21 (m, 4H), 5.54 (s, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H). HPLC further purification (3.520 g, 99 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.11 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H) (Condition A), Rt: 5.42 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).

Step d) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{[(dodecanimidoylamino)oxy]carbonyl}benzyl[4-

25 (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate benzoic acid (102 mg, 0.25 mmol), N-hydroxydodecanimidamide (70 mg, 0.33 mmol) and DMAP (3 mg, 0.03 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (15 mL) was added EDC (62 mg, 0.33 To a solution of 4-({(tert-butoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)-

- 69 -

(m, 4H), 4.88 (br s, 2H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 4.42(s, 2H), 2.36 (t, J=8.2 Hz, 2H), 1.75-1.59(m, silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 80/20) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (36 mg, 24 %). solvents gave an oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over mmol) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 14 h. Evaporation of the 5.42 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %) 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.45-1.16 (m, 16H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.01 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.40-7.20

Step e) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]carbamate

compound as a colorless oil (50 mg, 71 %). $^{\rm l}H$ NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.00 (d, J=8.1 purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 20/80) to give the title methyl)benzyl]carbamate in pyridine was stirred under inert atmosphere at 120°C for 4 h. A solution of tert-butyl 4-{[(dodecanimidoylamino)oxy]carbonyl}benzyl[4-(trifluoro-The resulting brown solution was evaporated (under high vacuum) and the resulting oil was

ᅜ J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.80-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 1.36-1.12 (m, 16H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H) Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.35-7.14 (m, 4H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 2.71 (t,

Step f) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

엉 yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

23 oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]carbamate (43 mg, 0.07 mmol) in DCM (3 mL) was added a solution To a cold (0°C) solution of tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4next steps without further purification (29 mg, 99 %). M'(APCI): 486.0; M⁺(APCI): 488.2 of HCl (4N in dioxane, 3 mL) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred 3h at 0°C, then HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.4 min (HPLC purity: 82 %). 14h at rt. Evaporation of the solvent gave the title compound as a white powder used in the

- 70-

Step g) Formation of ethyl oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

To a cold (0°C) solution of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride (45 mg, 0.09 mmol) and DIEA (24 mg, 0.19 mmol) in

- s anhydrous DCM (1 mL) was added dropwise the chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (24 mg, 0.19 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 3 h. Evaporation of the solvents under vacuum gave an orange oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/9) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (38 mg, 75%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.10 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H),
- 7.56 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.21 (m, 4H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 4.29 (dq, J1=7.1 Hz, J2=2.3 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (t, J=7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.05 (m, 19H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.5 min (HPLC purity: 88.8 %).
- Step h) Formation of oxo{[4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e using ethyloxo ([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]arnino) acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (89 %). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.10-

7.99 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.32 (d, J=8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 2.74 (t, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.04 (m, 16H), 0.81 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). M(APCI): 558.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.4 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %)

Example 24: {({5-1(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl]-

25 benzyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 2-(thien-2-ylmethyl)-1H-tsoindole-1,3(2H)-dione
A solution of thiophene-2-methylamine (4.203 g, 37.13 mmol) and of phtalic anhydride
(5.00 g, 33.76 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was stirred and heated at reflux for 3 h to remove

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 71 -

the formed water by azeotropic distillation (Dean-Stark). The solvent was then evaporated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in DCM (100 mL), washed with water (3x 30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford the title compound as a white solid (7.78 g, 95 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) \delta 7.84 (d, 1H. J=5.4 Hz), 7.83 (d, 1H. J=5.4 Hz), 7.60 (d, 1H J=5.4 Hz),

J=5.4 Hz), 7.69 (d, 1H, J=5.4 Hz), 7.68 (d, 1H, J=5.4 Hz), 7.20 (d, 0.5H, J=5.2 Hz), 7.19 (d
0.5H, J=5.2 Hz), 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.92 (d, 0.5H, J=5.1 Hz), 6.91 (d, 0.5H, J=5.1 Hz), 5.01 (s, 2H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.11 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).

Step b) Formation of 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl] thiophene-2-

o sulfonyl chloride

To a cold (-78°C) solution of 2-(thien-2-ylmethyl)-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione (6.78 g, 27.87 mmol) in DCM (56 mL) was added dropwise (in about 10 min) chlorosulfonic acid (16.237 g, 139.3 mmol, 9.33 mL, d: 1.74) diluted in DCM (9.3 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred 2 h at -78°C, then 1 h at -40°C and overnight at rt. The resulting brown solution was poured on ice. The mixture was extracted with DCM (3x 200 mL), and the

- s solution was poured on ice. The mixture was extracted with DCM (3x 200 mL), and the combined organic layers were washed with water (3x 200 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/4 to 1/3 to 1/2 in about 1 h) to give the title compound as a white solid (6.42 g, 67 %). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.89 (d, 1H.
- 20 J=5.5 Hz), 7.87 (d, 1H. J=5.5 Hz), 7.76 (d, 1H, J=5.5 Hz), 7.75 (d, 1H, J=5.5 Hz), 7.71 (d, 1H, J=4.0 Hz), 7.18 (d, 1H, J=4.0 Hz), 5.05 (s, 2H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.6 min (HPLC purity: 94.8 %).

Step c) Formation of 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-N-dodecylthio-

25 phene-2-sulfonamide

To a solution of 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yt)methyl]thiophene-2-sulfonyl chloride (2.00 g, 5.85 mmol), DIEA (1.134 g, 8.78 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) was added dodecyl amine (1.41 g, 7.61 mmol) at rt and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt. A

1 M aqueous solution of HCl (10 mL) was added and the aqueous layers were extracted with DCM (2x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/4 to 4/1 in about 0.5 h) to give the title compound as a white solid (2.10 g, 73 %). HNMR (CD₅OD, 300 MHz) & 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, 1H, J=3.7 Hz), 7.17 (d, 1H, J=3.7 Hz), 5.05 (s, 2H), 2.90 (t, 2H, J=6.9 Hz), 1.50-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.16 (m, 18H), 0.86 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 3H) M(LC/MS): 489.3; M[†](LC/MS): 491.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 95.9 %).

Step d) Deprotection of 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-N-dodecyl-thiophene-2-sulfonamide; formation of 5-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide

To a solution of 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophenes 2-sulfonamide (2.069 g, 4.22 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added hydrazine hydrate (0.614 mL, 633 mg, d: 1.030, 12.65 mmol). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at reflux for 3h and then cooled down to rt. The white precipitate was removed by filtration and the solvents were evaporated under vacuum. The residue was dissolved in DCM (20mL) and the precipitate removed by filtration. The collected solvents were concentrated to afford of a colorless oil which turns solid on standing (1.5 g, 99 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8

7.37 (m, 1H), 6.94 (m, 1H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 1.95-1.65 (m, 20H), 0.86 (t, J=7.6

Hz, 3H). M'(LCMS (ESI)): 359.2; M'(LCMS (ESI)): 361.2, HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.5

min (HPLC purity: 95 %)

Step e) Formation of N-dodecyl-5-{{[4-{trifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}methyl}thiophene-2sulfonamide

Z

To a solution of 5-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide (797 mg, 2.21 mmol) and 4-trifluoromethyl-benzaldehyde (350 mg, 2.01 mmol) in DCE (50 mL) was added at

once NaBH(OAc)3 (596 mg, 2.81 mmol) and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at rt. 30 mL of a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3 were added to the reaction mixture,

- 73 –

the aqueous layer was separated and washed with DCM (3x 200 mL). The combined

- organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to afford a yellowish oil.

 This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOE#c-Hex 1/4 to 1/2 in about 1h) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (675 mg, 64 %).
 NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, 0.7H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.88 (d, 1H, J=3.8 Hz), 4.00 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 2H), 3.02 (m, 2H), 1.85-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.5 (m, 2H), 1.22 (s, 18H), 0.87 (t, 3H, 6.6 Hz). M(LC/MS (ESI)): 517.2; M[†](LC/MS (ESI)): 519.2 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.27 min (HPLC purity: 97.2 %).
- Step f) Formation of ethyl {{{5-{(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)[4-{trifluoro-methyl)benzyl]amino}(0x0)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step b but using N-

- dodecyl-5-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)thiophene-2-sulfonamide gave the titte compound as a colorless oil (360 g, 45 %).
- ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.66 (t, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, 0.7H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.87 (d, 0.3H, J=3.8 Hz), 6.86 (d, 0.7H, J=3.8 Hz), 4.60 (m, 2H), 4.52 (m, 2H), 4.36 (m, 2H), 3.02 (m, 2H), 1.50 (m, 3H), 1.40-1.20 (m, 21H), 0.86 (t, 3H, 6.6 Hz)
- 20 MT(APCI): 617.2; M⁺(APCI): 619.2

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.1 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step g) Formation of {({S-{(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e but using ethyl {({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-acetate gave the title compound as a colorless foam (96 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.08 (m, 0.5H), 6.85 (m, 0.5H),

- 74 -

4.71 (m, 4H), 2.88 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.27 (m, 18H), 0.87 (t, J=8.1 Hz, 3H). M⁻ (LC/MS(ESI)): 589.1; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 591.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.58 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

s Example 25: {({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl} methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid_N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-Dglucamine and {({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl} methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (92 %). M
(LC/MS(ESI)): 589.1; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 591.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.58 min (HPLC
purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₇H₃₇F₃N₂O₅S₂.C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 51.96; H, 6.93; N,
5.35 %. Found: C, 51.54; H, 6.96; N, 5.26 %

Example 26: [44-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

2

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]-piperidine-1-carboxylate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step b, but starting from 4-(aminomethyl)-1-N-Boc-piperidine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (74)

%). ¹H NNIR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.36 (t, 1H, J=5.6 Hz), 7.76 (d, 2H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.37 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 3.90 (m, 2H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 3.22 (m, 2H), 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.33 (d, 2H, J=6.4 Hz), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.49 (m, 3H), 1.37 (s, 9H), 1.23 (br s, 18H), 1.02-0.80 (m, 5H) M(LC/MS(ESI)): 514.4; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 516.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.77 min (HPLC punity: 97.8 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{{{4-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} [ethoxy(oxo)-acetyl]amino}methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 75 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10, step c, but tert-butyl 4- [({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (97 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 614.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 616.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.86 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl](piperidin-4-ylmethyl)-amino](oxo)acetate hydrochloride

To a cold (0°C) solution of tert-butyl 4-({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl][ethoxy (oxo)acetyl]amino)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (3.84 g, 6.24 mmol) in DCM (25 mL) was added a 4 N solution of HCl in dioxane (31.1 mL) and the resulting reaction mixture was stireed 4 h at 0°C. Evaporation of the solvents gave a white amorphous solid (73 %).

1H NMR (DMDO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 9.03 (m, 0.5H), 8.70 (m, 0.5H), 8.50 (m, 1H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 4.56 (d, 2H, J=8.9 Hz), 4.40-4.20 (m, 2H), 3.35-3.10 (m, 7H), 2.80 (m, 7H),

5

514.4; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 516.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.68 min (HPLC purity: 99.4
 %).

2H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.15 (m, 21H), 0.86 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)):

Step d) Formation of ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)-sulfonyl] piperidin-4-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate

amino](oxo)acetate hydrochloride (900 mg, 1.63 mmol), DIAE (527 mg, 4.07 mmol) and DMAP (20 mg, 0.16 mmol) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) was added 4-methoxybenzene-sulfonyl chloride (404 mg, 1.96 mmol) dissolved in THF (2.0 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred 14 h at rt. The solvent was evaporated and the resulting residue was dissolved in DCM (100 mL), washed with water (20 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO4, filtered and evaporated under vaccum. The crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEyc-Hex 1/4 to 1/1 in about 1 h) to give the title compound as a white foam

(992 mg, 89 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.76 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.69 (d, 2H, J=9.2 Hz), 7.27 (t, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.07 (m, 2H), 6.12 (m, 1H), 4.60 (s, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.13 (d, 1H, J=6.8 Hz), 3.07 (d, 1H, J=7.0 Hz), 2.32-2.12 (m, 2H), 1.80 1.55 (m, 6H), 1.45-1.20 (m, 24H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=7.9 Hz). M(APCl): 684.4 HPLC

s (Condition A), Rt. 6.84 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %).

Step e) Fornation of [(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]([1-[(4-methoxyphenyl) sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e but using ethyl

[14-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]([1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl] piperidin-4-

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}({1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl] piperidin-4-yl}}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (94 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.38 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.32 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.08 (m, 2H), 4.60 (m, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.66 (m, 2H), 3.55 (m, 1H), 3.36 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 3.16 (m, 2H), 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 5H), 1.35-1.18 (m, 21H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=8.0 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 656.2; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 658.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.04 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Example 27: [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}({1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e., 1-deoxy-1-

Imethylamino)glucitol1 salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as white pellets (94.1 %), M(LC/MS(ESI)): 656.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 658.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.04 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₅H₅₁N₃O₇S.C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 59.13; H, 8.03; N, 6.57 %. Found: C, 58.73; H, 8.10; N, 6.57 %

-77 -

Example 28: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl] amino}-

oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of the resin-bound amines of formula (D) (See Scheme 5), e.g. the resin-

bound dodecylamine

The resin PS-MB-CHO HL (Argonaut Technologies Inc., 30 mg, 1.42 mmol/g, 0.0426

In the resin ro-MD-CAO mesh) was swelled in 1 % HAc in DCE/TMOF (80/20) (1.0 mL) for 15 min mmol, 100-200 mesh) was swelled in 1 % HAc in DCE/TMOF (80/20) (1.0 mL) for 15 min at rt. Dodecylamine (24 mg, 0.128 mmol) and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (27 mg, 0.128 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was shaken at rt for 14 h. The resin was washed successively with THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH

(3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the resin-bound dodecylamine which was used directly in the next step.

Step b) Formation of the resin-bound amides of formula (VIII-1) (See Scheme 5, Method K), e.g. resin-bound 4-chloromethyl-N-dodecyl-benzamide.

The resin-bound dodecylamine (described in step a, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in DCM (1.0 mL) for 15 min at rt. DIEA (28 mg, 0.213 mmol) and 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride (40 mg, 0.213 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was shaken at 0°C for 2h then 14 h at rt. The resin was washed successively with THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (3x 10 min), THE (3x 10 min), THE

THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the resin-bound 4-chloromethyl-N-dodecyl-benzamide which was used directly in the next step.

25 Step c) Formation of the resin-bound secondary amines of formula (III-1) (See Scheme 5), e.g. resin-bound N-dodecyl-4-([[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino)methyl)benzamide
The resin-bound 4-chloromethyl-N-dodecyl-benzamide (described in step b, 0.0426 mmol)
was swelled in NMP (0.25 mL) for 15 min at rt. DIEA (33 mg, 0.256 mmol), tetrabutyl-

- 78 –

ammonium iodide (94.4 mg, 0.256 mmol) and 1-naphthalen-1-yl-ethylamine (44 mg, 0.256 mmol) dissolved in NMP (0.75 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was shaken 14 h at 80°C. The resin was washed successively with THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the resin-bound N-dodecyl-4-({[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}-methyl)benzamide which was used directly in the next step.

Step d) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic ester of formula (1-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g. resin-bound ethyl {{4-[(dodecylantino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]antino} (oxo)acetate

The resin-bound N-dodecyl-4-({[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}methyl)benzamide (described in step c, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in DCM (1.0 mL) for 15 min at 0°C. DIEA (28 mg, 0.213 mmol) and chloro-oxo-acetic acid ethyl ester (29 mg, 0.213 mmol) were added and the reaction mixture was shaken 3 h at 0°C then 14 h at rt. The resin was washed successively with THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the resin-bound ethyl {4-[(dodecylannino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}-

₽

5

Step e) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g. resin-bound {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl] amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20

(oxo)acetate which was used directly in the next step

25 The resin-bound ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate (described in step d, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in THF (0.300 mL) for 15 min
at rt. Lithium hydroxide monohydrate (36 mg, 0.852 mmol) diluted in H₂O (0.060 mL) was
added and the resulting reaction mixture was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was washed

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 79 -

successively with THF (1x 15 min), H₂O (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the resin-bound {4-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-(1-naphthyl)-ethyl] amino}{0x0}acetic acid which was used directly in the next step.

Step f) Cleavage of the resin-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1); formation of the oxamic acid of formula (II) (See Scheme 1), e.g. {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl] amino}(oxo)acetic acid

acetic acid (described in step e, 0.0426 mmol) was poured in TFA/DCM 20/80 (2 mL) for 1 h at rt. The resin was filtered and the solvents were evaporated under vacuum to afford a colorless oil. The crude product was purified on a SPE column (Sorbent NH₂, Isolute[®] 1g, 9.71 mmol/g) as follows: the column was equilibrated with DCM (2x 10 mL) and the crude product (diluted in 1 mL DCM) was poured onto the column. The column was washed with DCM (2x 5 mL) then with dioxane (2x 5 mL) and the title compounds was finally eluted with a 2 N HCl in dioxane (2x 2 mL). Evaporation of the HCl-containing fractions under vacuum gave the title compound as a colorless oil (6.5 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 543.0; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 545.8. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.67 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Example 29: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)

amino](oxo)acetic acid

8

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-phenylglycine ethyl ester hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a white

25 powder (15 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.1; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.57 min (HPLC purity: 95.7 %).

- 80 -

Example 30: [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl) amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-amino-1-methoxypropane in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.7 mg). M

(LC/MS(ESI)): 461.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 463.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.9 min (HPLC purity: 98.1 %).

Example 31: (4-bromo [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl] anilino)(oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-

bromoaniline in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (2 mg). M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 548.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.44 min (HPLC purity: 90.5 %).

Example 32: ((4-[(dodecylamino)carbony]]benzyl}anilino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using aniline in step

c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.1 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 465.1;

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 467.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.1 min (HPLC purity: 91.9 %)

Example 33: ([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] [4-[[dodecylamino]carbonyl]benzyl] amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (5 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 527.1; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 530.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.66 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).

Example 34: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbony]benzyl}{2-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]
amino}{oxo}acetic acid

25

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (8.9 mg).

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

· 81 –

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.1; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.35 min (HPLC purity: 97.2 %).

Example 35: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{((d.l)-trans-2-phenylcyclopropyl]

amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using (d,1)-trans-2-phenylcyclopropylamine hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (5.5 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 505.3; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 507.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.42 min (HPLC purity: 80.0 %).

Example 36: ([(d,l)-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}
amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using (d,l)-2-benzyloxycyclopentylamine in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (12.3 mg). M

15 (LC/MS(ESI)): 563.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 565.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %).

Example 37: ({4-I(dodecylamino)carbonyllbenzyl}-4-phenoxyanilino)(oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-

phenoxyaniline in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (11.2 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 557.7; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 559.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 94.3 %).

2

Example 38: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl}

25 amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (11.6 mg).

- 82 --

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 519.0; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 521.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.62 min (HPLC purity: 81.1 %).

Example 39: ((1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl) (4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl amino)(oxo)-

acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-amino-1-benzylpiperidine in step c gave the title compound as a white powder (4.3 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 562.0; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 564.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.69 min (HPLC purity: 68.8 %).

5

Example 40: {(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl] amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (4 mg). M

(LC/MS(ESI)): 585.6; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 587.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.91 min (HPLC purity: 97.1 %).

Example 41: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-(2-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl] amino}{oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-phenoxyphenethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (4.7 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 584.9; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 586.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.93 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %).

25 Example 42: ((2-[1,1]-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.9 mg). M

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

. 83 L

(LCMS(ESI)): 569.1; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 571.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.92 min (HPLC purity: 96.5 %).

Example 43: ([[1,1'-biphenyll-3-ylmethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}-

amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 3-phenylbenzyl amine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (6.2 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 555.7; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 557.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.54 min (HPLC purity: 81 %).

5

Example 44: (3-(benzyloxy) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]anilino)(oxo)acetic acid The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 3- (benzyloxy)aniline in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (10.3 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 573.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.35 min (HPLC purity: 94.5 %).

Example 45: ([4-(benzoylamino)benzyl] [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}
amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-benzamidobenzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (1.8 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 598.8; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 600.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.93 min (HPLC purity: 55.1 %).

Example 46: N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-3-phenyl-beta-

25 alanıne

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using dl-3-amino-3-phenylpropionic acid in step c gave the title compound as a white powder (7.5 mg). M

PCT/EP03/00808

- 84 -

purity: 57.3 %). (LC/MS(ESI)): 537.7; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 539.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.57 min (HPLC

Example 47: { {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[4-(1,2,3-thiadiazol-4-yl)benzyl]-

amino) (oxo)acetic acid

Rt: 6.02 min (HPLC purity: 94.2 %). thiadiazol-4-yl)benzylamine hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a brown The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-(1,2,3powder (7.4 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 562.9; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 565.7. HPLC (Condition A),

5

Example 48: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-pentylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid (LC/MS(ESI)): 549.0; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 551.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.04 min (HPLC benzylamine hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a colorles oil (9.3 mg). M The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using 4-pentyl-

(LC/MS(ESI)): 493.1; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.11 min (HPLC methylbenzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a white powder (14.6 mg). M The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 but using d,1-D-Example 49: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1-phenylethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

8

Step a) Formation of the resin-bound amines of formula (D) (See Scheme 5), e.g. the resin-Example 50: (benzyl {3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

bound dodecylamine

25

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step a, gave the title

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 85 -

(1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the title compound which MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min) reaction mixture was was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was washed successively with NMP mL) and shaken for 15 min at rt. The solution was added to the resin and the resulting acid (64 mg, 0.170 mmol) and PyBOP® (89 mg, 0.170 mmol) were dissolved in NMP (0.75(0.25 mL) for 15 min at rt. DIEA (44 mg, 0.340 mmol), Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic The resin-bound dodecylamine (described in step a, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in NMP e.g. the resin-bound 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzylcarbamate Step b) Formation of the resin-bound protected amines of formula (VII-1) (See Scheme 5)

Scheme 5); e.g. formation the resin-bound 3-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide Step c) Fmoc-deprotection of the resin-bound protected amines of formula (VII-1) (See

was used directly in the next step

8 Ľ (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford DMF (4 mL, 1x 5min, then again 2x 15 min with a fresh solution of piperidine in DMF). The resin-bound 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzylcarbamate the title compound which was used directly in the next step 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM The resin was washed successively with DMF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x (described in step b, 0.0426 mmol) was treated with a 20 % solution (v/v) of piperidine in

Method L), e.g. resin-bound 3-[(benzylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylbenzamide Step d) Formation of the resin-bound secondary amines of formula (III-1) (See Scheme 5,

25 mmol) was added and the mixture was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was washed with 10 %The resin-bound 3-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide (described in step c, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in THF/TMOF 80/20 (1.0 mL) for 15 min at rt. Benzaldehyde (45 mg, 0.426 TMOF in anhydrous THF (2x 15 min, then 2x 60 min), then with anhydrous THF (1x 30

- 86 -

min). The resin was then poured in anhydrous THF (1.0 mL) and sodium triacetoxyborohydride (27 mg, 0.128 mmol) was added and the mixture was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was washed successively with THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step e) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic ester of formula (I-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g resin-bound ethyl (benzyl{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amtno)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step d, but using the resin-bound 3-[(benzylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylbenzamide (described in step d, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step f) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g. resin-bound (benzyl{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step e, but using the resin-bound ethyl (benzyl{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate (described in step e, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step g) Cleavage of the resin-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1); formation of the oxamic acid of formula (I) (See Scheme 1), e.g. (benzyl{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}amino)-(oxo)acetic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step f, but using the resin-bound (benzyl{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid (described in step f, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound as a yellow oil (15.5 mg). HNMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.70-7.08 (m, 9H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 3.34-3.20 (m, 2H),

7

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 87 –

1.61-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.10 (m, 18H), 0.80 (t, J=8.6 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 479.4; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 481.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.28 min (HPLC purity: 80.3 %).

Example 51: {{3-[(dodecylamino)carbony]]benzyl}[4-(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-(methylsulfonyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (16.2 mg). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 8.00-7.25 (m, 8H), 4.61-4.46 (m, 4H), 3.32-3.23 (m, 2H), 3.01 (s, 3H), 1.60-1.45 (m, 2H),

10 1.36-1.12 (m, 18H), 0.80 (t, J=8.7 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 557.0; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 559.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.71 min (HPLC purity: 86.5 %).

Example 52: ((3-cyanobenzyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)[oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in
step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d

2

gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 506.6

Example 53: {{3-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl|benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl|amino}:
[0x0]acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 548.9

Example 54: [(4-chlorobenzyl)(3-[[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)-amino](oxo)-

25 acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 507.7

PCT/EP03/00808

. 88 1

Example 55: oxo [[4-([[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]amino]carbonyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)-

benzyllamino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using thiophene-2-

ethylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 491.6

Example 56: {benzyl[(3'-{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

10 Step a) Formation of tert-Butyl-3-bromo benzoate

To a mixture of 3-bromo benzoic acid (100g, 0.5 mol), silver carbonate (276g, 1mol) and dry molecular sieves (100 g) taken in dry CH₂Cl₂ (2 L), tert-butylbromide (115mL, 1mol) was added dropwise at 0°C and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at RT. The solid was filtered and washed with dichloromethane. Organic layer was washed with 10 %

aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (2x 500mL), water(2x 500 mL), brine and dried. The solvent was removed under vacuum to give *tert*-butyl-3-bromobenzoate (70g, 57 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl-3-(4-tolyl) bromobenzoate

To a mixture of *tert*-butyl-3-bromobenzoate (65 g, 0.25 mol), 4-tolyl boronic acid (41.3 g, 0.30 mol) and sodium carbonate (150g) in a mixture of toluene (500ml) and water (50

20

20

0.30 mol) and sodium carbonate (150g) in a mixture of toluene (500mL) and water (50 mL), tetrakis-triphenylphosphine palladium(0) (14.5 g, 0.05 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was refluxed overnight. Cooled to RT, toluene layer was separated. The organic layer was washed with water, brine, dried. The solvent was removed under vacuum to give *terr*-butyl-3-(4-tolyl)benzoate (62 g, 90 %).

Step c) Formation of 4-(3-tert-butoxy carbonyl phenyl) benzyl bromide

To a solution of tert-Butyl-3-(4-tolyl) benzoate (60 g, 0.22 mol) in CCL (800 mL) were

added NBS (47.8 g, 0.268 mol) and benzoylperoxide (10 g) and the reaction mixture was

23

1808

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

refluxed overnight. Cooled to RT and filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to give 4-(3-tert-butoxy carbonyl phenyl) benzyl bromide (65 g, 84 %).

- 89

Step d) Formation of 4-(3-Carboxyphenyl)benzylamine hydrochloride

Ammonia gas was passed through a cooled solution of 4-(3-tert-butoxycarbonylphenyl) benzyl bromide (65 g, 0.18 mol) in methanol (2 L) for 6h. Then the reaction mixture was stirred at RT overnight. Methanol was removed under vacuum. To the residue 6N aqueous solution of HCl (200 mL) was added and stirred overnight. Concentrated completely to get 4-(3-carboxyphenyl) benzylamine as a hydrochloride salt (20 g, 41 %).

Step e) Formation of N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine

A solution of 4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine hydrochloride (20 g, 0.075 mol) in 10 % Na₂CO₃ (350 mL) and dioxane (100 mL) was cooled to 0°C with stirring. A solution of Fmoc-OSu (30.7 g, 0.091 mol) in dioxane (100 mL) was added in one portion and the reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3h. Acidified with 1.5 N aqueous solution of HCl and extracted with EtOAc (3x 400 mL). The organic layer was washed with water (3x 500 mL), brine dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated, purification by column chromatography using dichloromethane/methanol (9:1) to give N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (16 g). This was further purified by recrystallization from THF/ PetEther gave the title pure product (8 g).

ä

Step f) Formation of {benzylf(3'-{f(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino}carbonyl}{1,1'-biphenyl}-4-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2,2-diphenyl-

ethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

ĸ

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 569.5

- 90 -

Example 57: {(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2,2-diphenylethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 594.4

Example 58: {(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4: yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2,2-diphenylethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 605.3

5

Example 59: {[(3'-{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyll[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2,2-diphenylethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 637.4

Example 60: ((3-cyanobenzyl){[3'-{{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl]ethyl]amino}carbonyl)[1,1'-

20

biphenyl]-4-yl]methyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 610.4

25 Example 61: oxo{{[3'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)[1.1'-biphenyl]-4-y]]methyl){[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 91 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxy-phenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 653.4

Example 62: [(3-cyanobenzyl)({3'-[(octylamino)carbonyl][1.1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)-amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using octylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 526.4

Example 63: [(4-chlorobenzyl)(3'-[(octylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)-amino](oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using octylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in

step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 537.4

Example 64; {{3'-[(octylamino)carbony]][1.1'-biphenyl]-4-y}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using octylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)-

benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 569.4

Example 65; {(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-{[(3-phenylpropy])amino|carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 3-phenylpropylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenz-aldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 532.4

yl | methyl | amino | (oxo) acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in

step d gave the title compound. M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 582.5

Example 67: [(4-chlorobenzyl)({3'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 592.5

Example 68: {((3'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-y}methyl)[4-(trifluoro-methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4- (trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 625.5

Example 69: {benzyi[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}{1.1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyll-

20

amino1(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 549.5

Example 70: {(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

23

- 93 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 574.5

Example 71: {(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}{1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 584.3

Example 72: oxo{[[3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]cartonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-n-pentylbenzylamine hydrochloride in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)):

Example 73: oxo{[(3-{[(4-phenylbutyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl][4-[trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenylbutylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 589.5

Example 74; {(3-cyanobenzyl)}[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-

25 yl)methyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(2,4,6-trimethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 3-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 560.5

-94-

yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 75: {(4-chlorobenzyl)](3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)aminolcarbonyl}][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-

trimethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 570.4 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(2,4,6-

Example 76: {[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5 trimethyl-phenyl)-ethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(2,4,6and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. $M^{\dagger}(LC/MS(ESI))$:

ᇙ Example 77: ((4-chlorobenzyl){[3'-{\[]2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)[1.1'biphenyl]-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

methoxyphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(3-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 558.3 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

Example 78: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-methoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

20

step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and p-anisaldehyde in step d gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

511.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.19 min (HPLC purity: 80.2 %). title compound as a yellow oil (20.2 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 509.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)):

25

- 95

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

Example 79: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid

in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (21.7 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 557.2; step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-(methylsulfonyl)benzaldehyde The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 559.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.71 min (HPLC purity: 92.3 %).

Example 80: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-methoxybenzyl)aminol(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and p-anisaldehyde in step d gave the 511.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.22 min (HPLC purity: 76.1 %). tile compound as a yellow oil (18.3 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 509.4; M*(LC/MS(ESI)):

5

5 Example 81: {{3-f(dodecy|amino)carbonyl|benzyl}{3-ftrifluoromethyl|benzyl|amino}-

in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (19.4 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 547.2; step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

8 M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 549.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.58 min (HPLC purity: 91 %).

Example 82: (14-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]-

methyl amino) (oxo) acetic acid

step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine-3-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

25 carboxaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (33 mg). (HPLC purity: 83.5 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 548.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 550.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.03 min

-96-

Example 83: 4-{((carboxycarbonyl){3-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-methyll-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and methyl 4-formylbenzoate in step d gave the title compound as a white solid (33 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.8;

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.45 min (HPLC purity: 92.6 %).

Example 84: ({3-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]-benzyl}-

amino)(oxo)acetic acid

ಕ

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-nitrobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as an orange oil (28 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 524.2; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 526.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.14 min (HPLC purity: 64.5 %).

Example 85: [43-[(dodecylamino)carbonyllbenzyl](2-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-fluorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow solid (26 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 497.3; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 499.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.19 min (HPLC purity: 78 %).

Example 86: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-pyridinylmethyl)amino][oxo)acetic

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a brown oil (29 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.3; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 482.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.67 min (HPLC purity: 89 %).

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

Example 87: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

-97-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in

step d gave the title compound as an orange oil (24 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 485.2; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 487.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.13 min (HPLC purity: 64 %).

Example 88: [(3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-hydroxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

10 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as an orange oil (29 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.3;

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 497.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.55 min (HPLC purity: 81.1 %).

15 Example 89: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-phenoxybenzyl}amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (30 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 571.5;

M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 573.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 77.3 %)

20

Example 90: ({3-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[6-{trifluoromethyl}-3-pyridinyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (32 mg).

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 550.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.19 min (HPLC purity: 79.8 %).

- 98 -

Example 91; 3-[((carboxycarbonyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]benzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-carboxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (33 mg). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 525.3

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.53 min (HPLC purity: 76%).

Example 92: 5-[((carboxycarbonyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyll-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 5-formyl-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (31 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 529.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 531.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.32 min (HPLC purity: 54 %).

Example 93: ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {4-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-nitrobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a brown oil (28 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 524.2;

20 M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 526.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6 min (HPLC purity: 58.5 %)

Example 94: ((1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and piperonal in step d gave the title compound as an orange oil (27 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 526.4 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.08 min (HPLC purity: 59.8 %).

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

Example 95: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-fluorobenzyl}amino](oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in
step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-fluorobenzaldehyde in step d

-99-

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 499.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.2 min (HPLC purity: 79.1 %)

gave the title compound as a yellow solid (30 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 497.3;

Example 96: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-phenoxybenzyl]amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (28 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 571.2;

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 573.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.67 min (HPLC purity: 64.5 %).

Example 97: 4-[((carboxycarbonyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-methyll-

ᅜ

benzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and methyl 4-formylbenzoate in step d gave the title compound as a white solid (28 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.2;

M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 525.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.49 min (HPLC purity: 62.9 %).

Example 98: 5-[((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 5-formyl-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (28 mg).M(LCMS(ESI)):

529.2; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 531.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.37 min (HPLC purity: 58 %)

23

Example 99: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbony]|benzyl}{2-thienylmethyl}amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a colorless oil (6.8 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 487.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.11 min (HPLC purity: 97.6 %).

Example 100: [{4-f(dodecylamino)carbonyllbenzyl}{sisopropyl)aminol(oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in
step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and isopropylamine in step d gave the title
compound as a pale yellow oil (21 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 431.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 433.3
HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.12 min (HPLC purity: 85.5 %).

5

Example 101: ((3.5-dichlorobenzyl) [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3,5-dichlorobenzylamine in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (24 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 547.2;

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 551.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.61 min (HPLC purity: 82 %).

Example 102: [(3.5-dichlorobenzyl)(4-{((3,3-diphenylpropyl)aminolcarbonyl}-benzyl)aminol(oxo)acetic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 3,3-diphenylpropylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3,5-dichlorobenzylamine in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (22 mg). M

(LCMS(ESI)): 573.0; M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 575.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.13 min (HPLC

25

- 101 -

Example 103: [(4-{[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(3.5-dichlorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3,5-

dichlorobenzylamine in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (21 mg). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 559.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.06 min (HPLC purity: 79.7 %).

Example 104: [(1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl)(4-{[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)aminol-carbonyl}benzyl]aminol(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)-ethylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and piperonylamine in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (23 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 537.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.46 min (HPLC purity: 79.1 %).

15 Example 105: (2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-vl{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 1-aminoindane in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (23 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 505.2; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 507.7

20 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.28 min (HPLC purity: 67.9 %).

Example 106: {2.3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl[4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}: carbonyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxy-

25 phenethylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 1-aminoindane in step d gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (21 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 533.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 535.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.67 min (HPLC purity: 67.3 %).

- 102 -

<u>Example 107: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbony]|benzy]}{4-pyridinylmethyl]amino](oxo)acetic</u> acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step

d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white solid (5 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.3; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 482.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.35 min (HPLC purity: 93.7

Example 108: ([4-(dimethylamino)benzyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-dimethylaminobenzaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography

(Condition C) affording the title compound as a brown oil (2 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 522.3; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 524.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.57 min (HPLC purity: 80.5 %).

Example 109: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white solid (6 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.3; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 482.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.41 min (HPLC purity: 86.8 %).

Example 110; ((4-cyanobenzyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 103 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a yellow oil (6 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 504.4; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 506.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.85 min (HPLC purity: 87.3 %).

Example 111: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)-acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-formylthiazole in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a yellow oil (4 mg). M(APCI): 486.2; M[†](APCI): 488.2 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.48 min (HPLC purity: 85.4 %).

5

15 Example 112: ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{[2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-morpholino-1,3-thiazole-5-carbaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC

chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as an orange oil (5 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 571.3; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 573.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.62 min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %).

Example 113: [{3-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

25

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography

- 104 -

(Condition C) affording the title compound as an orange oil (5 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.5; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 482.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.34 min (HPLC purity: 89.7%).

Example 114: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-pyridinylmethyl)aminol(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography

(Condition C) affording the title compound as a yellow oil (7 mg). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 480.4; M'(LCMS(ESI)): 482.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.36 min (HPLC purity: 89.7 %).

Example 115: [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-hydroxybenzyl]amino](oxo)acetic acid

step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-hydroxybenzaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a yellow oil (4 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.4; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 497.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.58 min (HPLC purity: 82.5 %).

Example 116: ((4-cyanobenzyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-cyanobenzaldehyde in step d

gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as an orange oil (5 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 504.3; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 506.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.86 min (HPLC purity: 97.5 oc)

25

- 105 -

Example 117: [{3-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyl)amino]-[oxo]acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-formylthiazole in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a red oil (4 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 486; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 488.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.49 min (HPLC purity: 68.3 %).

10 Example 118: ({3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Frnoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-morpholino-1,3-thiazole-5-carbaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC

chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as an orange oil (4 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 571.4; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 573.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.59 min (HPLC purity: 96.3 %).

Example 119: ((1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-

(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(3-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and piperonal in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white solid (6.3 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.3;

25 M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.07 min (HPLC purity: 97.4 %).

Example 120: [{4-I(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- 106 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white powder (2.4 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 487.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.9 min (HPLC purity: 90.4 %).

Example 121: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-pyridinylmethyl)amino}(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 2-pyridinecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white powder (5.0 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.5; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 482.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.66 min (HPLC purity: 96.3

Example 122: [(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl](3-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

2

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-thiophenecarboxaldehyde in step d gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white powder (2.6 mg). MTLC/MS(ESI): 487.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.9 min (HPLC purity: 95 %).

20

25 Example 123: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(4-hydroxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 4-hydroxybenzaldehyde in step d

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 107 -

gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a white powder (3.3 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.4; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 497.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.47 min (HPLC purity: 95.3 %).

Example 124: 3-[((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-methyllbenzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, Fmoc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid in step b and 3-carboxybenzaldehyde in step d

gave a crude product which was purified by reverse phase HPLC chromatography (Condition C) affording the title compound as a colorless oil (5.7 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.2; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 95.5

15 Example 125: [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic

Step a) Formation of the resin-bound amines of formula (D) (See Scheme 5), e.g. the resinbound dodecylamine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step a, gave the title

20 compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step b) Formation of the resin-bound protected amines of formula (VII-1) (See Scheme 5, Method L), e.g. the resin-bound 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-N-dodecyl-thiophene-2-sulfonamide

The resin-bound dodecylamine (described in step a, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in DCM (1.0 mL) for 15 min at rt. DIBA (33 mg, 0.256 mmol) and 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2Hisoindol-2-yl)methyl]thiophene-2-sulfonyl chloride (44 mg, 0.128 mmol) were added and the resulting reaction mixture was was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was washed

PCT/EP03/00808

successively with NMP (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step c) Phtalimide-deprotection of the resin-bound protected amines of formula (VII-1) (See Scheme 5); e.g. formation of the resin-bound 5-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide

The resin-bound 5-[(1,3-dioxo-1,3-dihydro-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide (described in step b, 0.0426 mmol) was treated with a 60 % solution (v/v) hydrazine monohydrate in DMF (1.15 mL) and shaken 14 h at rt.The resin was washed successively with DMF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the title compound

5

Step d) Formation of the resin-bound secondary amines of formula (III-1) (See Scheme S, Method L), e.g. the resin-bound S-[(benzylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide

2

which was used directly in the next step

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50, step d, using benzaldehyde and the resin-bound 5-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide (described in step c, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.
- 2s Step e) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic ester of formula (I-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g. resin-bound ethyl [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino]-(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step d, but using the resin-bound 5-[(benzylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide (described in step d, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

- Step f) Formation of the resin-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1) (See Scheme 1), e.g. resin-bound [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step e, but using the resin-bound ethyl [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)-acetate (described in step e, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.
- Step g) Cleavage of the restn-bound oxamic acid of formula (I-1); formation of the oxamic acid of formula (I) (See Scheme 1), e.g. [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl)-methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step f, but using the resin-bound [benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid (described in step f, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound as a white gum (20 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 521.2; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 523.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.17 min (HPLC purity: 86.2 %).
- Example 126: [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)aminol (oxo)acetic acid

8

- Step a) Formation of the resin-bound 5-[(cyclopentylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide
- The resin-bound 5-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide (Example 125, step c, 0.23 mmol) was swelled in a 1 % HAc in DMF mixture for 15 min at π.

 Cyclopentanone (97 mg, 1.15 mmol) and sodium cyanoborohydride (144 mg, 2.3 mmol) were then added and the reaction mixture shaken 14 h at π. The resin was washed

-110-

successively with DMF (1x 15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH (3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to afford the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step b) Formation of the resin-bound ethyl [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino] (oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step d but using resinbound 5-[(cyclopentylamino)methyl]-N-dodecylthiophene-2-sulfonamide gave the title

10 compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step c) Cleavage of the resin bound ethyl [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate: formation of the ethyl [cyclopentyl({5[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step f but using resinbound ethyl [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave a yellow oil. This crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel to give the title compound (11 mg, 10 %). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 527.2; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 529.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.94 min (HPLC)

Step d) Formation of [cyclopentyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid

8

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step e but using ethyl [cyclopentyl((5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]thien-2-yl]methyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless foam (96 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) δ 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.30 (m, 1H), 2.76 (t, 2H, J=7.3Hz), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.41 (m

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

-111-

8H), 1.29 (m, 19H), 0.91 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 499.2; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 501.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.09 min (HPLC purity: 78.7 %).

Example 127: (({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyll-2-thienyl}methyl){3-[hydroxy(oxido)-

amino]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in step a and 3-nitrobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as an orange oil (29 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 568.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.23 min (HPLC purity: 61.7 %).

10

Example 128: [({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(4-methoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in step a and p-anisaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (27 mg). M

15 (LC/MS(ESI)): 551.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 553.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.26 min (HPLC purity: 73.3 %).

Example 129: [(45-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(2-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in step a and 2-fluorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow solid (28 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 539.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 541.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.33 min (HPLC purity: 70 %).

8

25 Example 130: {{(5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)[4-{methylsulfonyl}-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in step a and 4-(methylsulfonyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow

PCT/EP03/00808

- 112-

5.81 min (HPLC purity: 69.4 %). oil (36 mg). M(LCMS(ESI)): 599.2; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 601.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt

(oxo)acetic acid Example 131: [({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]-

step a and 4-phenoxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (33 (HPLC purity: 68.5 %). mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 613.2; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 615.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.78 mir The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in

amino]methyl}benzoic acid Example 132: 4-{[(carboxycarbonyl)({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)-

step a and methyl 4-formylbenzoate in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine

mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 565.3; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 567.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Example 133: (([5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl){[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3pyridinyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

(Condition A), Rt: 6.25 min (HPLC purity: 61.7 %) as an orange oil (30 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 590.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 592.2. HPLC step a and 6-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine-3-carboxaldehyde in step d gave the title compound The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in

8

23 Example 134: {({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl amino (oxo) acetic acid

step a and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

6.43 min (HPLC purity: 81.5 %) oil (19 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 589.3; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 591.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt.

- 113 -

(oxo)acetic acid Example 135: [(3-chlorobenzyl)({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino]-

purity: 81.9 %) M(LC/MS(ESI)): 556; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 558. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.32 min (HPLC step a and 3-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (21 mg) The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using dodecylamine in

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 136: {[(5-{[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]sulfonyl}-2-thienyl)methyl][3-(trifluoro-

propylamine in step a and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using 3,3-diphenyl-

compound as a yellow oil (17 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 615.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 617.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.12 min (HPLC purity: 75.7 %).

methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 137: {(3-chlorobenzyl){(5-{[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)aminolsulfonyl}-2-thienyl}-

20 propylamine in step a and 3-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using 3,3-diphenyl-A), Rt: 5.01 min (HPLC purity: 72.1 %). yellow oil (15 mg). M(LCMS(ESI)): 582.5; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 585.1. HPLC (Condition

25 Example 138: oxo{{[5-{{[2-{4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}sulfonyl}-2-thienyl]methyl}[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

phenoxyphenethylamine in step a and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using 4

- 114 -

title compound as a yellow oil (22 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 617.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 619.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.15 min (HPLC purity: 77.1 %).

Example 139: ((3-chlorobenzyl) {[5-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino} sulfonyl)-2-

thienyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using 4-phenoxy-phenethylamine in step a and 3-chlorobenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound as a yellow oil (20 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 584; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 586. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.0 min (HPLC purity: 79 %).

Example 140: {((5-{((2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]sulfonyl}-2-thienyl)methyl][3-(thif]uoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 125 using 2-(4-biphenyl)-ethylamine in step a and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound of a complex of 170 me. Man Canally 170 me.

as a yellow oil (20 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 601.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 603.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.13 min (HPLC purity: 71.4 %).

Example 141: (({1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[([4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl]amino)methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step a but using 4-

(aminomethyl)-1-Boc-piperidine gave the title compound as a white solid (8.045 g, 63 %).

1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.02 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.45-7.30 (m, 7H), 5.35 (s, 2H), 4.10

25 (m, 2H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 2.67 (t, 2H, J=12.3 Hz), 2.48 (d, 2H, J=6.5 Hz), 1.70 (d, 2H, J=13.4 Hz), 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.16-1.02 (m, 2H). M⁺(LC/MS (ESI)): 439.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.66 min (HPLC purity: 91.9 %).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{{{4-{(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl}{ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]-

-115-

amino)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step b but using tertbutyl 4-[(4-[(benzyloxy)carbony]]benzyl}amino)methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a yellow foam (8.50 g, 87 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.29 (m, 7H), 5.35 (br s, 2H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.39-4.25 (m, 2H), 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.08 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 2.61 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.65 (m, 1H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.36 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.20-1.02 (m, 2H). M (LCMS (ESI)): 537.8; M (LCMS (ESI)): 539.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.68 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).

Step c) Deprotection of tert-butyl 4-([(4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl]-[ethoxy(oxo)-acetyl]amino)methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate; formation of 4-([([1-(tert-butoxy-carbonyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl][ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]-amino)methyl)benzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1, step c but using tert-butyl 4-([4-[(benzyloxy)carbonyl]benzyl][ethoxy(oxo)acetyl] amino) methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound as a white foam (6.80 g, 96 %). HNMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) 8 8.10 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.40-4.20 (m, 2H), 4.09 (m, 2H), 3.40-3.10 (m, 2H), 3.62 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.68 (m, 1H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.30-1.00 (m, 5H). M(APCI): 447.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.31 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).

Step d) Formation of 4-{[[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl](piperidin-4-ylmethyl)amino]methyl) benzoic

To a solution of 4-({[[1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)piperidin-4-y1]methyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]25 amino}methyl)benzoic acid (5.80 g, 12.93 mmol) in DCM (150 mL) was added TFA (9.90
mL) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 3 h, evaporated under vacuum to
give the title compound as a pink oil (7.93 g, 99.9 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ
8.7 (m, 1H), 8.39 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, 1H, 1=8.3 Hz), 7.94 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.39 (d, 1H,

(q, 1.1H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.33-3.22 (m, 2H), 3.18 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 3.10 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.90-2.69 (m, 2H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.16 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 1.87 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %). J=8.3 Hz), 7.37 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.33 (q, 0.9H, J=7.2 Hz), 4.23

piperidin-4-yl}methyl)amino]methyl}benzoic acid Step e) Formation of 4-{[[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]({1-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl] To a solution of 4- {[[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl](piperidin-4-ylmethyl)amino]methyl}benzoic acid

(7.650g, 16.54 mmol) in dioxane/H₂O (1/1) (120 mL) was added Fmoc-OSu (6.697 g,

title compound as a white powder (3.755 g, 40 %). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.1 (m, in DCM (120 mL) was washed with a 1 N aqueous solution until pH 1, dried over MgSO4, 19.85 mmol) and a 1 M aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (10 mL). The resulting reaction by column chromatography over silica gel (AcOEt/c-Hex 1/4 to 1/1 in about 1h) to give the filtered and the solvents were evaporated under vacuum. This crude product was purified mixture was stirred for 1,25 h, then concentrated under vacuum. The oily residue dissolved

4.70 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 4.45-4.07 (m, 7H), 3.0 (m, 2H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 1.7-1.5 (m, 1H), 2H), 7.75 (d, 2H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.55 (d, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.29 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), (ESI)): 569.4; M'(LC/MS (ESI)): 571.8. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.83 min (HPLC purity 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.38 (t, 1H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.31-1.21 (m, 3H), 1.0-0.8 (m, 2H). M (LC/MS

compound which was used directly in the next step The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step a, gave the title Step f) Formation of the resin-bound dodecylamine

carbonyl]benzyl][ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate Step g) Formation of the resin-bound 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 4-({[4-[(dodecylamino)- 23

amino]methyl}benzoic acid and the resin-bound dodecylamine gave the title compound. The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50, step b using 4-{[[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]({1-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}methyl)-

Step h) Formation of the resin-bound ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(piperidin -4-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetate

bound 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 4-({{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[ethoxy(oxo)-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50, step c using the resin-

5 acetyl Jamino } methyl) piperidine-1-carboxylate gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

yl}methyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate Step i) Formation of the resin bound ethyl (({1-{(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]piperidin-4-

(3x 10 min), DMF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), THF (3x 10 min), MeOH (1x 5 min), washed successively with THF (1x.15 min), MeOH (1x 15 min), THF (1x 15 min), MeOH rt. Cyclohexyl isocyanate (18 mg, 0.143 mmol) dissolved in THF (0.9 mL) and TEA (29 (oxo)acetate (described in step h, 0.0426 mmol) was swelled in THF (0.5 mL) for 15 min at The resin-bound ethyl [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} (piperidin-4-ylmethyl)amino]mg, 0.282 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was shaken 14 h at rt. The resin was

Step j) Formation of the resin-bound (({1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-4-piperidinyl}-

afford the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

DCM (3x 10 min) and with Et₂O (1x 10 min). The resin was then dried under vacuum to

25 methyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

resin-bound ethyl (({1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]piperidin-4-yl}methyl){4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step e, but using the

- 118 -

[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate (described in step i, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound which was used directly in the next step.

Step k) Formation of the $(\{I-\{(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl\}-4-piperidinyl\}methyl)\{4-$

- [(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28, step f, but using the resin-bound (({1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid (described in step j, 0.0426 mmol) gave the title compound as a white solid (23 mg). M'(ESI): 611.4; M'(ESI): 613.4. HPLC
- 10 (Condition A), Rt: 5.9 min (HPLC purity: 93.1 %).

Example 142: ([(1-{[4-(dimethylamino)anilino|carbonyl}-4-piperidinyl)methyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using dodecylamine in step f and 4-(dimethylamino)phenyl isocyanate in step i gave the title compound as a brown oil (17 mg). M'(ESI): 648.2; M[†](ESI): 650.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.49 min (HPLC

Example 143: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl][(1-hexanoyl-4-piperidinyl)-

- methyllaminol(oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using dodecylamine in step f and hexanoyl chloride in step i gave the title compound as a yellow oil (17 mg). M (ESI): 584.4; M[†](ESI): 586.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.06 min (HPLC purity: 83.3 %).
- 25 <u>Example 144: ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{[1-(3-iodobenzoyl)-4-piperidinyl]-methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid</u>

-119-

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using dodecylamine in step f and 3-iodobenzoyl chloride in step i gave the title compound as a brown solid (14 mg). M'(ESI): 716.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.12 min (HPLC purity: 90.8 %).

Example 145: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}}[(1-{(2E)-3-[3-[trifluoromethyl]-phenyl]-2-propenoyl}-4-piperidinyl]methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using dodecylamine in step f and trans-3-(trifluoromethyl)cimamoyl chloride in step i gave the title compound as a white foam (19 mg). M'(ESI): 684.2; M'(ESI): 686.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.28 min (HPLC purity: 95 %).

Example 146: ((4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{[1-(2-quinoxalinylcarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using dodecylamine in step f and 2-quinoxaloyl chloride in step i gave the title compound as a brown oil (18 mg). M(ESI): 642.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.74 min (HPLC purity: 88.1 %).

5

Example 147; [({1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl)(4-{[(4-phenoxybenzyl)aminolcarbonyl)benzyl)aminolcarbonyl)benzyl)aminolcarbonyl

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using 4-phenoxybenzylamine in step f and 4-methoxybenzenesulfonyl chloride in step i gave the title compound as a brown foam (33 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 670.8; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 672.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.67 min (HPLC purity: 92.6 %).

20

25 Example 148; [{[1-(3-iodobenzoyl)-4-piperidinyl|methyl]{4-{[[4-phenoxybenzyl]amino]carbonyl}benzyl]amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using 4phenoxybenzyl-amine in step f and 3-iodobenzoyl chloride in step i gave the title

PCT/EP03/00808

- 121 -

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.68 min (HPLC purity: 90.9 %). compound as a brown oil (35 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 730.7; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 732.4

phenoxybenzylamine in step f and trans-3-(trifluoromethyl)cinnamoyl chloride in step i M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 700.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.95 min (HPLC purity: 89.3 %) gave the title compound as a brown foam (33 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 698; (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-propenoyl)-4-piperidinyl)methyl]amino)acetic acid Example 149: oxo {(4-{[(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[(1-{(2E)-3-[3-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 141 using

Step a) Preparation of N-dodecyl-4-nitrobenzamide amino)(oxo)acetic acid Example 150: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}{2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-

min, then 1.5 h at rt. The solvents were evaporated and the residue dissolved in boiling (12.650 g, 68.25 mmol in 50 mL of DCM). The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C for 3075.05 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (200 mL) was added dropwise a solution of dodecylamine At 0°C, to a solution of 4-nitro-benzoyl chloride (12.664 g, 68.25 mmol) and DIEA (9.7 g, filtered. The solvents were evaporated to give a yellow solid (23.02 g). This residue was AcOEt, washed with water, a 10 % aqueous solution of HCl, water, dried over MgSO4 and

washed twice with diethylether (50 mL) to give after evaporation of the solvent the title 6.55 min (HPLC purity: 93.2 %) (t, 1H, J=5.5 Hz), 8.30 (d, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 8.04 (d, 2H, J=9.0 Hz), 3.25 (q, 2H, J=6.3 Hz), compound as a pale yellow powder (20.31 g, 89 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.77 1.43-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.12-1.35 (m, 18H), 0.83 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt

20

4-nitrobenzamide and hydrogen at a pressure of 20 bar at 50°C gave the title compound (98 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) using N-dodecyl-Step b) Preparation of 4-amino-N-dodecylbenzamide 25

(t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.87 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %) (d, 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 8.30 (s, 2H), 3.16 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.12-1.33 (m, 18H), 0.83 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 7.93 (t, 1H, J=5.6 Hz), 7.53 (d, 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 6.50

Step c) Preparation of methyl 2-[([4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]amino)methyl]-

at once NaBH3CN (0.075 g, 1.20 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred overnight at rt. 1.0 mmol) and methyl 2-formylbenzoate (0.164 g, 1.0 mmol) in ethanol (2 mL) was added To a solution of 4-amino-N-dodecylbenzamide (0.304 g, 1.0 mmol), acetic acid (0.060 g,

5

⇆ g, 47 %). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 453.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 100 A saturated solution of NaHCO3 (10 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous column chromatography over silica gel to give the title compound as a colorless oil (0.212 MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to give a colorless oil. This crude product was purified by layer was separated and extracted with DCM. The combined organic layers were dried over

 $\hbox{\it [(\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]amino)} methyl] benzoate amine gave the title}\\$ Step d) Preparation of methyl 2-({{4compound as a yellow oil (74 %). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 553.3; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 552.0. The same procedure as employed for the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using methyl 2-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl)benzoate

20

amino} (oxo)acetic acid Step e) Preparation of {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}{2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.77 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %)

25

({{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]amino}methyl)benzoate gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using methyl 2-

- 122 -

the title compound as a colorless oil (91 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 527.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 529.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 84.2 %).

Example 151: [[4-({[2-(1.1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl}-2-bromobenzyl](4-

jodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of methyl-3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate

A mixture of 3-bromo-4-methylbenzoic acid (40 g, 0.186 mol) and SOCl₂ (88 g, 0.74 mol) in methanol (600 mL) was refluxed for 12 h. The solvent was distilled off and the crude residue was diluted with ethyl acetate (50 mL). The ethyl acetate layer was washed with 10% NaHCO₃ solution, water, brine and dried. The solvent was removed under vacuum to

5

Step b) Preparation of 2-bromo-4-methoxycarbonyl benzylbromide

give methyl-3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate (40 g, 95 %) as a solid.

A mixture of methyl-3-bromo-4-methylbenzoate (40 g, 0.17 mol), NBS (34 g, 0.19 mol)

and benzoylperoxide (4.0 g) in CCl₄ (500 mL) was refluxed for 6 h. The reaction mixture was cooled and filtered off the solid. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give 2-bromo-4-methoxycarbonylbenzyl bromide (50 g, 93%) as a solid.

Step c) Preparation of 3-Bromo-4-aminomethylbenzamide

20 A mixture of 2-bromo-4-methoxycarbonyl benzylbromide (50 g, 0.162 mol), methanol (500 mL) and liquid ammonia (2.5 L) was stirred at -10°C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated under vacuum and the residue was diluted with water (750 mL). The solid precipitate obtained was filtered and dried under vacuum to give 3-bromo-4-aminomethyl benzamide (35 g, 94 %).

25

Step d) Preparation of 2-Bromo-4-carboxybenzylamine

A mixture of 3-bromo-4-aminomethylbenzamide (35 g, 0.15 mol), methanol (250 mL) and 20 % NaOH solution (185 mL) was refluxed for 30 h. The reaction mixture was

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 123 -

concentrated, acidified with an aquesous solution of HCl (6N) to give a solid precipitate. The solid was filtered, washed with water and dried under vacuum to give 2-bromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (26 g, 74 %).

s Step e) Preparation of N-(Fmoc)-2-Bromo-4-carboxybenzylamine

To a solution of 2-bromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (20 g, 0.086 mol) in dioxane (250 mL),
was added an aqueous solution of Na₂CO₃ (10%, 350 mL) with stirring. The reaction
mixture was cooled to 10°C, added Fmoc-OSu (32 g, 0.096 mol) in portions and allowed to
stir at RT for 8h. The solid precipitate was filtered off and washed with diethyl ether (2x
200 mL). The solid was acidified with 3N HCl and filtered under suction. The crude solid
was recrystalised from methanol/diethyl ether to give N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4carboxybenzylamine (26 g, 67 %) as a solid.

Step f) Preparation of N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate

2

- Oxalyl chloride (635 mg, 5.0 mmol) was added dropwise to a suspension of 2-bromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (452 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DCM. A catalytic amount of DMF was added and then shirred overnight at ambient temperatures. The solvent was then removed in vacuo to give the title compound.
- 20 Step g) Preparation of [[4-{[[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl](4-iodobenzyl]amino](oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate and DIEA in step b and 4-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

25 M*(LCMS(ESI)): 697.2

Example 152: [(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(4-jodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

. 124 –

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 677.2

Example 153: [{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 685.2

Example 154; [(2.6-dibromo-4-[[(4-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]benzyl](4-iodobenzyl]amino](oxo]acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of methyl-3, 5-dibromo-4-bromomethyl benzoate

A mixture of methyl-3, 5-dibromo-4-methylbenzoate (50 g, 0.16 mol), NBS (31.7 g, 0.17 mol) and benzoyl peroxide (5.0 g) in CCl₄ (500 mL) was refluxed for 4 h under the illumination of a 200W bulb. The reaction mixture was cooled and filtered off the solid.

The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give methyl-3, 5-dibromo-4-bromomethyl benzoate (62 g, 98 %) as a solid.

Step b) Preparation of 3, 5-dibromo-4-aminomethylbenzamide

To a solution of methyl-3, 5-dibromo-4-bromomethyl benzoate (50 g, 0.129 mol) in methanol (750 mL) at -40°C was collected ammonia (approximately 1 L) by passing ammonia gas. After stirring the reaction mixture at -40°C for 24 h, excess ammonia was removed by passing N₂ gas at ambient temperature. The reaction mixture was then concentrated and residue was diluted with water (1L). The solid precipitate was filtered off

23

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 125 -

and dried under suction. The solid was further dried under vacuum to give 3,5-dibromo-4-anninomethyl benzamide (40 g, 98 %).

Step c) Preparation of 2,6-dibromo-4-carboxy benzylamine

- s A mixture of 3,5-dibromo-4-aminomethyl benzamide (40 g. 0.129 mol), methanol (500 mL) and an aqueous solution of NaOH (10%, 310 mL) was refluxed for 20 h. The reaction mixture was concentrated to 150 mL and cooled to 0°C. The solid precipitate obtained was filtered, washed with diethyl ether (500 mL). The solid obtained was acidified with an aqueous solution of HCl (1.5 N, 100 mL) to pH=6 to give solid precipitate. The solid was filtered, washed with water and dried under vacuum to give 2,6-dibromo-4-carboxy benzylamine (35 g, 87 %) as a solid.
- Step d) Preparation of N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine

 To a solution of 2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (20 g, 0.064 mol) in dioxane (500
- at 26°C for 15 min was added Fmoc-OSu (30.5 g, 0.09 mol) in portions for 2 h and allowed to stir at ambient temperature for 24 h. The solid precipitate was filtered off and washed with diethyl ether (3x 200 mL), followed by methanol (3x 200 mL). The solid salt was acidified with an aqueous solution of HCl (3 N, 100 mL) to pH=2. The precipitate was filtered under suction and dried. The crude solid was recrystalised from methanol / diethyl ether to give N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (30 g, 87 %) as a solid.
- Step e) Preparation of [(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(4-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- 25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine in step b and 4-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 757.2

- 126 –

Example 155: ((4-iodobenzyl){[4'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of tert-butyl-4-bromo benzoate

A mixture of 4-bromobenzoic acid (100 g, 0.5 mol), trifluoromethane sulphonic acid (2.6 mL, 0.03 mol) and isobutylene (1.5 L) in dichloromethane (1.5 L) was stirred at RT in a closed autoclave for 5 days. The organic layer was washed with an aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (10 %), water, brine, dried and concentrated to give *tert*-butyl-4-bromobenzoate (90 g, 71 %).

10 Step b) Preparation of tert-butyl-4-(4-tolyl)benzoate

To a mixture of tert-butyl-4-bromobenzoate (40 g, 0.15 mol), 4-tolylboronic acid (23.3 g, 0.17 mol) and sodium carbonate (150 g) in toluene (350 mL) and water (350 mL) was added tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) palladium(0) (8.7 g, 0.007 mol) and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 10 h under nitrogen atmosphere. The organic layer was separated, washed with water, dried and concentrated to give tert-butyl-4-(4-tolyl) benzoate (32 g, 77 oc)

ᅜ

Step c) Preparation of 4-(4-tert-butoxycarbonyl phenyl) benzyl bromide

To a solution of tert-butyl-4-(4-tolyl)benzoate (32 g, 0.12 mol) in carbontetrachloride (500 mL) was added N-bromosuccinimide (23.3 g, 0.13 mol) and benzoyl peroxide (4.0 g). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 10 h. After cooling to RT, the reaction mixture was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated and the crude was recrystallised from petEther to give 4-(4-tert-butoxycarbonylphenyl) benzylbromide (26 g, 69 %).

20

25 Step d) Preparation of 4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzylamine hydrochloride

To a solution of 4-(4-tert-Butoxycarbonyl)benzylbromide (25 g, 0.071 mol) in methanol (2 L), cooled to -20°C was passed through the reaction mixture ammonia for 5 h. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 30 h. Methanol was removed under vacuum. To the residue

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 127 -

an aqueous solution of HCl (6N, 200 mL) was added and stirred at RT overnight. The solvents were evaporated under vacuum and the resulting residue was washed with diethyl ether to give 4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine hydrochloride (10 g, 53 %).

- s Step e) Preparation of N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine
 4-(4-Carboxyphenyl)benzylamine hydrocloride (10 g, 0.038 mol) was taken in a mixture of
 10% Na₂CO₃ (100 mL) and dioxane (25 mL). To this a solution of Fmoc-OSu (15.4 g,
 0.045 mol) in dioxane (50 mL) was added at 10°C and the reaction was stirred at RT for 4
 h. Solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was acidified with an
- aqueous solution of HCl (1.5 N), extracted with EtOAc and the crude was recrystallised from EtOAc to give N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (8.5 g, 45 %).

Step f) Preparation of ((4-iodobenzyl){[4'-{{[2-{4-phenoxyphenyl}ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-!,!'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine in step b and 4-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

 M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 711.3
- 20 Example 156; [[2-bromo-4-([2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino]carbonyl)benzyl][[4'-fluoro-1.1'-biphenyl-3-yl]methyl]amino](oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 681.3

Example 157: {[4-{{[2-{1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}ethyl]amino}carbonyl}-2-bromobenzyl][(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 665.3

Example 158: {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]benzyl]{(4-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl]methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

benzylamine in step a, N-(Frnoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 645.3

Example 159: {[2,6-dibromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl][(4'-

fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 761.3

Example 160: {[4-({[2-(1.1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl][(4'-fluoro-1.1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example

154) in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 745.2

25

- 129 --

Example 161: {(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in

step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 725.3

Example 162; {{2.6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzy}}[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-(4-fluorophenyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 733.3

Example 163: ([(4'.fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-y)]methy]] {[4'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethy]]-amino}carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-y]]methy]} amino}(oxo)acetic acid

2

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 4-fluoro-biphenyl-3-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M (LCMS(ESI)): 679.4

Example 164: {({4'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl)[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 4'-fluoro-

s biphenyl-3-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 651.5

Example 165: {(2-bromo-4-{(4-nentylbenzylb

25

Example 165: {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino|carbonyl}benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetic acid

- 130 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 635.3

Example 166: {(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in

benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 1step b and 2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 713.3

Example 167: oxo { [[4'-([[2-(4-phenoxypheny])ethyl]amino } carbonyl)-1, 1'-biphenyl-4-

yl]methyl}[2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 669.3

Example 168: {({4'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[2-(trifluoro-methoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

8

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 2-

25 (trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LCMS(ESI)):

2

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 131 -

Example 169: [[2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)benzyl](3--brow-henryllyminol/oxylecsifi ecid

phenoxybenzyl)amino ((oxo) acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-

phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate

(Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 679.3

Example 170: [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-y|)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 663.3

5

Example 171: [(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fraoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

20 M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 643.3

Example 172: [[2,6-dibromo-4-({[2-[4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)benzyl](3-phenoxybenzyl)amino|(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-

25 phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 759.2

Example 173: [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-y])ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl](3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example

s 154) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 743.3

Example 174: [(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino|carbonyl}benzyl)(2-phenoxybenzyl)amino|(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 723.3

Example 175: [{2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 731.3

Example 176: oxo((3-phenoxybenzyl){[4'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example

25 155) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LCMS(ESI)): 677.4

Example 177: oxo[[(4'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)methyl](3-

- 133 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 3-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 641.5

phenoxybenzyl)amino lacetic acid

Example 178: [({4'-[(dodecy/amino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl} methyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 3-phenoxybenzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. Mf(LC/MS(ESI)): 649.4

Example 179: [[2-bromo-4-{[[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl]ethyl]amino}carbonyl]benzyl](2-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate
 (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title
 compound. Mf(LC/MS(ESI)): 713.0
- 20 Example 180: [[4-{[[2-(1.1'-biphenyl-4-y]]ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](2-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(I.C/MS(ESI)): 697.0

Example 181: [(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(2-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- 134 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 677.0

Example 182: [{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2:iodobenzyl}amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DEA in step b and 2-iodo-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 685.1

Example 183; ([2-bromo-4-{{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)benzyl]{[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

- 15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate
 (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step
 d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 731.2
- 20 Example 184: ([4-({[2-(1.1]-biphenyl-4-yl]ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl]{[2]-(trifluoromethyl)-1.1]-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate
 (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step a gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 715.2

Example 185: ((2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1.1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl)amino)(oxo)acetic acid

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 135 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIBA in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 695.2

Example 186: ({2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbony]benzyl}{[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-

biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 703.3

Example 187: ([4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-y])ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl] {[2'-

3

- (trifluoromethyl)-1.1'-biphenyl-4-yllmethyllamino)(oxo)acetic acid
 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 793.1
- Example 188: ((2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 2'-trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

 M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 773.2

-136-

Example 189: {{2.6-dibromo-4-[{dodecylamino}carbonyl]benzyl}{[2'-{trifluoromethyl}-1.1'-biphenyl-4-yllmethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 2'-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 781.2

Example 190: (({4'-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl){[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 701.5 trifluoromethyl-biphenyl-4-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 2'-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

ᅜ Example 191: [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](1,1'biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)aminol(oxo)acetic acid

(Example 151) and DIEA in step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

20 compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 647.3

Example 192: [(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

25

benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 627.3 151) and DIEA in step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

- 137 –

Example 193: ((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl){2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. $M^{\uparrow}(LC/MS(ESI))$:

Example 194: {(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)[2,6-dibromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl|amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5 M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 741.2 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-(Example 154) in step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine

2 Example 195: [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)-2.6-dibromobenzyl](1,1'biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

20 M"(LC/MS(ESI)): 725.2

carbonyi benzyi amino (oxo) acetic acid Example 196: [(1.1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

25 benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)):

- 138 -

Example 197: ((1.1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl){2.6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and

s biphenyl-2-carbaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M (LC/MS(ESI)): 713.3

Example 198: {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-{trifluoro-methoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 635.2

Example 199: {{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethoxy)-

15 benzyllamino (oxo) acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 643.3

Example 200: {(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-fifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in

25 step b and 4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(BSI)): 714.3

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 139 –

Example 201: {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example

151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title

compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 635.2

Example 202: {{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-

(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 634.3

Example 203: {(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

20 M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 715.2

Example 204; {{2.6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-

(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

25 step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 773 3

- 140 --

(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 205: {{4'-{(dodecylamino)carbonyll-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[3-

step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 3-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

(trifluoromethoxy)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)):

Example 206: [[2-bromo-4-{{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyllamino}carbonyl)benzyl](4phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

5 compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 679.3 (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title phenoxyphenethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4.

5 Example 207: [[4-({[2-(1.1-biphenyl-4-y]]ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzy]](4phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 663.3 biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

20

phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid Example 208: [(2-bromo-4-{[[4-pentylbenzyl]amino|carbonyl]benzyl)(4.

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

23

benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example MT(LC/MS(ESI)): 643.3 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound

- 141 -

Example 209: [{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4

phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in

step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. MT(LC/MS(ESI)):

phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid Example 210: [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl](4-

M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 743.3 biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

⇆ phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid Example 211: [(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(4-

benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 4-phenoxy-benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M (LC/MS(ESI)): The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-

엉 723.2

Example 212: $\{[4-([2-(1,1]-bipheny]-4-v])ethyllamino\} carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl][4-$ (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 2-(4-

biphenyl)ethylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 639.2 (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the

얺

- 142 -

Example 213: {(2-bromo-4-{{(4-pentylbenzyl)amino|carbonyl}benzyl)[4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyllamino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example
151) and DIEA in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title
compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 619.3

Example 214: {{2-bromo-4-[{dodecylamino}carbonyl]benzyl}[4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 627.3

15 <u>Example 215: {(2.6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-</u> (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentyl-benzylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step b gave the title compound.

20 M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 699.2

Example 216: {[2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecy]amino)carbonyl]benzyl][4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 4- (trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 707.3

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 143 -

Example 217; oxo {[(4'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ES1)): 617.4

Example 218: {{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2-bromo-4-(chlorocarbonyl)benzylcarbamate (Example 151) and DIEA in step b and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound.

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 627.3

Example 219: {{2.6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbony]]benzyi}[3-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using dodecylamine in step a, N-(Fmoc)-2,6-dibromo-4-carboxybenzylamine (Example 154) in step b and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 707.3

Example 220: oxo {[(4'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)methyl][3-(hifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 50 using 4-pentylbenzylamine in step a, N-Fmoc-4-(4-carboxyphenyl)benzylamine (Example 155) in step b

and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde in step d gave the title compound. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)):

Example 221: {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of 4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzonitrile

To a mixture of dibenzofuran-4-boronic acid (40 g, 0.19 mol), 4-bromobenzonitrile (34 g

0.19 mol), sodium carbonate (120 g) in toluene (500 mL) and water (500 mL) was added tetrakis (triphenylphosphine) palladium (0) (11 g, 0.0095 mol) with stirring under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 20 h. Toluene layer was separated, washed with water, dried and concentrated. The crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (chloroform) to give the title compound (40 g, 79 %).

Step b) Preparation of 1-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl]methanamine

To a solution of 4-(4-cyanophenyl) dibenzofuran (20 g, 0.074 mol) in isopropylalcohol (1.5 L) was added Raney-Nickel (10 g) with stirring. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux, treated with hydrazine hydrate (100 mL) and refluxed for 6 h. The reaction mixture was cooled, filtered through celite and washed with isopropylalcohol. The filtrate was concentrated and crude purified by column chromatography over silica gel (CHCl₃/MeOH; 9:1) to give the title compound as a solid (6.5 g, 32 %). ¹H NMR (THF-d₈, 300 MHz) & 7.30-8.30 (m, 13H), 3.98 (s, 2H)

2

Step c) Preparation of N-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step a) using 1-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)methanamine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound (51 %). M⁺ (LCMS(ESI)): 432.4

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.28 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.75-8.00 (m, 5H), 7.35-7.61 (m, 11H), 3.93 (s, 2H), 3.90 (s, 2H)

Step c) Preparation of ethyl {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}(0x0)acetate

- 145 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amine gave the title compound (98 %). M⁺ (LC/MS(ESI)): 531.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.38 min (HPLC purity: 100 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.85-8.05 (m, 4H), 7.55-7.72 (m, 4H), 7.55-7.30 (m, 7H), 4.30-4.67 (m, 6H), 1.25-1.45 (m, 3H)

Step d) Preparation of {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino} (0x0)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound (90 %). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 502.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.95 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.90-8.05 (m, 2H), 7.75-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.90 (m, 11H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.56 (s, 2H)

Example 222: {(4-dibenzolb.dlfuran-4-vlbenzyl)}{-{\text{trifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}}- (oxo)acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 using {(4-dibenzolb,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)}{4-{\text{trifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white fluffy solid (95 %). M'(APCI):

562.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.98 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %). Analysis calculated for

C29H19F3NO4. C7H18NO5*1.1 H2O: C, 60.18; H, 5.50; N, 3.90%. Found: C, 60.12; H, 5.56; N, 3.82%

Example 223: ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-amino)(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 146 -

At 0°C, to a solution of 4-{[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]methyl}benzoic acid (2.0 g) and NMM (1.02 g, 1.11 mL) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) was added dropwise isobutyl chloroformate (1.2 mL). After stirring for 20 min, dodecylamine (1.875 g) was added dropwise. After 1h the ice-water bath was removed and the mixture was stirred for 14 h at rt. A 1N aqueous solution of HCl (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with

rt. A 1N aqueous solution of HCl (50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with AcOEt (2x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (150 mL), dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated off to give an oil (3.61 g). This crude product was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (c-Hex/AcOEt 2/1) to give *tert*-butyl 4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzylcarbamate as a colorless oil (2.35 g, 70 %). M⁺

10 (LC/MS(ESI)): 419.5; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 418.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.35 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

To a solution of *tert*-butyl 4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzylcarbamate (2.35 g) in DCM (30 mL) was added a HCl solution (4N in dioxane, 30 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred at rt for 1h. Evaporation of the solvents gave 4-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide hydrochloride compound as a white powder (1.97 g, 98 %). M⁺ (LC/MS(ESI)): 319.4; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 317.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.20 min (HPLC purity: 100 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.52 (br s, 3H), 7.87 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.06 (br s, 2H), 3.25-3.30 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.56 (m, 18H), 0.84 (t, J=8.3)

2

A suspension of 4-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide hydrochloride (1.97 g) in AcOEt (100 mL) was washed with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (50 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to give the title compound as a white solid (1.6 c)

8

Hz, 3H).

Step b) Formation of N-dodecyl-4-[{{1-[4-{trifluoromethyl]phenyl]ethyl}amino)methyl] benzamide 25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 147 -

At 0°C, to a solution of 4-(aminomethyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide (0.955 g) and 4-trifluoro acetophenone (0.564 g) in THF (20 mL) was added titanium tetraisopropoxide (1.065 g). The resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h at rt. MeOH (4 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was chilled at 0°C. NaBH₄ (0.227 g) was then added portion wise (rapid evolution of gas). After 1 h at rt, a 1N aqueous solution of NaOH was added and the resulting

reaction mixture was extracted with AcOEt (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and evaporated to give a white solid (1.523 g).

Purification by flash chromatography on silica gel (40/60 AcOEt/c-Hex) gave the title

compound as a white solid (1.001 g, 68 %). M' (APCI): 491.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt:

5.12 min (HPLC purity: 96.6 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.10-7.71 (m, 8H), 4.93

(br s, 1H), 3.90-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.70 (br s, 1H), 3.42 (s, 2H), 3.32 (s, 2H), 1.42-1.55 (m, 2H),

Step c) Formation of ethyl ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-[4-{trifluoromethyl)

1.10-1.43 (m, 21H), 0.86 (m, 3H)

15 phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed for the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-dodecyl-4-[({1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} amino)methyl] benzamide gave the title compound as a colorless oil (80 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.55-7.64 (m, 4H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 2H), 5.81-6.00 (m, 1H), 4.30-4.75 (m, 2H), 3.41 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.70 (m, 6H), 1.10-1.40 (m, 19H), 0.86 (m, 3H).

Step d) Formation of ([4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo) acetate

25

C₃₁H₄₀F₃N₂O₄*0.1 H₂O: C, 65.96; H, 7.36; N, 4.96%. Found: C, 65.92; H, 7.41; N, 4.89% HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.36 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). Analysis calculated for 4.65 (m, 1.4H), 4.10-4.22 (m, 0.6H), 3.08-3.27 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.60 (m, 5H), 1.10-1.35 (m, 18H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 560.9; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 562.9

amino)-(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) Example 224; ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 using ({4-

acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (95 %). M [(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic purity: 99.8 %). Analysis calculated for C31H40F3N2O4.C7H18NO5*0.7 H2O: C, 59.24; H. (LC/MS(ESI)): 560.9; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 562.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.38 min (HPLC 7.77; N, 5.45%. Found: C, 59.36; H, 7.90; N, 5.43%

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 225: {({4'-[(octylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[4-(trifluoroᇙ

Step a) Preparation of tert-butyl-4-bromobenzoate To a stirred solution of 4-bromobenzoic acid (100 g, 0.5 mol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (1.5 L) was

20 mixture was cooled to 0°C and then tert-butyl bromide (115 mL) was added dropwise over added silver carbonate (275 g, 1 mol) and molecular sieves (4A, 100 g). The reaction %) as colorless liquid. brine and dried. The solvent was removed under vacuum to the title compound (100 g, 79a period of 45 min. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir at Rt for 20 h and filtered off the solid. The filtrate was washed with an aqueous solution of NaHCO3 (10 %), water,

Step b) Preparation of tert-butyl 4'-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate

25

- 149 -

butyl-4- (4-tolyl) benzoate (40g, 80%) as a solid purified by column chromatography over silica gel (pet. ether/ethylacetate, 4:1) to give tert cooling to rt, organic layer was separated and aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (2x 200 mL). The combined layer was washed with brine and concentrated. The crude was added Pd (PPh₃)₄ (10.7 g, 0.009 mol) and reaction mixture was refluxed for 10 h. After (25.3 g, 0.186 mol), Na₂CO₃ (200 g in 500 mL of water) in toluene (750 mL) under N₂ was To a solution of tert-butyl-4-bromobenzoate (48 g, 0.186 mol), 4-tolyl-benzeneboronic acid

A mixture of tert-butyl 4'-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate (40.0 g, 0.15 mol), NBS crude product. The crude solid was washed with PetEther / chloroform to give the title h under N2. After cooling to rt, solid was filtered and concentrated under vacuum to give (32.0 g, 0.18 mol) and benzoylperoxide (5.0 g) in CCl₄ (600 mL) was heated to reflux for 6 Step c) Preparation of tert-butyl 4'-(bromomethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate compound as solid (40 g, 78 %)

allowed to stir at 0°C for 30 h. The solid precipitate was filtered off, washed with water (2x methanol (1 L) at -30°C was purged ammonia gas for 2 h. The reaction mixture was then 1 L), dried under suction. The solid was recrystallised from methanol to the title compound Step d) Preparation of tert-butyl 4'-(aminomethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate To a solution of tert-butyl 4'-(bromomethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate (35.0 g) in

Step e) Formation of tert-butyl 4'-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)-1,1'biphenyl-4-carboxylate

as white solid (20 g, 71 %).

To a solution of tert-butyl 4-(aminomethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate (2.0 g) and 4mL) was added and the mixture extracted with DCM (3x). The combined organic layers triacetoxyborohydride (1.904 g). The resulting mixture was stirred for 14 h at rt. Water (50 (trifluormethyl)-benzaldehyde (0.88 mL) in DCE (40 mL) was added at once sodium

23

- 150 –

were washed with water (50 mL), then dried over MgSO₄, evaporated off to give a yellow oil. This crude was purified by flash chromatography (c-Hex/AcOEt 4/1) to give the title compound as a white powder (1.30 g, 43 %). M⁺ (LC/MS(ESI)): 442.02 HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.25 min (HPLC purity: 93.7 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 MHz): 8 7.97 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.80 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.69 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.60 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.48 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H), 1.56 (s, 9H).

Step f) Formation of tert-butyl 4'-([[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-methyl)-1, | '-biphenyl-4-carboxylate

- carboxylate (1.29 g) and triethylamine (0.81 mL) in cold anhydrous DCM (40 mL) was added dropwise a solution of ethyl oxalyl chloride (0.49 mL, in anhydrous DCM (2 mL)).

 The resulting mixture was stirred for 2h then water was added. After extraction with DCM (3x 50 mL), the combined organic layers were washed with water (3x 30 mL), dried on MgSO₄ and evaporated to give a yellow oil (1.44 g). This crude product was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (c-Hex/AcOEt 6/1 then 4/1) to give the title compound as yellow oil (1.38 g, 79 %). M⁺ (LC/MS(ESI)): 542.0; M⁻ (LC/MS(ESI)): 540.8. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.67 min (HPLC purity: 90.9 %)
- 20 Step g) Formation of 4'-({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid
 To a solution of tert-butyl 4'-({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]
 amino}methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylate (1.37 g) in DCM (15 mL) was added TFA (15
 mL). The resulting mixture was stirred for 30 min. Evaporation of the solvents gave the

title compound as a colorless oil (1.10 g, 67 %). M⁺ (LC/MS(ESI)): 486.1; M⁻ (LC/MS(ESI)): 484.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.13 min (HPLC purity: 91.7 %)

25

23

- 151 -

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

¹H NMR (DMSO, 300 MHz) δ 7.94 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.72-7.61 (m, 6H), 7.42 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.33 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.25 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), .4.49 (m, 4H), 4.20 (m, 2H), 1.10 (m, 3H).

s Step h) Formation of ethyl {{{4'-{(octylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl){4-} (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

To a solution of 4'-{{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid (100 mg), EDC (47 mg) and HOBt (28 mg) in DCM (4 mL) was added octylamine (0.041 mL). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred for 3h. DCM (15 mL) and an aqueous solution of HCl (1N, 10 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3x15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with a saturated solution of NaHCO₃ (15 mL) and dried over MgSO₄. Evaporation of the solvents gave an oil which was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (c-Hex/AcOEt 2/1) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (41 mg, 33 %). M* (LC/MS(ESI)): 597.8; M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 595.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.61 min (HPLC purity: 99.87 %)

Step i) Formation of {{(4'-{(octylamtno)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amtno}(oxo)acetic actd

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl {({4'-{(octylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]}

amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (77 %).

M* (LC/MS(ESI)): 570.5; M* (LC/MS(ESI)): 567.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.70 min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.72-7.17 (m, 12H), 6.45-6.26 (m, 11H), 4.47 (s, 4H), 3.41 (s, 2H), 1.56-1.18 (m, 12H), 0.81 (m, 3H).

엉

PCT/EP03/00808

- 153 –

- 152 -

Example 226: oxo{(4-tetradec-1-ynylbenzyl)|4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-(4-bromobenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

A solution of 4-bromobenzaldehyde (5.81 g, 31.4 mmol) and 4-(trifluoromethyl)-

s benzylamine (5.00 g, 28.6 mmol) in toluene (100 mL) was heated at reflux for 75 min with azeotropic removal of water. The toluene was evaporated off under reduce pressure. The residue was taken up in methanol (100 mL) and cooled to 0°C. NaBH₄ (2.16 g, 57.1 mmol) was added portionwise and the reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1.5h. The reaction mixture was poured into water (200 mL)/brine (200 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (500 mL and 200 mL). The organic layers were washed with brine, combined and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under reduce pressure. The residue was diluted with Et₂O (200 mL) and HCl (1N in Et₂O, 40 mL) was added. A white solid precipitated out. Filtration, washing with Et₂O (3x20 mL) and drying under vacuum at 50°C for 18 hrs gave the title compound as a white solid (9.74 g, 89 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 9.77 (s, 2H), 7.82 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.76 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.64 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.25 (s, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 344.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 3.16 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-bromobenzyl){4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)

20 acetate

The same procedure as employed for the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-(4-bromobenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a white solid (83 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.34 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.16 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.11 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.32 (m, 4H), 1.36 (m, 3H). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 444.0, M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 442.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.99 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl oxo{(4-tetradec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}acetate

A mixture of ethyl {(4-bromobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate (100 mg, 0.23 mmol), 1-tetradecyne (66 mg, 0.34 mmol), copper(I) bromide (4.5 mg, 0.031

- mmol) and palladium tetrakis(triphenylphosphine) (11 mg, 0.0095 mmol) in Et₂N (1 mL) was heated at 90°C for 75 min. After cooling to rt, the reaction mixture was diluted with an aqueous HCl solution (1N, 10 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (2x20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduce pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (cyclohex./Et₂O 4:1) to give the title
- compound as yellow oil (63 mg, 50 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.34 (m, 4H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.58-1.26 (m, 23H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 8.21 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %).

Step d) Formation of the oxo{(4-tetradec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl oxo {(4-tetradec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino} acetate gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (77 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 2.38 (m, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.24 (brs, 16H), 0.86 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(BSI)): 528.0. HPLC

20 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.24 (ms, 10H), 0.00 (m, 2H), M (LOCAMO(ESSI)), 526.00, HT LOC (Condition A), Rt: 7.85 min (HPLC purity: 98 %).

Example 227: {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) using 1-

dodecyne gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (21 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 154 -

8 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.13 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.09 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 4.48 (s, 1H), 4.44 (s, 1H), 4.31 (m, 4H), 2.38 (dt, 2H, J=7.0, 1.3 Hz), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.24 (m, 15H), 0.85 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.87 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step b) Preparation of {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)-acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a pale yellow oil (95 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.78 (brs, 1H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.08 (m, 2H), 4.81 (brs, 1H), 4.74 (brs, 1H), 4.47 (m, 2H), 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.25 (brs, 12H), 0.86 (t, 3H, J=7.0). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 499.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.36 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %).

Example 228: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}-

[oxo]acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of N-dodecyl-4-{[[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl]amino]methyl) benzamide

To a solution of N-dodecyl-4-formyl-benzamide (Example 10, step a) (1.00 g, 3.115

mmol), acetic acid (0.227 g, 3.78 mmol) and 4-trifluoromethyl-phenylamine (0.609 g, 3.78

mmol) in DCE (25 mL) was added at once NaBH(OAc)₃ (0.801 g, 3.78 mmol). The

resulting mixture was stirred overnight at 70°C. A saturated solution of NaHCO₃ (10 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with DCM (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated to give a colorless oil. This crude product was purified by column

chromatography over silica gel (4/1 c-Hex/AcOEt to 3/1 in about 0.5h) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (0.824 g, 63 %). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.74 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.43 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.29 (d, 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 6.63 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.42 (s,

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 155 -

2H), 3.35 (m, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.27 (m, 18H), 0.88 (m, 3H). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 463.0; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 461.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.84 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Step b) Preparation of ethyl $\{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino\}(oxo)acetate$

The same procedure as employed for the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-dodecyl-4-({[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino} methyl) benzamide gave the title compound as a colorless oil (56 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.04 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 4.03 (m, 2H), 3.41 (m, 2H), 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.24 (m, 18H), 1.00 (m, 3H), 0.87 (m, 3H). M*(APCl): 563.2; M*(APCl): 561.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.74 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

5

Step c) Preparation of {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] amino}(0x0)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) using ethyl {4[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetate and
lithium hydroxide dihydrate gave the title compound as a white solid (89 %). ¹H NMR
[DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.77 (m, 4H), 7.45 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.27 (d, 2H,
J=7.5 Hz), 5.07 (s, 2H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.28 (m, 18H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J=5.9 Hz).

M(APCI): 489.2 (M-CO₂). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.44 min (HPLC purity: 97.4 %).

Example 229: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]{2-methoxyphenyl]amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-methoxyaniline in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (1.9 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 497.2 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.00 min (HPLC purity: 90.2 %).

Example 230: ((1,2-diphenylethyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 1,2-diphenylethylamine in step c gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

the title compound as a colorless oil (6.3 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 570.5; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 571.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.60 min (HPLC purity: 94.4 %).

Example 231: N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-L

5 hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (8.0 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and L-phenylalanine t-butyl ester The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in 537.0; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 539.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.82 min (HPLC purity: 89.2

acid Example 232: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-phenoxyphenyl)amino](oxo)acetic ሯ

step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3-phenoxyaniline in step c gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

20 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 89.9 %). title compound as a yellow oil (2.4 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 559.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt.

Example 233; [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino]-

얺 step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-isopropoxy aniline in step c gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in 524.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.33 min (HPLC purity: 91.7 %). title compound as a colorless oil (6.7 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 523.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)):

- 157 -

step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 4-iodoaniline in step c gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in Example 234: [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-iodophenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

compound as a colorless oil (7.2 mg). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 592.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.34 min (HPLC purity: 81.9 %)

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 235; {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 564.9; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 566.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.58 min step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3-fluoro-4 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in (HPLC purity: 88.5 %). (trifluoromethyl)benzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (2.7 mg)

Example 236; ((3-chloro-2-methylphenyl)(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3-chloro-2-methylaniline in step c The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

20 gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.3 mg). M (LCMS(ESI)): 515.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.38 min (HPLC purity: 92.9 %)

biphenyl-2-carboxylic acid Example 237: 4'-((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-1,1'-

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 586.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.96 min (HPLC purity: 67.6 %) in step c gave the title compound as a white solid (3.9 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 585.5; step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 4-(2-methoxycarbonylphenyl)aniline The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 158 -

Example 238: ((2,4-dichlorobenzyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2,4-dichlorobenzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (7.1 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 546.9;

Example 239; [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1-phenylpropyl)amino](oxo)acetic

M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 549. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.70 min (HPLC purity: 92.1 %).

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 1-phenyl-propylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.6 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 507.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 509.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.41 min (HPLC purity: 95.2 %).

Example 240; ([2-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl](4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]amino)-

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-(4-chloro-phenyl)-propylamine

hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (8.1 mg). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 541.0; M⁴(LC/MS(ESI)): 543.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.67 min (HPLC purity: 86.2 %).

Example 241: [{4-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-isopropoxyphenyl)amino]-

25 (OXO lacenc acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 4-isopropoxyaniline in step c gave the

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 159 --

title compound as a colorless oil (5.8 mg). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 525.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.36 min (HPLC purity: 77.3 %).

Example 242: ([4-(benzyloxy)phenyl] [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl] amino)-

(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 4-benzyloxyaniline hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (4.8 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 571.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 573.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.54 min (HPLC purity: 71.9 %).

Example 243: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[2-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a white solid (4.7 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 547.2;

M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 549.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC purity: 94.8 %).

Example 244: [{4-f(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-methoxybenzyl}amino](oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-methoxybenzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.9 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 509.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 511.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.20 min (HPLC purity: 78.4 %).

25 Example 245: (((1R)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl)[4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]-

mino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and (1R)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanamine in

step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (3.0 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 527.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 529. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 93.4 %).

Example 246: ((3,4-dichlorobenzyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3,4-dichlorobenzylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (8.6 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 546.9; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 550.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.65 min (HPLC purity: 91.6 %).

Example 247: ((1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and benzo[b]thiophen-3-ylmethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (5.3 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 535.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 536.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.48 min (HPLC purity: 87.9 %).

2

Example 248: ([2-(2,6-dichloropheny])ethyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino)(oxolacetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2,6-dichlorophenethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (5.1 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 565.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC purity: 87.0 %).

25 Example 249: ([4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl] {2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-ethyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 2-(3-trifluormethylphenyl)-ethylamine

- 161 -

in step c gave the title compound as a yellow oil (6.1 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 561.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 563.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.59 min (HPLC purity: 83.9 %).

Example 250: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[2-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3-fluorophenethylamine in step c gave the title compound as a white solid (4.1 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 511.0; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 513. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.30 min (HPLC purity: 84.2 %).

Example 251:([(1S)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and (1S)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethanamine in step c gave the title compound as a colorless oil (12 mg). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 527.0; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 529. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 93.0 %).

Example 252: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino}(oxo)-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and (18)-1-phenylethanamine in step c gave the title compound as a pale yellow powder (96 mg). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 493.3; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 495.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.25 min (HPLC purity: 92.2 %).

25 Example 253; {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[(1R)-1-phenylethyl]amino}(oxo)-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and (1R)-1-phenylethanamine in step c

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 162 -

M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 495.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.26 min (HPLC purity: 91.3 %). gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (43 mg). MT(LC/MS(ESI)): 493.0;

Example 254: ([3-(benzyloxy)phenyl] [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]:

amino)(oxo)acetic acid

the title compound as a white solid (10.4 mg). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.9. HPLC (Condition step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and 3-(benzyloxy)aniline in step c gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

5 A), Rt: 6.53 min (HPLC purity: 89.2 %).

Example 255; N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-D-

<u>phenylalanine</u>

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 28 using dodecylamine in

5 purity: 80.3 %) step a, 4-chloromethylbenzoyl chloride in step b and D-phenylalanine t-butyl ester (LC/MS(ESI)): 537.0; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 539.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.83 min (HPLC hydrochloride in step c gave the title compound as a colorless solid (8.0 mg). M

2 amino) (oxo) acetic acid Example 256: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

amino-N-dodecylbenzamide (Example 150, step b) and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 228 (step a) using 4-Step a) Preparation of N-dodecyl-4-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}benzamide

23 gave the title compound as colorless oil (74 %). $^{\rm l}H$ NMR (DMSO-d6, 300 MHz) δ 7.68 (d, (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 1.35-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.32 (m, 18H), 0.83 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.47-7.60 (m, 4H), 6.53 (d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 4.41 (s, 2H), 3.31 (s, 2H), 3.14 (Condition A), Rt: 7.00 min (HPLC purity: 91.2 %)

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 163 -

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Preparation of ethyl {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-dodecyl-

(93 %). 4-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}benzamide gave the title compound as colorless oil

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $Step\ c)\ Preparation\ of\ \{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]\}$

- 5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl $\{4.$ j=6.7 Hz). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 535.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.73 min (HPLC purity: 100 title compound as colorless oil (96 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.5 (br s, 1H), [(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the Hz), 5.08 (s, 2H), 3.15-3.22 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.11-1.32 (m, 18H), 0.83 (t, 3H, 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.68 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.42 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.31 (d, 2H, J=8.3
- Example 257: {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}{4-(trifluoromethy))benzyl]amino}-
- [(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 using { {4-(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
- Found: C, 57.87; H, 7.58; N, 5.62% N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (97 %). Analysis calculated for C29H37F3N2O4.C7H17NO5*1 H2O: C, 57.82; H, 7.55; N, 5.62%. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 535.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.30 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

z

Example 258; oxo { {1-f4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino)acetic acid

64-

Step a) Preparation of tert-butyl 4-{{[[(1-aminododecylidene)amino]oxy}carbonyl} benzylcarbamate

At 0°C, to a solution of boc-(4-aminomethyl)-benzoic acid (5.000 g, 19.9 mmol), NMM (2.214 g, 21.89 mmol) in anhydrous THF (50 mL) was added dropwise isobutyl

- 5 MgSO₄ and evaporated to give a white solid (9.2 g). This crude product was purified by chloroformate (2.853 g, 20.89 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred for 10 min, then Nwhite solid (7.91 g, 89 %). 1 H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.80 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.50 (t, flash chromatography over silica gel (c-Hex/AcOEt 4/1) to give the title compound as a (3x 70 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (150 mL), dried over aqueous solution of HCl (1N, 50 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with AcOB After 1h the ice-water bath was removed and the mixture was stirred for 14 h at rt. An hydroxydodecanimidamide (Example 23, step a) (6.398 g, 29.85 mmol) was added at once. 1ft, J=5.7 Hz) 7.32 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 6.42 (br s, 1H), 6.27 (br s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 1H), 4.18 (s, 1H), 1.91-2.15 (m, 2H), 1.08-1.66 (m, 27H), 0.86 (t, 3H, J=6.9 Hz). M[†](LCMS(ESI)):
- as a colorless oil (78 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.10 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.44 (d, 4-({[(1-aminododecylidene)amino]oxy}carbonyl)benzylcarbamate gave the title compound The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step e) using tert-butyl Step b) Preparation of tert-butyl 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzylcarbamate 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 4.97 (br s, 1H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 2.81 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.71-1.91 (m, 27H),

0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.06 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

448.4; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 446.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.74 min (HPLC purity: 96.7 %)

20

25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) using tert-butyl AcOEt (100 mL) was washed twice with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO3 (50 mL) compound as a white solid (98 %). A suspension of this solid (2.085 g, 5.70 mmol) in 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzylcarbamate gave the hydrochloride salt of the title Step c) Preparation of 1-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)phenyl]methanamine

PCT/EP03/00808

- 165 -

purity: 99.8 %). 0.83 (t, 3H, J=7.0 Hz). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 330.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.55 min (HPLC 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 3.79 (s, 2H), 2.72 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 1.60-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.10-1.40 (m, 18H), white solid (1.878 g). 1 H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.00 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.56 (d, The organic layer was dried over MgSO4 and evaporated to give the title compound as a

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine Step d) Preparation of N-{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-

5 undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)phenyl]methanamine gave the title compound as a white solid (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.46 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 3.90 (q, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 3.72 (s, 1H), 3.70 (s, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 223 (step b) using 1-[4-(3-(84 %). 1 H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.08 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.63 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.41 HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.42 min (HPLC purity: 93.2 %) 1H), 2.81 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.75-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.19-1.49 (m, 19H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz)

- oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate Step e) Preparation of ethyl $oxo\{\{1-[4-(rrifluoromethyl]phenyl]ethyl]\{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-yourdecyl-1,2,4-you$
- 8 the title compound as a colorless oil (93 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.84 min (HPLC (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl] amine gave The same procedure as employed for the preparation of Example 1 (step b) using N-{1-[4-

purity: 99.9 %).

- oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid $Step f) \ Preparation \ of \ oxo\{\{1-\{4-\{trifluoromethyl\}phenyl\}ethyl\}\{4-\{3-undecyl-1,2,4-1\}\}\}$
- 23 amino} acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (91 %). ¹H NMR ((DMSO-d₆, 300 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) using ethyl $oxo\{\{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]\}$ MHz) 8 7.97-7.11 (m, 8H), 5.56 (q, 0.35H, J=7.1 Hz), 5.15 (q, 0.65H, J=6.8 Hz), 4.31-4.71

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 166 -

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 571.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.93 (HPLC purity: 99.9 %) (m, 2H), 2.65-2.79 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.77 (m, 5H), 1.06-1.38 (m, 16H), 0.83 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz).

y])benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-Example 259: oxo{{1-f4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-f3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt

(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.90 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %). (trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 using $oxo\{\{1-[4-x]\}$ acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (99 %). M

Example 260: ([(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-

5

Step a) Formation of 2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-carbaldehyde

ᇙ 20 0°C under N₂ atmosphere phosphorous oxy-chloride (123 g, 0.84 mol). The mixture was crude product purified by column chromatography over silica gel (PetEther / EtOAc) to anhydrous DCM (100 mL). The reaction mixture was slowly heated to 60°C for 72 h, stirred at rt for 2 h. To this was added slowly 2-butyl-1-benzofuran (35 g, 0.21 mol) in To a solution of DMF (59 g, 0.805 mol) in anhydrous DCM (300 mL) was added slowly at give 2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-carbaldehyde (30 g, 74 %) as a light brown liquid with water, brine and dried over MgSO4. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the cooled to rt and poured into ice and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed

0.149 mol) in water (25 mL) at 0 $^{\circ}$ C. The mixture was stirred at rt for 2 h. Water (300 mL) (12.2 g, 0.124 mol) in methanol (100 mL) was added hydroxylamine hydrochloride (10.3 g, Step b) Formation of 2-butyl-I-benzofuran-3-carbaldehyde oxime To a mixture of 2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-carbaldehyde (25 g, 0.124 mol) and sodium acetate was added to the reaction mixture and the product was extracted with EtOAc. The organic

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 167 -

carbaldehyde oxime (25 g, 93 %) as a light brown liquid. layer was dried and concentrated under vacuum to give crude 2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-

off, washed with THF and the filtrates were concentrated. The residue was dissolved in quenched with an aqueous NaOH solution (30 mL, 10 %) at -15°C. The solid was filtered mL) drop-wise at 0°C under N2. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 18 h and then solution of 2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-carbaldehyde oxime (25 g, 0.11 mol) in dry THF (100 To a suspension of LiAlH₄ (6.6 g, 0.173 mol) in anhydrous THF (400 mL) was added a Step c) Formation of (2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methylamine hydrochloride DCM (100 mL), washed with water, brine and dried over MgSO4. The solvent was

- 5 removed and the resulting crude product was dissolved in Et₂O. A saturated HCl solution of 300 MHz) δ 8.45 (br s, 3H), 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 2.85 (t, 2H, J=7.5 with EtOAc to give the title compound as a white solid (15 g, 54 %). $^{1}\mathrm{H}$ NMR (DMSO-d₆, ether was added while a white solid precipitated out. The white solid was filtered, washed Hz), 1.72-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.29 (m, 2H), 0.83 (t, 3H, J=7.3 Hz)
- 5 Step d) Formation of 4-{{[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}methyl)-Ndodecylbenzamide

butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methylamine hydrochloride, triethylamine and N-dodecyl-4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step a) but using (2-MHz) 87.76 (m, 2H), 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.29-7.18 (m, 2H), 6.23 (m, 1H), 3.87 formylbenzamide gave the title compound as a colorless oil (59%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300

8 0.86 (m, 6H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.49 min (HPLC purity: 97.4 %). (m, 4H), 3.46 (m, 2H), 2.75 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.77-1.56 (m, 5H), 1.45-1.23 (m, 20H), 0.98:

Step e) Formation of ethyl ([(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

23 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using 4-({[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}methyl)-N-dodecylbenzamide gave the title

PCT/EP03/00808

- 169 -

purity: 99.7 %) 4H), 1.35-1.10 (m, 23H), 0.88-0.72 (m, 6H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.34 min (HPLC compound as a colorless oil (83%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 87.71 (d, 1.3H, J= 8.1 1.3H), 4.45 (s, 0.7H), 4.40-4.18 (m, 4H), 3.37 (m, 2H), 2.48-2.5 (m, 2H), 1.61-1.45 (m, Hz), 7.62 (d, 0.7H, J= 8.1 Hz), 7.48-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.07 (m, 4H), 6.18 (m, 1H), 4.55 (s,

benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acia Step f) Formation of ([(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-

([(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]{4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (99%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.6 (m, 1H), 7.58 (t, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.40-7.30 M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 575.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.22 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %). (m, 2H), 3.36 (m, 2H), 2.39 (m, 2H), 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.17 (m, 20H), 0.80 (m, 6H) (m, 2H), 7.18-6.95 (m, 4H), 6.65 (m, 0.7H), 6.50 (m, 0.3H), 4.60-4.46 (m, 2H), 4.38-4.21

Example 261: {(1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-acetyl-N-dodecylbenzamide

acetylbenzoic acid and dodecylamine gave the title compound as a white solid (54%). ¹H The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using 4-

- 3.30 (m, 2H), 2.56 (s, 1.5H), 2.54 (s, 1.5H), 1.63-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.05 (m, 18H), 0.78 NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.00-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.85-7.71 (m, 2H), 6.05 (br s, 1H), 3.41-(m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 330.4; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 332.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.87 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %)
- 25 acetyl-N-dodecylbenzamide and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 223 (step b) but using 4-Step b) Formation of N-dodecyl-4-(1-[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}ethyl)benzamide

(Condition A), Rt: 5.51 min (HPLC purity: 50.0 %) as a colorless oil (71%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 489.1; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 491.5. HPLC

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step c) Formation of ethyl {(1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4

- 5 M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 591.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.24 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-2H), 3.50-3.38 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.48 (m, 6H), 1.43-1.10 (m, 21H), 0.88 (m, 3H). 7.39-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.09-5.90 (m, 1H), 4.67-4.37 (m, 2H), 4.30-4.08 (m, as a white foam (54%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.64-7.41 (m, 2H), dodecyl-4-(1-{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}ethyl)benzamide gave the title compound
- $\{(1\hbox{-}\{4\hbox{-}[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}\}ethyl)[4\hbox{-}$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step d) Formation of ((1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4-
- (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino) (oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (m, 18H), 0.90 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 562.6; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 563.7. HPLC 0.3H), 5.28 (m, 0.7H), 4.60-4.31(m, 2H), 3.38 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.66-1.56 (m, 5H), 1.36 (91%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.75 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.48-7.19 (m, 6H), 5.75 (m, (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).
- 20 Example 262: {(1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-(methylamino)glucitol) salt benzy]]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1
- glucamine and {(1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-

23 (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (82%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 562.5; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 564.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.27

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 170 -

min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₄₁F₃N₂O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*1.0 H₂O: C, 58.82; H, 7.79; N, 5.42%. Found: C, 58.92; H, 7.96; N, 5.35%

Example 263: {(4-{[(4-octylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-{[(4-octylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){4-(trifluoro-methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using 4({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoic acid and 4octylaniline gave the title compound as a colorless oil (22%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz)
- 8 7.89-6.60 (m, 12H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 4.44-4.21 (m, 4H), 2.65-2.36 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.40 (m, 3H), 1.38-1.08 (m, 13H), 0.81 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 597.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.75 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Step b) Formation of {(4-{{(4-octylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- 15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-{[(4-octylphenyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){4-} (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a brown oil (95%).

 1'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.30 (m, 1H), 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46 (m, 3H),

 7.27-7.04 (m, 6H), 4.62-4.46 (m, 4H), 2.55 (t, 2H, J= 7.5 Hz), 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.25 (m, 10H),
- 20 0.86 (t, 3H, J=6.5 Hz). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 567.2; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 569.6. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.24 min (HPLC purity: 97.0 %).

Example 264: {(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

(<u>0x0)acetic acid</u> Step a) Formation of N-(3-chlorobenzyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

25 yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 1-[4-(3-undecy]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)phenyl]methanamine and 3-chlorobenzaldehyde gave the

- 171 -

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

title compound as a colorless oil (86%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-ds, 300 MHz) δ 8.03 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.58 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (s, 1H), 7.65-7.23 (m, 3H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H) 3.30 (s, 1H), 2.75 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.79-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.16 (m, 16H), 0.84 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H), HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.19 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(3-chlorobenzyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a yellow oil (95%). HNMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.07 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, as a yellow oil (95%).

₀ J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55-7.13 (m, 6H), 4.60 (d, 2H), 4.51 (d, 2H), 4.34-4.21 (m, 2H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.62 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.11 (m, 19H), 0.84 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.72 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step c) Formation of {(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ((3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino) (oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (91%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 7.91 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29-6.97 (m, 4H), 4.48-4.23 (m, 4H), 2.60 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.64-1.47 (m, 2H), 1.25-0.95 (m, 16H), 0.67 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H).

 M(I_CMS(ESI)): 524.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.23 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).
- Example 265: {(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-
- yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (93%). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 523.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.24 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis

300 MHz) 8 7.52-7.21 (m, 6H), 6.95 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz) 6.8 (d, 1H, J=8.5 Hz), 5.30 (m, 1H), 4.47-4.05 (m, 4H), 2.85-2.60 (m, 1H), 2.45-2.26 (m, 2H), 1.80-1.10 (m, 31H), 1.05-0.86 (m, 4H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 643.9; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 645.2.·HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.85 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

s Step g) Formation of {(cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]{4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (94%). ¹H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) & 7.85-7.24 (m, 6H), 6.85 (m, 2H), 5.30 (m, 0.6H), 4.62-4.32 (m, 1.4H), 2.74-2.65 (m, 0.6H), 2.31-2.21 (m, 1.4H), 1.68-1.45 (m, 8H), 1.24 (m, 22H), 1.05-0.86 (m, 4H). M (LCMS(ESI)): 615.1; M (LCMS(ESI)): 617.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.30 min (HPLC purity: 97.0 %).

Example 267: oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-

naphthyllmethyl}amino)acetic acid

Step a) Preparation of methyl 4-methyl-1-naphthoate
To a stirred solution of 4-methyl-1-naphthoic acid (25 g, 0.13 mol) in methanol (350 mL), thionylchloride (39g, 0.33 mol) was added and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 15 h. Excess of thionylchloride and methanol was distilled off. The residue was taken up in DCN (400 mL), washed with an aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (10%), water, brine and dried over MgSO₄. The solvent was removed under vacuum to give 4-methyl-1-naphthoic acid methyl ester (22.5 g, 83%) as pale yellow solid.

20

Step b) Preparation of methyl 4-(bromomethyl)-1-naphthoate

To a stirred solution of methyl 4-methyl-1-naphthoate (22.5 g, 0.112 mol) in CCl₄ (500 mL) was added NBS (22 g, 0.123 mol) and benzoylperoxide (10% w/w). The reaction mixture was allowed to reflux at 80°C for 7 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and

23

filtered off. The solid and concentrated under vacuum and the obtained crude product (30 g) was used for further reaction.

-175-

Step c) Preparation of methyl 4-(azidomethyl)-1-naphthoate

To a solution of methyl 4-(bromomethyl)-1-naphthoate (30 g, 0.107 mol) in anhydrous

5 DMSO (300 mL) was added NaN3 portion wise (14g, 0.215 mol) at 0°C and stirred at rt for

16 h. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with water (500 mL), extracted with EtOAc (2x

250 mL), washed with water, brine and dried over MgSO4. The solvent was removed under

vacuum to give methyl 4-(azidomethyl)-1-naphthoate (20 g, 77%).

Step d) Preparation of methyl 4-(aminomethyl)-1-naphthoate hydrochloride

and water (210 mL), was added triphenylphosphine (31 g, 0.078 mol) in THF (400 mL) and water (210 mL), was added triphenylphosphine (31 g, 0.118 mol). The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 4 h then concentrated under vacuum, extracted with EtOAc (350 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under vacuum. The resulting residue was taken up in an aqueous solution of HCl (75 mL, 2N), washed with diethylether (2x 150 mL). The aqueous layer was treated with an aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ (10%) until pH 7. The mixture was then extracted with ethylacetate (2x 150 mL), washed with brine, dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated. The product was slowly added to a saturated solution of HCl (g) in diethyl ether (75 mL) and filtered off the solid hydrochloride product. The product was washed with dry ether (2x 100 mL) to give methyl-4-(aminomethyl)-1-naphthoate hydrochloride (5.5 g).

M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 216.2. HNMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.75 (m, 1H), 8.25 (m, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.74 (m, 3H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H).

Step e) Preparation of methyl 4-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl}-1-naphthoate
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of example 226 (step a) gave the title
compound (74%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.77 (m, 1H), 8.24 (m, 1H), 8.09 (d,
1H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.71-7.57 (m, 7H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.90 (s, 2H).

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 374.2

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 172 -

calculated for C₂₉H₃₆ClN₃O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅•0.4 H₂O: C, 59.35; H, 7.44; N, 7.69%. Found: C, 59.32; H, 7.37; N, 7.63%

Example 266: {{cyclopentyl[4-{trifluoromethyl}phenyl]methyl}[4-{tridecanoylamino}-benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetic acid

- Step a) Preparation of N-methoxy-N-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide

 To a cold (0°C) solution of N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (2.5 g, 25.6 mmol)

 and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl chloride (prepared by refluxing a solution of 4
 (trifluoromethyl)benzoic acid in SOCl₂, 4.86 g, 23.3 mmol) in DCM (50 mL) was added dropwise pyridine (4.06 g, 51.26 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight and
- evaporated. The residue was dissolved in a mixture of DCM / Et₂O (1/1) (45 mL) and brine (45 mL) was added. The aqueous layer was separated and extracted twice with DCM / Et₂O (1/1) (45 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (45 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under vacuum to give the title compound as a yellow oil (4.88 g, 90 %). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) \delta 7.90-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.76-7.60 (m, 2H), 3.65-3.45 (m, 3H), 3.43-3.33 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 3.41 min (HPLC purity: 98.0
- Step b) Preparation of cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanone
 To a cold (0°C) solution of N-methoxy-N-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzamide (3.44 g.
 14.75 mmol) in anhydrous THF (70 mL) was added dropwise over a period of 30 minutes a solution of cyclopentylmagnesium bromide (2 M in diethyl ether, 29.5 mmol, 14.75 mL)

20

under inert atmosphere of N₂. The reaction mixture was slowly allowed to warm to rt overnight. An aqueous solution of HCl (1N, 50 mL) was added and the resulting mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (1x 50 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under vacuum to give a brown oil (3.0 g). Purification by chromatography (SiO₂, DCM/c-Hex 1/3) gave the title compound as a colorless oil (610 mg, 17 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.24 (d, J= 8.1

23

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 3.96-3.79 (m, 1H), 2.21-2.00 (m, 4H), 2.01-1.71 (m, 4H)

- 173 -

Step c) Formation of N-{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}-N-(4-methyl)-N-(4-methyl)-N-(4-methyl)

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.22 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %)

amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 223 (step b) but using cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanone and 4-nitrobenzylamine gave the title compound as an oil (67%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 377.2; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 379.2

Step d) Formation of ethyl [{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl] methyl}{4-nitrobenzyl)amino] (oxo)acetate

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N(cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-N-(4-nitrobenzyl)amine gave the title
 compound as a colorless oil (68%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.02-7.90 (m, 2H), 7.557.38 (m, 4H), 7.11-6.99 (m, 2H), 4.60-4.30 (m, 4H), 4.20-4.02 (m, 1H), 2.78-2.61 (m, 1H),
 1.78-1.38 (m, 7H), 1.30-0.91 (m, 4H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 477.8; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 479.1
- 15 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.72 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %).
- Step e) Formation of ethyl ((4-aminobenzyl){cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]amino)(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using ethyl [{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}(4-nitrobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate and gave the title compound as a brown oil (36%). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 449.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.0 min (HPLC purity: 88.2 %).

20

- Step f) Formation of ethyl {{cyclopentyl[4-{triftuoromethyl]phenyl] methyl}[4-{tridecanoyl-amino}benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step d) but using ethy ((4-aminobenzyl)) (cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl) amino)(oxo)acetate and tridecanoyl chloride gave the title compound as a colorless oil (76%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃,

PCT/EP03/00808

- 176 -

Step f) Preparation of 4-{[[4-{trifluoromethyl})benzyl]amino}methyl}-1-naphthoic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of example 1 (step e) but using 4-([4(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl}-1-naphthoic acid gave the title compound (74%).
M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 360.2; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 358.3. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 13.3
(m, 1H), 9.90 (m, 1H), 8.91-8.84 (m, 1H), 8.28-8.22 (m, 1H), 8.12 (d, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.987.89 (m, 5H), 7.76-7.65 (m, 2H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H).

Step g) Formation of 4-{{(tert-butoxycarbonyl){4-{trifluoromethyl}benzyl]amino}methyl}-1naphthotc acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step b) but using 4({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)-1-naphthoic acid gave the title compound as a
white foam (55%). HNMR (DMSO-de, 300 MHz) & 8.89 (m, 1H), 8.22-8.06 (m, 2H),
7.69-7.56 (m, 4H), 7.45-7.31 (m, 3H), 4.97 (s, 2H), 4.55-4.41 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.35 (m, 9H).
M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 458.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.72 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Step h) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl}carbamate

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 258 (step a and b) but using 4-({(tert-butoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} methyl)-1-naphthoic acid and gave the title compound as a colorless oil (76%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 9.15 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 8.30-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.64-7.50 (m, 3H), 7.37 (d, 1H, J= 8.7 Hz), 7.33-7.18 (m, 2H), 5.02-4.87 (m, 2H), 4.55-4.33 (m, 2H), 2.88 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.93-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.50 (m, 9H), 1.46-1.22 (m, 16H), 0.86 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.84 min (HPLC punity: 100 %).
- Step i) Formation of N-[4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl)amine hydrochloride
- 25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl} carbamate gave the title compound as a foam (98%). H NMR (CDCl₃,

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 177 -

300 MHz) δ 10.68 (m, 1H), 9.07 (m, 1H), 8.23 (d, 1H, J=7.5 Hz), 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.69-7.51 (m, 6H), 4.31 (br s, 2H), 3.91 (br s, 2H), 2.82 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.17 (m 18H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.50 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Step j) Formation of ethyl oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] [[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-

- s 5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl]amino)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl}amine hydrochloride gave the title compound as a colorless oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 9.17 (m, 1H), 8.30 (d, 0.4H, J=7.5 Hz), 8.22 (d, 0.6H, J=7.5 Hz), 8.05 (m, 0.6H),
- 7.95 (m, 0.4H), 7.76-7.46 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.24 (m, 3H), 5.08 (s, 1.2H), 4.88 (s, 0.8H), 4.65 (s, 0.8H), 4.37 (s, 1.2H), 4.36-4.24 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.20 (m, 19H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.17 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).
- Step k) Formation of oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] {[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl]amino)acetic acid
- oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] {[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl} amino)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (35%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) § 9.03 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 8.32-8.15 (m, 2H), 7.80-7.30 (m, 7H), 5.17
- (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.68 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 2.86 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.05 (m, 16H), 0.83 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 608.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.51 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Example 268: oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-y])-1-naphthyl]methyl]amino)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine [i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-glucito]) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]methyl}amino)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (87%).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 178 -

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 608.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.45 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₄H₃₈F₃N₃O₄·C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 61.18; H, 6.89; N, 6.96%. Found: C, 57.94; H, 6.90; N, 6.58%

Example 269: {{cyclopentyl[4-{trifluoromethyl]phenyl[methyl]{4-{3-undecyl-1,2,4-

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 223 (step b) but using cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methanone and 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (55%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₈, 300 MHz) 8 8.00 (d, 2H), 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 4H), 3.62-3.34 (m, 2H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 2.12-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.60-0.92 (m, 25H), 0.83 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.42 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %).

 $Step\ b)\ Formation\ of\ ethyl\ \{\{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}\{4-(3-undecyl-trifluoromethyl)phenyl[methyl]\}\{4-(3-undecyl-trifluoromethyl)phenyl[uodecyl-trifluoromethyl]\}\{4-(3-undecyl-trifluoromethyl)phenyl[uodecyl-trifluoromethyl]\}\{4-(3-undecyl-trifluoromethyl)phenyl[uode$

1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

ä

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)pheriyl]methyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (86%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.41 (m, 5H), 7.15-7.04 (m, 2H), 4.57-4.31 (m, 5H), 2.81-2.63

20 (m, 3H), 1.83-1.13 (m, 28H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.09 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %).

Step c) Formation of {{cyclopentyl{4-{trifluoromethyl}phenyl]methyl}{4-{3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl}benzyl]amino}{oxadiazol-5-yl}benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

ĸ

{{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (92%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-46, 300 MHz) 8 7.87-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=8.2 Hz, 2H)

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 179 -

7.02 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 3H), 4.72-4.43 (m, 3H), 3.19-2.85 (m, 2H), 2.72 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.76-1.37 (m, 8H), 1.26-1.10 (m, 16H), 0.84 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 626.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.56 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Example 270: {{cyclopentyl[4-{trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-

s oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e., 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound acid gave the

(90%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 626.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %). Analysis calculated for C35H44F3N3O4.C7H17NO5.1.2 H2O: C, 59.73; H, 7.57; N, 6.63%. Found: C, 59.67; H, 7.65; N, 6.59%

Example 271: {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-(4-nitrophenyl)dibenzo[b,d]furan

To a mixture of dibenzofuran-4-boronic acid (30 g, 0.14 mol), 4-bromonitrobenzene (25.7 g, 0.127 mol), sodium carbonate (150 g) in toluene / water (500 mL / 500 mL) was added tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(0) (8.2 g, 0.7 mol %) and the resulting reaction mixture was refluxed for 20h under N₂ atmosphere. The toluene layer was separated and

concentrated to 200 mL. The concentrated solution was cooled to 0°C and filtered off. The collected solid was dried and dissolved in chloroform and the obtained solution was filtered through celite bed to remove insoluble materials. The filtrate was concentrated under vacuum to give the title compound (23 g, 58%).

Step b) Formation of 4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylaniline

A solution of 4-(4-nitrophenyl)dibenzo[b,d]furan (22 g) in EtOAc (800 mL) was hydrogenated in presence of Pd/C (10%, 4.2 g) for 12 h at rt under 2Kg of pressure. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the filtrates were concentrated. The residue was

- 180 -

crystallized from chloroform / PetEther (6/4) to give the title compound (16 g, 84%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.15 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.97 (d, 1H, J=7.6 Hz), 7.72 (d, 1H, J= 8.1 Hz), 7.65 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.57 (d, 1H, J=8.6 Hz), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.72 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.35 (s, 2H). M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 260.2

Step c) Formation of N-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylaniline and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a colorless oil (78%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 8.15 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 8.01 (m,

1H), 7.75-48 (m, 9H), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 6.74 (m, 3H), 4.47 (m, 2H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 416.2; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 418.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.72 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %).

Step d) Formation of ethyl {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (89%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.26-8.11 (m, 4H), 7.87-7.77 (m, 4H), 7.75-7.58 (m, 5H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 2H), 5.31 (s, 2H), 4.32 (q, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.27 (t, 3H, J=7.2 Hz). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 518.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.78 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

Step e) Formation of {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the

title compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 8.04 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.51 (m, 4H), 7.46-7.22 (m, 7H), 5.00 (s, 2H). M

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

(LC/MS(ESI)): 416.3 (M-CO-CO₂); M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 489.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt:

- 181 -

5.07 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %)

Example 272: {(4-dibenzo[b.d]furan-4-y]phenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (96%). M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 490.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.03 min (HPLC purity: 98.4%). Analysis calculated for C₂₈H₁₈F₃NO₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*1.5 H₂O: C, 59.07; H, 5.38; N, 3.94%.

Found: C, 59.26; H, 5.39; N, 3.91%

Example 273: {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(octyloxy)benzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (86%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.57 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.45 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.22(m, 2H), 6.85 (m, 2H), 3.93 (t, 2H, J=6.5 Hz), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 1.82-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.23 (m, 10H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 406.3

Step b) Formation of ethyl {{4-(octyloxy)benzyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)-

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.42 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (79%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) \(\delta\) 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.31(d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.17-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.81 (m, 2H), 4.50 (s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.24 (m, 4H), 3.93 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.24 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H).

25 4.41-4.24 (m, 4H), 3.93 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.24 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H).
M*(LCMS(ESI)): 494.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.22 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

WO 03/164376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 182 -

Step c) Formation of {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate gave the title

s compound as a white solid (51%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.48 (d, 0.8H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.37 (d, 1.2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.23 (d, 1.2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.21 (d, 0.8H, J=8.5 Hz), 6.95-6.80 (m, 2H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 3.96 (t, 2H, J=6.4 Hz), 1.85-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.30 (m, 10H), 0.91 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESD)): 464.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.57 min (HPLC purity: 96.8 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₅H₃₀F₃NO₄•0.9 H₂O: C, 62.33; 10 H, 6.65; N, 2.91%. Found: C, 62.09; H, 6.28; N, 2.78%

Example 274: {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-

methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

gave the title compound as a white solid (82%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 464.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.57 min (HPLC purity: 100 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₅H₃₀F₃NO₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*2.0 H₂O: C, 55.16; H, 7.38; N, 4.02%. Found: C, 55.21; H, 7.18;

 \simeq

Example 275: [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde

20

To a solution of 4-bromobenzaldehyde (30.0 g, 162.2 mmol), 1-decyne (26.9 g, 35 mL, 194.6 mmol), Cul (309 mg, 1.62 mmol) and of Et₃N (68 mL) in anhydrous THF (450 mL) were added PPh₃ (1.7 g, 6.49 mmol) and Pd(OAc)₂ (728 mg). The reaction mixture was refluxed under argon for 1 hour. After cooling to rt, the solution was concentrated under

reduced pressure and the residual oil was dissolved in hexane (480 mL). The solution was washed with an aqueous solution of HCl (0.1N, 1x), brine (2x), water (2x), dried over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give a brown oil. Purification

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 183 -

by chromatography on silicagel (c-Hex/EtOAc 20/1) gave the title compound as a yellow solid (34.7 g, 88%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 9.97 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 2.42 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.67-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.21 (m, 8H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.50 min (HPLC purity: 93.2 %).

Step b) Formation of N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine and N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-[(1Z)-dec-1-enyl]benzyl]amine in hplc ratio (74.3 / 24.3)

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and [2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compounds as a colorless oil (53%). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 382.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.65 (alkyne) and 4.73(alkene) min (HPLC purity: 74.3 (alkyne) and 24.3 (akene) %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino]-(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine and N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-

- 15 {4-[(1Z)-dec-1-enyl]benzyl}amine in hplc ratio (74.3 / 24.3) gave (after chromatography) the title compound as a colorless oil (2%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.37 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.24-6.91 (m, 6H), 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.38-4.23 (m, 3H), 3.50-3.34 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.76 (m, 2H), 2.38 (t, 2H, J=6.9 Hz), 1.65-1.53 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.22 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H) M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 482.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.40 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).
- 20 Step d) Formation of [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] (4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (32%). H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.25-6.93 (m, 6H),

25 4.95 (s, 0.8H), 4.59 (s, 1.2H), 3.95 (m, 1H), 3.53 (m, 1H), 2.90-2.73 (m, 2H), 2.39 (t, 2H, J= 6.9 Hz), 1.65-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.34-1.20 (m, 8H), 0.85 (m, 3H). M (LCMS(ESI)): 452.2; M (LCMS(ESI)): 455.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.85 min (HPLC

purity: 97.4 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₇H₃₂ClNO₃*0.5 H₂O; C, 70.04; H, 7.18; N, 3.03%. Found: C, 70.39; H, 7.12; N, 2.96%

Example 276: ([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(1Z)-dec-1-enyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl ([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] $\{4-\{(1Z)-dec-1-enyl\}benzyl\}amino\}-(oxo)acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine and N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-[(1Z)-dec-1-enyl]benzyl)amine in hplc ratio (74.3 / 24.3) gave (after chromatography)

the title compound as a colorless oil (2%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.32-6.96 (m, 8H), 6.39 (d, 1H, J=11.7 Hz), 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.36 (q, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 4.30 (s, 1H), 3.54-3.38 (m, 2H), 2.90-2.76 (m, 2H), 2.32 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.22 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H) M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 484.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.55 min (HPLC purity: 96.6 %).

Step b) Formation of ([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] [4-[(12]-dec-1-enyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)-acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(1Z)-dec-1-cnyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acctate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (69%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.29-6.99 (m, 8H), 6.37 (d, 1H, J=6.7 Hz), 5.68 (m, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.92 (s, 1H), 3.92 (m, 1H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.29 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.18 (m, 10H), 0.86 (m, 3H)

M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 454.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.96 min (HPLC purity: 95.9 %).

Example 277: {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

amino) (oxo) acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde

To a solution of 4-carboxybenzaldehyde (20.0 g, 133.2 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (500 mL) was added DIC (18.42g, 146.5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at rt for 30 min then a

25

- 185 -

solution of N-hydroxydodecanimidamide (31.41 g, 146.5 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (500 mL) was added in one portion. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt. The reaction was filtered, the collected solid washed with DCM and the solvent was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was heated at 115°C for 5 h in a mixture of toluene (285 mL) and pyridine (115 mL). The solvents were evaporated off and the resulting residue was purified on column (SiO₂, c-Hex/EtOAc 20/1) to give the title compound as a white solid (24.0 g, 55%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 10.1 (s, 1H), 8.18 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.94 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 2.33 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 1.74-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.18 (m, 16H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.83 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Step b) Formation of N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and [2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (62%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.99 (d, J=8.3 Hz,

2H), 7.37 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.21-6.96 (m, 4H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 2.87-2.78 (m, 2H), 2.77-2.66 (m, 4H), 1.80-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.10 (m, 16H), 0.80 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 468.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.1 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

2

Step c) Formation of ethyl {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (99%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.13 (dd, J1=1.7 Hz, J2=8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.46-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.18-6.95 (m, 2H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.42-4.30 (m, 3H), 3.57-3.44 (m, 2H), 2.92-2.76 (m, 4H), 1.89-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.19 (m,
- 25 19H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 568.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.78 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

PCT/EP03/00808

- 187 -

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step d) Formation of {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

66.27; H, 7.12; N, 7.73%. Found: C, 66.10; H, 7.16; N, 7.64% Rt: 6.21 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %). Analysis calculated for C30H38CIN3O4*0.2 H2O: C, 1.41-1.09 (m, 16H), 0.80 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 538.0. HPLC (Condition A), gave the title compound as a white powder (85%). ^{1}H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.08 (d, 1H), 3.84 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (t, J=7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.91-2.67 (m, 4H), 1.80-1.65 (m, 2H), J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.94 (br s, 1H), 7.36-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20-6.91 (m, 4H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example I (step e) but using ethyl

glucamine and {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-Damino}(oxo)acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e., 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito]) salt Example 278: {[2-(2-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]- 5

2 59.84; H, 7.70; N, 7.48% calculated for C30H38CIN3O4.C7H17NO5*0.3 H2O: C, 60.00; H, 7.57; N, 7.56%. Found: C, (LC/MS(ESI)): 538.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.17 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %). Analysis yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (84%). M

Example 279: $oxo\{\{(IR)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecy]-1,2,4-(3-undecy]-$

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

70

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine $Step\ a)\ Formation\ of\ N-\{(1R)-1-\{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl\}ethyl\}-N-\{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl\}ethyl\}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]ethyl]ethyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl]ethyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl[4-(3-undecyl$

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and (1R)-1-[4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(3-

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (71%). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 502.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.04 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

z

1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl $oxo\{\{(IR)-1-\{4-(triftuoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl]\{4-\{3-undecyl-yephologyl-$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N- $\{(1R)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-1,2,5-0xadiazol-5-1,2,5-$

- J=7.0 Hz, 0.5H), 4.80-4.06 (m, 4H), 2.86-2.73 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.60 (d, J=7.2 Hz, 1.5H), 1.54 (d, J=7.3 Hz, 1.5H), 1.49-1.13 (m, 19H), 0.89 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H), M 2H), 7.30 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.94 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 0.5H), 5.12 (q, MHz) δ 8.04 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.64-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.38 (m, yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (89%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300
- 5 (LCMS(ESI)): 600.1; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 602.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.75 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid Step c) Formation of $oxo\{\{(IR)-I-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl]\{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1)pheny$

7.37 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J=8.1 Hz, $oxo\{\{(1R)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-nyl-1,2,4$ 1H), 6.02 (q, J=6.5 Hz, 0.5H), 5.75 (q, J=6.5 Hz, 0.5H), 4.99 (d, J=17 Hz, 0.5H), 4.67-4.49 (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.94 (d, J=7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.44 (m, 2H), yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (88%). 1H NMR The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

20 (m, 1H), 4.14 (d, J=17 Hz, 0.5H), 2.78-2.64 (m, 2H), 1.81-1.63 (m, 2H), 1.55 (d, J=6.4 Hz, (LC/MS(ESI)): 572.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.21 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %). 1.5H), 1.45 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 1.5H), 1.40-1.07 (m, 16H), 0.80 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H), M

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-Example 280: $oxo\{(IR)-1-I4-(tifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-indecyl-$

ដ (methylamino)glucitol) salt

glucamine and $oxo\{\{(1R)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-ylucamine and oxolucamine and$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-

Found: C, 58.58; H, 7.31; N, 7.12% Analysis calculated for C31H38F3N3O4.C7H17NO5.0.5 H2O: C, 58.67; H, 7.26; N, 7.20%. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.18 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %), oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (86%).

Example 281: oxo{[4-(trifluoromethy]]pheny][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-y])benzyl]amino) acetic acio

Step a) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(3-

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)aniline gave the title purity: 97.5 %). (LC/MS(ESI)): 472.5; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 474.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.78 min (HPLC J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.80-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.07 (m, 16H), 0.80 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). M 7.42 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.40 (s, 2H), 2.71 (t, compound as a colorless oil (76%). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.03 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H),

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo[[4-(triftuoromethyl]phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-

8 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 572.3; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 574.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %) J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (t, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 1.88-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.17 (m, 16H), 1.04 (t, J=7.2 compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.09 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.4 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.08 (q,

- 189 -

J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.97 gave the title compound as a white powder (54%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.98 (d, oxo {[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino} acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

H, 6.28; N, 7.70%. Found: C, 63.77; H, 6.32; N, 7.60% A), Rt: 6.12 min (HPLC purity: 97.5 %). Analysis calculated for C29H34F3N3O4: C, 63.84; (s, 2H), 2.70 (t, J=7.53 Hz, 2H), 1.76-1.61 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.09 (m, 16H), 0.8 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.5 (M-CO-CO₂); M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 546.4. HPLC (Condition

Example 282: oxo {[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

5 yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

methylamino)glucitol) salt

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (89%). M glucamine and $oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylucamine)][4-(3-undecyl-5-ylu$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-

(LCMS(ESI)): 472.5 (M-CO-CO₂). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.09 min (HPLC purity: 100 7.47%. Found: C, 57.40; H, 7.13; N, 7.36% %). Analysis calculated for C29H34F3N3O4.C7H17NO5*0.5 H2O: C, 57.67; H, 6.99; N

Example 283: $oxo\{\{(1S)-1-[4-\{trifluoromethy]\}pheny]\}ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-1]]$ oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of benzyl $4-[(\{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl]amino)$ methyl]benzoate

compound as a pale yellow oil (83%). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 414.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. benzyl 4-formylbenzoate and (1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using

25 3.77 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

ethyl}amino)methyl]benzoate Step b) Formation of benzyl 4-[((tert-butoxycarbonyl){(IS)-1-[4-(triftuoromethyl)phenyl]-

²⁵ Step c) Formation of oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step b) but using benzyl 4-[({(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)methyl]benzoate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (90%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.48 min (HPLC purity: 66.5%).

- Step c) Formation of tert-butyl (1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]carbamate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 258 (step a and b) but using benzyl 4-[((tert-butoxycarbonyl){(1S)-1-[4-
- using cenzyl 4-[((tert-butoxycarbonyl){(IS)-1-[4(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)methyl]benzoate and N-hydroxydodecanimidamide
- gave the title compound as a colorless oil (85%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.02 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34-7.17 (m, 4H), 4.47 (br s, 1H), 4.35 (br s, 1H), 2.75 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.14 (m, 29H), 0.90 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 8.02 min (HPLC purity: 95.7 %).

Step d) Formation of N-{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

5

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tertbutyl (1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]carbamate and gave the hydrochloride salt of the title compound. The salt was
- poured in DCM and the resulting solution washed with an aqueous solution of NaOH (1N).

 The solvent was dried over MgSO₄ filtered and evaporated to give the title compound as a colorless oil (98%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 10.18 (br s, 0.5H), 9.76 (br s, 0.5H), 8.1 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.90-7.79 (m, 4H), 7.75 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.63-4.48 (m, 1H), 4.30-5.16 (m, 1H), 4.04-3.90 (m, 1H), 3.00 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.78-1.63 (m, 5H), 1.41-1.24 (m, 16H), 0.84 (t, J=7.3 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.59 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %).
- 25 Step e) Formation of ethyl oxo{{(1S}-1-{4-{trifluoromethyl}phenyl]ethyl}{4-{3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl}benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-

- 191 -

{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (93%).

Step f) Formation of 0x0{{(IS}-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-0xadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo {{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (93%), ¹H NMR (DMSO-D₆, 300 MHz) & 7.80-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.16 (m, 6H), 7.02 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (m, 0.3H), 4.95 (m, 0.7H), 4.55-4.23 (m, 2H), 2.59-2.48 (m, 2H), 1.40 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.59-2.48 (m, 2H), 1.40 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.59-2.48 (m, 2H),
- 2.1H), 1.35 (d, J=6.5 Hz, 0.9H), 1.19-0.90 (m, 16H), 0.65 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 572.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 573.9. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.29 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Example 284: oxo{{(IS}-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyllamino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

15 (methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and oxo { ((1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} [4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino} acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (92%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 574.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.32 min

20 (HPLC purity: 98.7 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₃₈F₃N₃O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅•0.9 H₂O: C, 58.14; H, 7.29; N, 7.14%. Found: C, 58.18; H, 7.27; N, 7.19%

Example 285: [(2-chlorobenzy])(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(3-chlorobenzyl)-N-(4-dec-1-ymylbenzyl)amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-

dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 3-chlorobenzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (60%). H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.37-7.19 (m, 8H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 2H),
 2.37 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.64-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.19 (m, 8H), 0.91-0.81

(m, 3H) M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 368.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.60 min (HPLC purity: 84.1 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl [(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino] (oxo)acetate
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(3-chlorobenzyl)-N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil

chlorobenzyl)-N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (52%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.21-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.11-7.00 (m, 3H), 6.99-6.84 (m, 3H), 4.25 (s, 1H), 4.22 (s, 1H), 4.18-4.04 (m, 4H), 2.19 (t, 2H), 1.52-0.95 (m, 15H), 0.69 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.35 min (HPLC purity: 95.4 %).

Step c) Formation of [(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (92%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.49-7.04 (m, 8H), 4.50 (s, 4H), 2.43 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.71-1.25 (m, 12H), 0.94 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 438.1 HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.73 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).Analysis calculated for

C₂₆H₃₀ClNO₃•0.3 H₂O: C, 70.12; H, 6.92; N, 3.14%. Found: C, 69.95; H, 6.73; N, 3.01%

Example 286: [(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito]) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and [(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (78%). M(ESI): 438.0; M*(ESI): 440.2. HPLC (Condition

A), Rt: 5.70 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₆H₃₀ClNO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅-0.3 H₂O: C, 61.87; H, 7.49; N, 4.37%. Found: C, 61.59; H, 7.48; N, 4.2007

Example 287: [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-oct-1-ynylbenzaldehyde

25

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 275 (step a) but using 4-

bromobenzaldehyde and 1-octyne gave the title compound as a yellow oil (84%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 9.97 (s, 1H), 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 2.42 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.67-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.24 (m, 6H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 215.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.17 min (HPLC purity: 78.6 %).

- 193 –

Step b) Formation of N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step a) but using 4-oct1-ynylbenzaldehyde and [2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compound as a
colorless oil (62%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.26 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.19-7.08 (m,
5H), 7.03-6.96 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 2.83-2.67 (m, 2H), 2.32 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.63-1.44

(m, 2H), 1.44-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.31-1.15 (m, 6H), 0.83 (t, J=8.3 Hz, 3H), M*(LC/MS(ESI)):

Step c) Formation of ethyl [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

354.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.31 min (HPLC purity: 97.5 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as a colorless

(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (81%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.39 (d, J=7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.29-6.91 (m, 6H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.25 (m, 3H), 3.53-3.35 (m, 2H), 2.82 (q, J=7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.69-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.25 (m, 9H), 0.90 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M⁺(LC/MS(ESJ)): 454.3 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.92 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

20 Step d) Formation of [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl
[[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound
as a colorless oil (96%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.39-6.85 (m, 8H), 4.49 (s, 1H),
4.32 (s, 1H), 3.48-3.28 (m, 2H), 2.78 (t, 1=7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (t, 1=7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (t,

J=6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.59-1.10 (m, 8H), 0.80 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 424.2

- 194 --

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.31 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %). Analysis calculated for C25H26ClNO3+0.1 H2O: C, 70.20; H, 6.64; N, 3.27%. Found: C, 69.97; H, 6.76; N, 3.20%

Example 288: [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl]amino][oxo]acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito]] salt

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (92%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 424.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.32 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₅H₂₈CINO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅-0.5 H₂O: C, 60.99; H, 7.36; N, 4.45%. Found: C, 60.98; H, 7.46; N, 4.40%
- Example 289: [(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)]4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amine

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)aniline gave the title compound as a colorless oil (50%). H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.32 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J=8.3
- 15 Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.50 (d, J=8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.28 (s, 2H), 2.32 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.60-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.31 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.11 (m, 8H), 0.87-0.75 (m, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 386.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.43 min (HPLC purity: 82.6 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}-(oxo)acetate

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amine and tert-butyl chloro(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (27%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.58 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (s, 2H), 2.38 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.65-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.37 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.22 (m, 8H),
- 25 1.17 (s, 9H), 0.87 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 460.1 (M-t-Bu). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC purity: 97.1 %).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 195 -

Step c) Formation of $\{(4\text{-dec-}l\text{-ynylbenzyl})\{4\text{-(triftuoromethyl)phenyl]amino}\}(oxo)acetic acid$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step c) but using tert-butyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a yellow foam (60%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 2H), 5.76 (s, 1H), 4.96 (s, 2H), 2.38 (t, 2H), 1.59-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.44-1.15 (m, 12H), 0.84 (t, J=6.7 Hz, 3H). M (ESI): 458. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.70 min (HPLC purity: 94.6 %).

Example 290; ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyllethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

5

Step a) Formation of N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[1-[4-(frifluoromethyl]phenyl]ethyl]amine The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 1-[4-(frifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethanamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (54%). M[†](ESI): 416.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.67 min

15 (HPLC purity: 87.6 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)(1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl)-amino)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amine gave the title compound

20 as a colorless oil (60%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.63-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.07-6.95 (m, 2H), 5.81 (m, 0.5H), 5.03 (m, 0.5H), 4.77-3.86 (m, 4H), 2.38 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.66-1.21 (m, 18H), 0.88 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 3H). M⁺(ESI): 516.2. HFLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.38 min (HPLC purity: 98.2 %).

Step c) Formation of ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl]ethyl}amino)25 (0x0)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl) {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title

66.52; H, 6.78; N, 2.77%. Found: C, 66.73; H, 6.82; N, 2.72% Rt: 5.76 min (HPLC purity: 98.2 %). Analysis calculated for C28H32F3NO3-1.0 H2O: C, 4.93 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 0.6H), 4.39-4.15 (m, 1.4H), 4.00-3.89 (m, 0.6H), 2.20-2.13 (m, 2H), 1.41-0.96 (m, 15H), 0.66 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 486.3. HPLC (Condition A), 7.38-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.10-6.70 (m, 3H), 6.78 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (q, J=7.2 Hz, 0.4H), compound as a colorless oil (85%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) & 7.53-7.39 (m, 2H)

C28H32F3NO3.C3H17NO3-1.0 H2O: C, 59.99; H, 7.33; N, 4.00%. Found: C, 60.22; H, 7.37; (Condition A), Rt: 5.79 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %). Analysis calculated for acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (84%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 486.1. HPLC glucamine and ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-Dacid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt Example 291; ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

8 To a cold (0°C) solution H₂SO₄ (2.68 g, 27.3 mmol) in CH₃CN (91 mL) was added dropwise a solution of 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)-2-propanol (1.86 g. 9.1 mmol) in Step a) Formation of N-{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}acetamide oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 292: {{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-

MHz) 87.69 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.79 (s, 6H), HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.18 min (HPLC purity: 97.2 %). evaporated to give the title compound as white solid (2.00 g, 90%). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 20 mL), an aqueous solution of NaOH (IN) (2x 20 mL), dried over MgSO4, filtered and extracted with Et₂O (2x 50mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with H_2O (2) h. The solvent was evaporated under vacuo and $\rm H_2O$ was added (20 mL). The mixture was CH₃CN (9.1 mL). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1h then at rt for 23

25

- 197 -

solid was then poured into Et₂O (50 mL) and a 1N aqueous solution of NaOH (20 mL) white precipitate was collected, washed with Et₂O (3x 10 mL) and dried under vacuo. This dissolved in Et₂O (30 mL) and a saturated solution of HCl in Et₂O (10 mL) was added. The extracted with Et₂O (3x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (4x), dried over MgSO4, filtered and evaporated to give a colorless oil. This oil was mixture was heated for 48 h at 170°C. After cooling to rt, the reaction mixture was mmol) in ethylene glycol (5 mL) was added KOH (3.66 g, 8.16 mmol) and the resulting To a solution N-{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} acetamide (2.0 g, 8.16 Step b) Formation of 1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine

NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.60-7.46 (m, 4H), 1.53 (br s, 2H), 1.43 (s, 6H). HPLC Et₂O. The combined organic layers were washed with water (2x 20 mL), dried over were added. The organic layer was separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with (Condition A), Rt: 1.73 min (HPLC purity: 94.0 %). MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give the title compound as colorless oil (1.2 g, 72 %). ¹H

5 Step c) Formation of N-{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzylJamine

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (78%). 1H The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(3-

20 NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.07 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.73-7.59 (m, 4H), 7.49 (d, J=8.3 Hz, (HPLC purity: 98.2 %) 19H), 0.88 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 516.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.02 mir 2H), 3.57 (s, 2H), 2.80 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.47-1.17 (m,

1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step d) Formation of ethyl {{1-methyl-1-{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}{4-(3-undecyl-

methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-{1-

PCT/EP03/00808

- 198 -

yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a yellow oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.15 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.70-7.50 (m, 4H), 7.42 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 4.92-4.75 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.18 (m, 1.3H), 3.65-3.52 (m, 0.7H), 2.79 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.91-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.60 (m, 3H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 1.48-1.00 (m, 19H), 0.87 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M

(LC/MS(ESI)): 614.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 616.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %).

Step e) Formation of {{1-methyl-1-{4-{trifluoromethyl}phenyl]ethyl}{4-{3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl}benzyl}amino}{oxadiazol-5-yl}benzyl}amino}{oxo}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

{{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless foam (94%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 8.08 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.03 (s, 2H), 2.80 (t, J=7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.82-1.48 (m, 8H), 1.40-1.10 (m, 16H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 586.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt.

Example 293: {{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-

oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

6.21 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). Analysis calculated for C32H40F3N3O4*0.2 H2O: C, 65.00;

H, 6.89; N, 7.11%. Found: C, 64.64; H, 6.69; N, 6.84%

2

(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}{oxoacetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (95%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 586.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.22 min (HPLC purity: 99.9%). Analysis calculated for C₃₂H₄₀F₃N₃O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅-1.5 H₂O: C, 57.84; H, 7.47; N,

25 6.92%. Found: C, 57.79; H, 7.46; N, 6.88%

Example 294: {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 199 -

Step a) Formation of 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 277 (step a) but using 4-carboxybenzaldehyde and N-hydroxynonanimidamide gave the title compound as a beige solid (34%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.1 (s, 1H), 8.29 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 8.03 (d,

2H, J=8.3 Hz), 2.81 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 1.86-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.46-1.21 (m, 10H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.16 min (HPLC purity: 95.4 %).

Step b) Formation of N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and [2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (76%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.06 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23-7.00 (m, 4H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 2.95-2.68 (m, 6H), 1.75-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.20 (m, 10H), 0.87 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 3H). M[†](LC/MS(ESJ)): 426.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.35 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

15 Step c) Formation of ethyl {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (59%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.05 (dd, J1=8.3 Hz,

I2=1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 7.09-6.87 (m, 2H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.43-4.22 (m, 3H), 3.48-3.35 (m, 2H), 2.84-2.68 (m, 4H), 1.80-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.14 (m, 13H), 0.87 (t, I=7.0 Hz, 3H). M(LCMS(ESI)): 524.4; M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 526.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.06 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

20

Step d) Formation of {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

25 amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

Analysis calculated for C27H32CIN5O4*0.5 H2O: C, 63.96; H, 6.56; N, 8.29%. Found: C, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 496.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.48 min (HPLC purity: 100 %). 3.49 (m, 2H), 3.03-2.76 (m, 4H), 1.90-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.24 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, J=7.0 Hz J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.60-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.09 (m, 4H), 4.72 (s, 1.2H), 4.57 (s, 0.8H), 3.67gave the title compound as a colorless oil (79%). 'H NMR (CD3OD, 300 MHz) & 8.14 (d,

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito]) salt Example 295: {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1.2.4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

63.96; H, 6.59; N, 8.20%

- 56.83; H, 7.48; N, 7.77% calculated for C₂₇H₃₂ClN₃O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*1.5 H₂O: C, 56.70; H, 7.28; N, 7.78%. Found: C, (LC/MS(ESI)): 496.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.51 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %). Analysis yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (68%). M glucamine and {[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-
- (oxo)acetic acid Example 296: {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-
- Step a) Formation of N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-N-[4-(triftuoromethyl)-

8 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 223 (step b) but using 4-(3-

compound as a colorless oil (49%). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 446.4. octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title

Step b) Formation of ethyl [[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylJamino}(oxo)acetate

25 compound as a colorless oil (89%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.05 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), (3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-

- 201 -

Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 544.3; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 546.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.98 4.34-4.23 (m, 2H), 2.78-2.67 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.11 (m, 13H), 0.81 (t, J=7.2 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %). 8.02 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60-7.49 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.22 (m, 4H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H),

 $Step\ c)\ Formation\ of\ \{[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(1-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-oxadi$ amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl gave the title compound as a colorless oil (90%). $^1 \mathrm{H}\,\mathrm{NMR}$ (CD3OD, 300 MHz) $8\,8.16$ -8.04{[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

Rt: 5.45 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %). Analysis calculated for C₂₇H₃₀F₃N₃O_{4*}0.2 H₂O: C, (m, 2H), 7.71-7.38 (m, 6H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.76 (m, 2H), 62.23; H, 5.88; N, 8.06%. Found: C, 62.10; H, 6.04; N, 7.87% 1.52-1.25 (m, 10H), 0.91 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 516.2. HPLC (Condition A)

Example 297: {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

- ᅜ N, 7.55% C27H30F3N3O4.C7H17NO5*1.0 H2O: C, 55.88; H, 6.76; N, 7.67%. Found: C, 55.54; H, 6.79; 516.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %). Analysis calculated for glucamine and {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (82%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): (oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-
- Example 298: {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid
- Step a) Formation of 4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde
- To a solution of 1-bromodecane (10.0 g, 40.12 mmol) and 4-hydroxy-1-naphtaldehyde The mixture was stirred at 50°C for 5 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and (6.29 g, 36.5 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (150 mL) was added NaOMe (2.38 g, 44.1 mmol) .

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 202 –

concentrated under vacuo. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with brine (3x), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure to give an orange solid. Purification by chromatography (SiO₂, c-Hex/EtOAc 9/1) gave the title product as a beige powder (11.12 g, 81%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.2 (s, 1H), 9.29 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 8.35 (d, 1H, J=8.7 Hz), 7.90 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.57 (m, 1H), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 4.23 (t, 2H, J=6.4 Hz), 2.01-1.79 (m, 2H), 1.68-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.20 (m, 16H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.61 min (HPLC purity: 85.8 %).

Step b) Formation of $N-\{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl\}-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amine$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4- (dodecyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (66%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.20 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.76-7.41 (m, 6H), 7.32 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.19-4.11 (m, 4H), 3.63 (s, 2H), 1.96-1.84 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.47 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.20 (m, 16H), 8.77 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.41 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-

{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title

compound as a colorless oil (88%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.20 (d, J=7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=8.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.76 (m, 0.5H), 7.60-7.44 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 1.5H), 7.19 (t, J=8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 0.5H), 6.72 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 0.5H), 6.68 (d, J=7.9 Hz, 0.5H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.79 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.40-4.23 (m, 3H), 4.11 (m, 2H), 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.15 (m, 21H), 0.87 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.98 min (HPLC purity: 96.6 25 %).

Step d) Formation of {{[4-{dodecyloxy}-1-naphthyl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 203 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}{(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (67%). HNMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 8.30-8.19 (m, 1H), 8.00-7.91 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.21-7.09 (s, 1H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 4.17 (m, 2H), 2.05-1.88 (m, 2H), 1.71-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.21 (m, 16H), 0.91 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). M(LCMS(ESI)): 570.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.44 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Example 299: {{[4-(dodecyloxy}-1-naphthyl]methyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-glucamine and {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a pink solid (68%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 570.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.45 min (HPLC purity: 99.7%). Analysis calculated for C33H4oF3NO4.C7H17NO5*1.5 H2O: C, 60.52; H, 7.62; N, 3.53%.

Found: C, 60.71; H, 7.50; N, 3.56%

Example 300; [(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-(4-bromobenzyl)-N-(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amine

oil (86%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.47 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.19 (m, 4H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 2.42 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.69-1.55 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.42 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.27 (m, 4H), 0.93 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 384.4 HPLC (Condition A), Rt 4.18 min (HPLC purity: 97.6 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-oct-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 4-bromobenzylamine gave the title compound as a colorless

Step b) Formation of ethyl [(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-bromobenzyl)-N-(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as a yellow oil (93%).

1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.56-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.06 (m, 4H),

PCT/EP03/00808

- 205 -

4.51-4.23 (m, 6H), 2.49-2.37 (m, 2H), 1.75-1.56 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.24 (m, 9H), 0.92 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 98.9 min (HPLC purity: 95.2 %).

Step c) Formation of [(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl
[(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a
colorless oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.57-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.31 (m, 2H),
7.29-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 2.42 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H),
1.69-1.30 (m, 8H), 0.96 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 455.8. HPLC (Condition A),
Rt: 5.28 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

io Example 301: [4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-dodecyl-4-{[[2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl]amino] methyl]benzamide
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using Ndodecyl-4-formylbenzamide and 2-amino-2-phenylethanol gave the title compound as a

white powder (83%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.79 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.44-7.26 (m, 7H), 3.85-3.56 (m, 5H), 3.39 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.71-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.47-1.25 (m, 18H), 0.92 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 3H) M (LC/MS(ESI)): 437.5; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 439.6 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.26 min (HPLC purity: 98.8 %).

Step b) Formation of 4-[(2,3-dioxo-5-phenylmorpholin-4-yl)methyl]-N-dodecylbenzamide
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-dodecyl-4-{[(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)amino]methyl} benzamide gave the title compound as a colorless oil (39%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.66 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.41-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.19 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.15-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.17 (t, J=6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.43 (s, 0.5H), 5.38 (s, 0.5H), 4.64-4.47 (m, 2H), 4.41-4.31 (m, 1H), 3.77 (s, 0.5H), 3.72 (s, 0.5H), 3.37
(m, 2H), 1.61-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.09 (m, 18H), 0.81 (t, J=7.1 Hz, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESD)) 491.4; M'(LC/MS(ESD)): 493.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.48 min (HPLC purity: 98.8

Step c) Formation of [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl}amino](oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using 4-[(2,3-dioxo-5-phenylmorpholin-4-yl)methyl]-N-dodecylbenzamide gave the title compound as a colorless oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.15-

colorless oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.20 (m, 3H), 7.15-6.91 (m, 4H), 6.02 (br s, 1H), 5.30 (d, J=14.6 Hz, 1H), 4.56-4.20 (m, 3H), 3.63 (d, J=14.6 Hz, 1H), 3.26 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.35 (m, 2H), 1.32-0.97 (m, 18H), 0.70 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 509.4; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 511.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.47 min (HPLC purity: 90.2 %).

Example 302: ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl) (1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyllethyl)amino)(oxo)acetic acid

ethyl}amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 415 dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine gave the
16 title compound as a colorless oil (79%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.74-7.57 (m, 4H),
17.36 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 2.41 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.731.22 (m, 18H), 0.91 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 430.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt:

20 Step b) Formation of ethyl ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetate

4.69 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (91%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.58 (d, J=8.1 Hz, 2H),

7.51-7.25 (m, 6H), 4.90-4.71 (m, 2H), 4.33-4.17 (m, 1.5H), 3.66-3.46 (m, 0.5H), 2.43 (t, J=7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.77-1.54 (m, 8H), 1.53-1.18 (m, 13H), 0.91 (t, J=7.0 Hz, 3H)

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.38 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 206 -

amino)(oxo)acetic acid Step c) Formation of ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-

((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

- M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 500.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.84 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %). gave the title compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.60-7.04 Analysis calculated for C₂₉H₃₄F₃NO₃: C, 69.44; H, 6.83; N, 2.79%. Found: C, 69.55; H, (m, 8H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 2.31 (t, J=6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.70-1.10 (m, 18H), 0.80 (t, J=6.9 Hz, 3H).
- 5 glucamine and ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (80%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using N-methyl-D-Example 303: ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino}-(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
- 2 C₂₉H₃₄F₃NO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅•1.0 H₂O: C, 60.49; H, 7.47; N, 3.92%. Found: C, 60.75; H, 7.76 500.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.89 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %). Analysis calculated for

benzyl]amino}acetic acid Example 304; oxo{{4-[(9Z)-tetradec-9-enoylamino|benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)-

- 8 Step a) Formation of ethyl oxo{{4-[(9Z)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate
- the mixture was extracted with Et₂O (3x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were dried mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0°C. A 5 N aqueous solution of HCl (10 mL) was added and 9-enoyl chloride (100 mg, 0.40 mmol) under inert atmosphere. The resulting reaction (oxo)acetate (140 mg, 0.37 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (2 mL) was added (9Z)-tetradec To a cold (0°C) solution of ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}.

over MgSO4, filtered and concentrated to give a yellow oil. This crude product was purified

K

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 207 -

J=6.9 Hz), M(LC/MS(ESI)): 587; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 589. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.24 4H), 2.37 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.29 (m, 15H), 0.90 (t, 3H, %). H NMR (CDC13, 300 MHz) 8 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, 1H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.33 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.20 (m, 3H), 5.36 (m, 2H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 4.42-4.30 (m, by SPE (NH₂ Isolute column) to give the title compound as a pale yellow oil (191 mg, 88

benzyl]amino}acetic acid Step b) Formation of $oxo\{\{4-[(9Z)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzy\}\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzyb]benzybbenzyb]benzybbenz$ min (HPLC purity: 97.3 %)

 $oxo\{\{4-[(9Z)-tetradec-9-enoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}acetatendered and the sum of the property of the sum of$ gave the title compound as a yellow oil (84%). HNMR (CD3OD, 300 MHz) 87.64 (m, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

ŭ Rt: 6.25 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %). Hz), 5.35 (m, 2H), 4.55 (s, 2H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 2.36 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.03 (m, 4H), 1.33 (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.36 (d, 1H, J=8.18 Hz), 7.25 (d, 1H, J=8.67 Hz), 7.15 (d, 1H, J=8.67 14H), 0.91 (m, 3H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 559; M^{*}(LCMS(ESI)): 561. HPLC (Condition A).

Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-antino}-Example 305: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20 A), Rt: 7.16 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %). Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.34 (m, 11H), 0.90 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC (Condition (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.50 (m, 2H), 4.35 (m, 4H), 2.42 (dt, 2H, J=7.0, 1.5 decyne gave the title compound as a yellow oil (58%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.62 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-

Step b) Formation of {(4-dec-I-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

23

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a yellow oil (91%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.60 (m, 3H), 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.28 (br s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 2.38 (t, 2H, J=6.7 Hz), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, 8H), 0.87 (m, 3H) M (LC/MS(ESI)): 472. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.57 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Example 306: oxo[[4-(trifluoromethy])benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 3-{{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 3formylbenzoic acid gave the title compound as a white solid (72%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300

MHz) 8 8.20 (br s, 1H), 8.11 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.80-7.70 (m, 4H), 7.59 (m, 2H), 4.38 (m, 4H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 308; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 310. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 2.60 min (HPLC purity: 78.7 %).

Step b) Formation of 3-(((tert-butoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-methyl)-benzoic acid

- 13 To a solution of 3-{[[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino} methyl]benzoic acid hydrochloride
 (4.00 g, 11.6 mmol) and 1N aqueous solution of NaOH (25 mL) in dioxane (25 mL) at 0°C
 was added the di-tert-butyl dicarbonate (2.78 g, 12.7 mmol) and the resulting reaction
 mixture was stirred at 0°C for 30 min. The solvents were evaporated off. The residue was
 diluted with a 1N aqueous solution of HCl (35 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3x30 mL).
- The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography over silica gel (DCM/MeOH 95/5) to give the title compound as a yellow oil (3.05 g, 64%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.03 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 7.94 (br s, 1H), 7.59 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 4.50 (br s, 2H), 4.42 (br s, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 408 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.41 min (HPLC purity: 98.2 %).

Step c) Formation of tert-butyl 3-{{ (dodecanimidoylamino)oxy| carbonyl}benzyl{4- (trifluoromethyl)benzyl| carbamate

- 209 –

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using 3-({(tert-butoxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} methyl)benzoic acid and N-hydroxydodecanimidamide gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (99%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 4.78 (br s, 2H), 4.48 (br s, 2H), 4.41 (br s, 2H), 2.34 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H), 1.26 (br s, 16H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.34 min (HPLC purity: 95.6 %).

Step d) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]carbamate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step e) but using tert-

butyl 3-{[(dodecanimidoylamino)oxy]carbonyl}benzyl[4-

5

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (54%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.04 (d, 1H, J=7.1 Hz), 7.95 (br s, 1H), 7.59 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 4.51 (br s, 2H), 4.44 (br s, 2H), 2.80 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.51 (s, 9H), 1.43-1.27 (m, 16H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 8.35 min (HPLC purity: 96.4 %).

Step e) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]carbamate gave

the title compound as a white solid (90%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 8.31 (br s, 1H), 8.23 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.71 (m, 3H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 2.80 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.33 (m, 16H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.4 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %).

Step f) Formation of ethyl $oxo[{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl}]{3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-$

25 yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

(HPLC purity: 99.4 %). (m, 2H), 1.42-1.23 (m, 19H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.43 min Hz), 7.34 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 4.58 (m, 2H), 4.46 (m, 2H), 4.36 (m, 2H), 2.79 (m, 2H), 1.81 1H), 7.98 (br s, 0.5H), 7.88 (br s, 0.5H), 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, 1H, J=7.9 gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (89%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.08 (m,

Step g) Formation of oxo{{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

oxo [[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

5 gave the title compound as a yellow oil (77%). $^{\rm l}H$ NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.08 (br s, C30H36F3N3O4*0.2 H2O: C, 63.98; H, 6.51; N, 7.46%. Found: C, 63.90; H, 6.59; N, 7.46% 2H), 1.25 (br s, 16H), 0.87 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 558; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 560. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.87 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %). Analysis calculated for 1H), 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.33 (m, 6H), 4.98 (m, 2H), 4.64 (br s, 2H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 1.79 (m,

= Example 307: oxo [[4-(trifluoromethy])benzy]][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazo]-5yl)benzyllamino acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid and The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using $oxo\{[4-$

8 calculated for C30H36F3N3O4.C7H17NO5*1.5 H2O: C, 56.84; H, 7.22; N, 7.17%, Found: C, N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (98%). M 56.88; H, 7.13; N, 7.10% (LC/MS(ESI)): 558. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.85 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %). Analysis

Example 308: {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

25 Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using ethyl

- 211 -

1.27 (m, 21H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.24 min (HPLC purity: Hz), 7.60 (d, 1.3H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.39 (d, 0.7H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.33 (d, 1.3H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.15 (m, 4H), 4.54 (s, 1.3H), 4.48 (s, 0.7H), 4.41-4.30 (m, 4H), 2.61 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.38title compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.63 (d, 0.7H, J=8.2 {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate in EtOAc gave the

as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.16 A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). Analysis calculated for C29H38F3NO3: C, 68.89; (m, 2H), 1.29 (m, 18H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 504. HPLC (Condition (m, 4H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 2.61 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.61 Step b) Formation of {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acit The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound

ᅜ Example 309; {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid, Nmethyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

H, 7.57; N, 2.77%. Found: C,68.72; H,7.52; N,2.66%

glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (94%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 504 dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-

C₂₉H₃₈F₃NO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅: C, 61.70; H, 7.91; N, 4.00%. Found: C,61.32; H,7.97; N,3.91% HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.58 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 310: {[4-{{[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}carbonyl)benzy][[4-

25 Step a) Formation of ethyl {[4-{{[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}carbonyl}-

benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzoic acid and [(2-butyl-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step d) but using 4-

M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 595. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.38 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). 3H), 7.35-7.18 (m, 7H), 6.05 (br s, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 4.29 (m, 4H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.24 (m, 3H), 0.88 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 593; compound as a white solid (33%). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.51 (m, 1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amine hydrochloride, HOBT and TEA in DCM gave the title

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step b) Formation of {[4-{{[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl][4-

{[4-({[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyi

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (93%). ¹H NMR M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 567. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.71 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %). (s, 2H), 2.86 (m, 2H), 2.10-1.27 (m, 4H), 0.95 (m, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 565; (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.71-7.26 (m, 12H), 6.22 (br s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.74 (br s, 3H), 4.55

Example 311: ((4-{[4-(benzyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

amino) (oxo) acetic acid

ᅜ

Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-{[4-(benzyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)[4-

mL) at rt was added dropwise isobutyl chloroformate (0.100 mL, 0.79 mmol) under inert To a solution of 4-(benzyloxy)benzoic acid (180 mg, 0.79 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (3 (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

20 25 atmosphere. After 30 min, a solution of ethyl {(4-aminobenzyl)[4removed under reduced pressure. This residue was purified by flash chromatography over trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) in anhydrous pyridine (1 silica gel (Et₂O/c-Hex 1/1 to Et₂O) to give the title compound as a colorless oil (125 mg, Et₂O (2x5 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was reaction mixture was diluted with a 5N aqueous solution of HCl (11 mL) and extracted with mL) was added dropwise and the resulting mixture was heated at 70°C for 30 min. The 79%). 'H NMR (CDC13, 300 MHz) δ 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.77 (br s, 1H), 7.63 (m, 4H), 7.44-7.21

- 213 -

(m, 9H), 7.08 (m, 2H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.54-4.33 (m, 6H), 1.35 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 589; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 591. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.04 min (HPLC purity: 99.7 %)

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step b) Formation of {(4-{[4-(benzyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.35 min (HPLC purity: 97.0 %). 2H, J=8.7 Hz), 7.69 (m, 4H), 7.55-7.33 (m, 8H), 7.25 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.16 (d, 2H, J=8.7 gave the title compound as a beige solid (48%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) 8 7.96 (d, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl Hz), 5.22 (s, 2H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 4.54 (s, 2H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 561; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 563 $\{(4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)benzoyl]amino\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetaten (above a constant of the constant of$

(71%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 8.37 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.83 (d, 2H, J=8.8 Hz), 7.61 Step a) Formation of (3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(4-nitrobenzyl)amine hydrochloride HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 2.78 min (HPLC purity: 93.0 %) dichlorobenzylamine and 4-nitrobenzaldehyde gave the title compound as a yellow powder The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 3,5-Example 312: {(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid (br s, 3H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 4.38 (s, 2H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 309; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 311

ᅜ

20 dichlorobenzyl)(4-nitrobenzyl)amine hydrochloride gave the title compound as a yellow Step b) Formation of ethyl [(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(4-nitrobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using (3,5-

(LC/MS(ESI)): 409. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.57 min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %) powder (77%). ¹H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) & 8.22 (m, 2H), 7.46-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.13 (br s, 1H), 7.06 (br s, 1H), 4.60 (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 4.37 (m, 3H), 1.35 (m, 3H). M

25 A suspension of PtO2 (250 mg) in EtOAc (5 mL) was added to a solution of ethyl [(3,5-Step c) Formation of ethyl [(4-aminobenzyl)(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)amino](0x0)acetate dichlorobenzyl)(4-nitrobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate (2.00 g, 4.86 mmol) in EtOH/EtOAc

- 214 -

purity: 94.1 %). yellow oil (1.21 g, 61%). H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 87.31-7.05 (m, 5H), 6.71 (m, 2H), 4.39 (m, 4H), 4.25 (br s, 2H), 1.36 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.4 min (HPLC chromatography over silica gel (c-Hex/EtOAc 2/1) to give the title compound as a pale The solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash The reaction mixture was filtered over a pad of Celite and silica gel to remove the catalyst. (2/1, 90 mL) under H_2 (1 atm). The reaction mixture was stirred vigorously at rt for 30 min

Step d) Formation of ethyl ((3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)-benzyl]amino}-

- [(4-aminobenzyl)(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a pale The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step d) but using ethyl Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.52 min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %). 4.27 (m, 6H), 2.37 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.26 (m, 21H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.6 yellow oil (59%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.05 (m, 6H), 4.47-
- ᅜ $Step\ e)\ Formation\ of\ \{(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]\ amino)\{oxo\}acetic$

compound as a white powder (81%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.50 (br s, 2H), 7.30-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

8 7.06 (m, 6H), 4.91 (s, 2H), 4.50 (m, 2H), 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.25 (br s, 18H), 0.88 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %). (br s, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 547; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 549. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.46

N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt Example 313: {(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino] (oxo)acetic acid

25 glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (88%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 547; dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using $\{(3,5-$

-215-

Found: C, 56.52; H, 7.50; N, 5.47% Analysis calculated for C29H38Cl2N2O4.C7H17NO5*1.1 H2O: C, 56.55; H, 7.54; N, 5.50%. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 549. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.48 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %).

Example 314: {{4-[(4-octylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino).

amino}(oxo)acetate Step a) Formation of ethyl {{4-[(4-octylphenyl]ethynyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

ethynyl-4-octylbenzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 5 min) gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-

compound as a pale yellow oil (37%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.54-2H), 1.32 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.91 min (HPLC purity: 97.2 7.33 (m, 6H), 7.21 (m, 4H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.36 (m, 4H), 2.62 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m,

Step b) Formation of $\{\{4-[(4-octylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-$

5 amino}(oxo)acetic acid

7.50 (m, 4H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 4H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.98 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.59 (s, the title compound as a pale yellow oil (89%). $^{1}\mathrm{H}$ NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) δ 7.64 (m, 2H) {{4-[(4-octylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

20 1H), 2.62 (m, 2H), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, 10H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESJ)): 548. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.53 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Example 315: oxo[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]-

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[4-(5-undecyt-1,2,4-oxadiazot-3-

25 yl)benzyl]carbamate

butyl 4-[[(dodecanoyloxy)amino](imino)methyl]benzyl[4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step e) but using tert-

PCT/EP03/00808

-216-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (71%). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) \delta 8.05 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.60 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.31 (m, 4H), 4.45 (m, 4H), 2.95 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 9H), 1.27 (br s, 16H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.93 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[[(dodecanoyloxy)amino](imino)methyl]benzyl[4- (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using tert-butyl 4-[(hydroxyamino)(imino)methyl]benzyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate and dodecanoic acid gave the title compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300

MHz) 8 7.68 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.59 (d, 2H, J=8.0 Hz), 7.27 (m, 4H), 5.08 (br s, 2H), 4.42 (m, 4H), 2.49 (m, 2H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 9H), 1.27 (br s, 16H), 0.88 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.06 min (HPLC purity: 86.0 %).

Step c) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[(hydroxyamino)(imino)methyl]benzyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate

- butyl 4-cyanobenzyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]carbamate gave the title compound as a white foam (88%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.60 (m, 4H), 7.28 (m, 4H), 5.05 (br s, 3H), 4.43 (m, 4H), 1.49 (s, 9H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 422; M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 424. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.67 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).
- 20 Step d) Formation of tert-butyl. 4-cyanobenzyl [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] carbamate
 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step b) but using 4({[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)benzonitrile hydrochloride and DIEA gave the
 title compound as a colorless oil (92%): ¹H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) δ 7.62 (m, 4H), 7.30
 (m, 4H), 4.44 (m, 4H), 1.48 (s, 9H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 389. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.02
 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

.

Step e) Formation of $4-(\{[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino\}methyl]benzonitrile$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-cyanobenzaldehyde gave the title compound as a white solid (83%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆,

300 MHz) 8 10.01 (br s, 2H), 7.92 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.80 (s, 4H), 7.77 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 4.28 (s, 4H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 2.59 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %).

Step f) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tertbutyl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl[4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]carbamate gave the title compound as a white powder (94%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) & 9.64 (br s, 2H), 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.76 (m, 6H), 4.30 (br s, 4H), 2.99 (m, 2H), 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.23 (br s, 16H), 0.84 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.35 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step g) Formation of ethyl oxo[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-

15 yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride gave the title compound as a colorless oil (96%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.08 (m, 2H), 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 4.39 (m, 2H), 2.96 (m, 2H),

20 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.27 (m, 19H), 0.89 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.36 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step h) Formation of oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo ([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (90%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 8.08 (m,

- 017

2H), 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 4H), 5.04 (m, 2H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 2.96 (m, 2H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.15 (m, 16H), 0.88 (m, 3H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 558. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.85 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₀H₃₆F₃N₃O₄-0.2 H₂O: C, 63.98; H, 6.51; N, 7.46%. Found: C,63.93; H,6.56; N,7.44%

Example 316: oxo [[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino} acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using oxo {[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino} acetic acid and

N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (79%). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 558. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.85 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₀H₃₆F₃N₃O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*0.8 H₂O; C, 57.77; H, 7.15; N, 7.28%. Found: C,57.76; H,7.16; N,7.29%

Example 317: {{4-[2-(4-octylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

15 (oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using {{4-[(4-octylphenyl)cthynyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid in EtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (54%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 8H), 5.42 (br s, 1H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.87 (s, 1H), 4.59

20 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 2.89 (br s, 4H), 2.57 (m, 2H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, 10H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 552; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 554. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.13 min (HPLC purity: 98.5 %).

Example 318: {(4-{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

2s Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-{[4-{heptyloxy}phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl}-benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetate

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-ethynyl-4-(heptyloxy)benzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave

- 219 –

the title compound as a pale yellow oil (43%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.57 min (HPLC

Step b) Formation of ((4-{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

purity: 94.2 %).

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (90%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 550. HPLC
- (Condition A), Rt: 6.71 min (HPLC purity: 94.6 %).

Example 319: {{4-[(4-butylphenyl)eftynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl {{4-[(4-butylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetate

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-butyl-4-ethynylbenzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (50%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.24 min (HPLC purity: 96.8 %).
- Step b) Formation of {{4-[(4-butylphenyl]ethynyl] benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-
- 20 amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {4-[(4-butylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (92%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 492. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.25 min (HPLC purity: 96.2 %).
- 25 Example 320: {{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-[oxo]acetic acid

- 220 -

Step a) Formation of 4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzaldehyde

(950 mg, 1.35 mmol) and triphenylphosphine (180 mg, 0.68 mmol) in anhydrous THF (100 A mixture of 4-bromobenzaldehyde (5.00 g, 27.0 mmol), 1-ethynyl-4-hexylbenzene (6.29 g, 33.4 mmol), Et₃N (4.70 mL, 33.4 mmol), bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium chloride

- mL), dried over MgSO4 and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The resulting was evaporated off. The residue was dissolved in Et₂O (100 mL), washed with water (50 mL) was stirred at rt for 30 min under inert atmosphere. Then copper(I) bromide (82 mg, brown solid was triturated in hexane (25 mL), filtered off and washed with hexane to give 0.43 mmol) was added and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at π . The solvent
- amine hydrochloride Step b) Formation of N-{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]

the title compound as a beige solid (7.73 g, 91 %). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.88 min

(HPLC purity: 91.9 %)

(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine and 4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzaldehyde gave the title 6H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 450. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.87 min 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.28 (s, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 2.59 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.77 (d, 2H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.59 (m, 4H), 7.46 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.25 (d, compound as a beige solid (68%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 9.74 (br s, 2H), 7.83 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4.

 $Step\ c)\ Formation\ of\ ethyl\ \{\{4-\{(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl\}\ benzyl\}\{4-\{trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}.$ amino}(oxo)acetate

(HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-{4.

3 the title compound as a pale yellow oil (96%). ¹H NMR (CDCI₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.63 (m, 2H) 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 4H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.37 (m

- 221 -

(Condition A), Rt: 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %) 4H), 2.63 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.35 (m, 9H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). HPLC

amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step d) Formation of $\{\{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-$

- (s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 2.63 (t, 2H, J=7.8 Hz), 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.32 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 4H), 6.12 (br s, 1H), 4.95 the title compound as a pale yellow gummy solid (90%). ^{1}H NMR (CDC13, 300 MHz) δ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave
- (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 520. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.94 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {{4-[(4-Example 321: {{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino). (oxo)acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

- C₃₁H₃₀F₃NO₃.C₇H₁₇NO_{5*}1.3 H₂O: C, 61.66; H, 6.75; N, 3.78%. Found: C,61.63; H,6.63; hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid and N-520. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.94 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %). Analysis calculated for methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (94%). M (LC/MS(ESI))
- 20 $\underline{Example\ 322:\ oxo\ \{(4-\{[4-\{pentyloxy\}phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)]4-\{trifluoromethyl]benzyl]-}$

Step a) Formation of ethyl oxo{(4-{[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate

the title compound as a pale yellow oil (33%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.80 min (HPLC ethynyl-4-(pentyloxy)benzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-

23

purity: 74.0 %).

- 222 -

Step b) Formation of oxo((4-{[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo {(4-{{4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} acetate

(Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 74.9 %).

gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (79%). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 522. HPLC

Example 323: oxo { {4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl oxo{{4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-ethynyl-4-propylbenzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (45%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.65 min (HPLC

purity: 97.5 %).

5

Step b) Formation of $oxo\{\{4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}-amino]acetic acid$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo {{4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave

the title compound as a pale yellow oil (80%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 478. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.44 min (HPLC purity: 96.9 %).

Example 324; [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of 4-dodec-1-ynyl benzaldehyde

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 275 (step a) but using 1-dodecyne gave the title compound as a yellow oil (77%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 9.97 (s, 11H), 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.4 Hz), 2.43 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.66.

23

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

1.55 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.38 (m, 2H), 1.36-1.21 (m, 12H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=6.9 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.92 min (HPLC purity: 89.4 %).

- 223 -

Step b) Formation of N-[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine hydrochloride

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using [2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]amine and 4-dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde gave the title compound as a white powder (50%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) 8 9.27 (br s, 1H), 7.51-7.24 (m, 8H), 4.15 (br s, 2H), 3.14 (br s, 2H), 2.98 (m, 2H), 1.99 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.40 (m, 16H), 0.85 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz), M(LC/MS(ESI)): 411. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.30 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

Step c) Formation of ethyl [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-l-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[2-(3-chlorophenyi)ethyl]-N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine hydrochloride gave the title

compound as a pale yellow oil (80%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.37-6.93(m, 8H), 4.30 (m, 2H), 4.43-4.07 (m, 4H), 3.40 (m, 2H), 2.77 (m, 2H), 2.39 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.30 (m, 16H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 511. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.04 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Step d) Formation of [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] (4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid

20

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white foam (87%). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) & 7.39-7.22 (m, 6H), 7.11 (m, 2H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 3.32 (br s, 2H), 2.84 (m, 1H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.39

(m, 2H), 1.54-1.23 (m, 16H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 480. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.44 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

PCT/EP03/00808

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 224 -

Example 325: [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, Nmethyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using [[2-(3-

glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (90%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 481. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.33 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}-Example 326; {(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1octyne gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (9%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 474. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.10 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %). 2H, J=6.9, 1.4 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.34 (m, 7H), 0.92 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz) 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 4.35 (m, 4H), 2.42 (dt

ᄄ Step b) Formation of ((4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic

compound as a yellow oil (92%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 6.11 (br s, 1H), 4.89 (s, 1H), 4.82 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 2.42 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.34 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 444. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 94.8 %)

Example 327: {[4-(11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

25 Step a) Formation of ethyl {[4-(11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

> 2H, J=6.6 Hz), 2.42 (dt, 2H, J=7.0, 1.4 Hz), 1.64-1.30 (m, 17H). M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 532. 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 4.35 (m, 4H), 3.65 (t, undecyn-1-ol gave the title compound as a yellow oil (30%). 'H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 10-

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.61 min (HPLC purity: 98.2 %)

Step b) Formation of [[4-(11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

{[4-(11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

the title compound as a yellow oil (86%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.36 M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 504. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.93 min (HPLC purity: 91.7 %). 3.66 (m, 2H), 2.42 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 1.64-1.24 (m, 14H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 502; (m, 4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.85 (s, 1H), 4.75 (s, 1H), 4.69 (br s, 2H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.52 (s, 1H)

Example 328: [[4-(11-methoxy-11-oxoundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

ᅜ amino) (oxo) acetic acid

Step a) Formation of methyl 11-[4-([[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino-}methyl)phenyl]undec-10-ynoate

methyl 10-undecynoate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (20%). HNMR (CDCl₃ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using

purity: 97.3 %). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 558; M'(LCMS(ESI)): 560. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.98 min (HPLC 3H), 2.42 (dt, 2H, J=6.9, 1.4 Hz), 2.32 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.63 (m, 4H), 1.47-1.24 (m, 11H). 300 MHz) 8 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.51 (m, 2H), 4.36 (m, 4H), 3.68 (s,

Step b) Formation of {[4-(11-methoxy-11-oxoundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(triftuoromethyl)-

Z benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

11-[4-({[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)phenyl]undec-10-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using methyl

(LC/MS(ESI)): 530. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.35 min (HPLC purity: 83.6 %). ynoate and quenching after one minute gave the title compound as a colorless oil (61%). M

methyl)phenyl]undec-10-ynoic acid Example 329: 11-f4-(((carboxycarbonyl)f4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

- 5 (Condition A), Rt: 4.78 min (HPLC purity: 95.7 %). (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 2.39 (m, 4H), 1.64-1.24 (m, 12H). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 516. HPLC 8.60 (br s, 2H), 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.14 (m, 2H), 4.77 (s, 1H), 4.68 (s, 1H), 4.57 ynoate gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (84%). HNMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) & $11-[4-(\{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\} methyl) phenyl] undec-10-11-[4-(\{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\} methyl) phenyl] undec-10-11-[4-(\{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl]][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]] methyl) phenyl] undec-10-11-[4-(\{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]] methyl) phenyl] undec-10-11-[4-(\{[ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-([ethoxy(oxo)ac$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using methyl
- Example 330: {(4-{[4-{benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl]/4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino) (oxo) acetic acid
- Step a) Formation of ethyl {(4-{[4-{benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl){4-{trifluoromethyl}. benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- 5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1the title compound as a pale yellow solid (28%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.36 min (HPLC purity: 95.9 %). (benzyloxy)-4-ethynylbenzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave
- Step b) Formation of {(4-{[4-{benzyloxy}phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl}-
- 20 benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (86%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 542. HPLC $\{(4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetaten (4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetaten (4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetaten (4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyllethynyl]ethynyllethyn$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl (Condition A), Rt: 6.21 min (HPLC purity: 96.5 %).
- 25 Example 331: {(4-{2-[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- 227 -

in BtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (54%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 554. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.95 min (HPLC purity: 95.1 %). The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using $\{(4-$ {[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- Example 332: {{4-[2-(4-butylphenyl)ethyllbenzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}-
- EtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (38%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 496. HPLC [(4-butylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid in The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using {{4-
- (Condition A), Rt: 5.62 min (HPLC purity: 95.5 %).

(oxo)acetic acid Example 333: {{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

- Step a) Formation of ethyl {{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- 2 7.64 (d, 0.8H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.60 (d, 1.2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.39 (d, 0.8H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.33 (d, 1.2H, EtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (94%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ J=8.1 Hz), 7.18 (m, 4H), 7.11 (s, 4H), 4.54 (s, 1.2H), 4.49 (s, 0.8H), 4.42-4.30 (m, 4H), The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using ethyl $\{\{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetate\ information and the sum of the property of$
- 20 (HPLC purity: 99.2 %). Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 552; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 554. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.46 min 2.90 (m, 4H), 2.59 (t, 2H, J=7.8 Hz), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.39-1.30 (m, 9H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8
- Step b) Formation of {{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl]ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]. amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- 25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl the title compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.63 (m, 2H), {{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

- 228 -

7.35 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.11 (s, 4H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 2.90 (m, 4H), 2.59 (t, 2H, J=7.8 Hz), 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 524; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 526. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.95 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₃₄F₃NO₃-0.2 H₂O: C, 70.36; H, 6.55; N, 2.65%. Found: C,70.32; H,6.56; N,2.57%

Example 334: {44-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino][oxo]acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucito]) salt
[The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid and N-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} [0x0] Not Colored.

methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (92%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 524; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 526. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.90 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %).

Analysis calculated for C₃₁H₃₄F₃NO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅·0.4 H₂O: C, 62.69; H, 7.17; N, 3.85%.

Found: C,62.63; H,7.25; N,3.83%

Example 335: oxo {(4-{2-[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

5

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using oxo {(4-{[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid in EtOAc gave the title compound as a yellow oil (49%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 526. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.62 min (HPLC purity: 74.1 %).

20 Example 336: oxo{{4-12-(4-propylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using oxo {{4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid in EtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (51%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 482. HPLC

(Condition A), Rt: 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 89.2 %).

ĸ

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 229 -

Example 337: 11-[4-{((carboxycarbonyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-methyl)-

phenyl lundecanoic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using 11-[4-({(carboxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)phenyl]undec-10-ynoic acid in EtOAc gave the title compound as a colorless oil (20%). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 520. HPLC

Example 338: {[4-(11-hydroxyundecy])benzyl][4-(trifluoromethy])benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid (Condition A), Rt: 5.03 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using {[410 (11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid gave
the title compound as a colorless oil (45%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 506; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 508.

HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.19 min (HPLC purity: 86.3 %).

Example 339: {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-{trifluoromethyl)phenyllamino}{oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-{trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(trifluoromethyl)aniline and 4-dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (42%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.40-7.23 (m, 8H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 2.40 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.27 (m, 16H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 7.0 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

20 Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}-(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (81%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.20 (m,

25 4H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.04 (q, 2H, J=7.14 Hz), 2.39 (m, 2H), 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.26 (m, 12H), 0.99 (m, 3H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 516. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.81 min (HPLC purity: 91.8 %).

- 230 -

Step c) Formation of {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.59 (d, 2H, J=8.31 Hz), 7.32 (d, 2H, J=8.28 Hz), 7.09 (m, 4H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 2.39 (m, 2H), 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, 12H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.22 min (HPLC purity: 97.1 %).

Example 340: {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid,

10 N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (99%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.07 min (HPLC purity: 96.7 %).

Example 341: oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-y]}-ethyl]benzyl]amino)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{3-{(dodecanimidoylamino)oxy}-3-oxopropyl}benzylcarbamate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using 3-(4-26) [[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]methyl]phenyl)propanoic acid gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (99%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.21 (s, 4H), 5.03-4.58 (m, 3H), 4.27 (d, 2H, J=5.6 Hz), 3.01 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 2.75 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 2.23 (t, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.25 (br s, 16H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 474; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 476. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.29 min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]-benzylcarbamate

25

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step e) but using tert-

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

butyl 4- {3-[(dodecanimidoylamino)oxy]-3-oxopropyl}benzylcarbamate gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (71%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.22 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.16 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.80 (br s, 1H), 4.27 (m, 2H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H, J=7.5

- 231 -

s A), Rt: 6.07 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.29 (m, 16H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). HPLC (Condition

Step c) Formation of 4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylamine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tertbutyl 4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylcarbamate gave the title compounc
as a white solid (82%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.25 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.17 (d, 2H,
J=8.3 Hz), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.97 (br s, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H)
1.30 (m, 16H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 358. HPLC (Condition A), Rt:
4.17 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

Step d) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}amine

15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylamine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (68%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.60 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.53 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.33 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.19 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.29 (m, 16H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.7

20 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 516. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.83 min (HPLC purity: 93.5 %).

Step e) Formation of ethyl $oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]\{4-[2\]3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxa-diazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]amino)acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[425 (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl} amine
gave the title compound as a colorless oil (67%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.60 (m,

- 232 -

2H), 7.37 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.32 (d, 1H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.17 (m, 4H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.35 (m, 4H), 3.15 (br s, 4H), 2.71 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.25 (m, 19H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 614; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 616. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.37 min (HPLC purity: 97.3 %).

- Step f) Formation of oxo([4-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]amino)acetic acid
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-
- yl)ethyl]benzyl}amino)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (92%). ¹H NMR
- o (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 4H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 3.14 (br s, 4H), 2.70 (m, 2H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.32 (m, 16H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 586. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.87 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₂H₄₀F₃N₃O₄*0.5H₂O C, 64.41; H, 6.93; N, 7.04%. Found: C, 64.31; H, 6.93; N, 6.97%.
- Example 342: oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] [4-[2-(3-undecyl-1.2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl] amino)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-glucitol) salt
- glucifor) said

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using oxo([4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] {4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}amino)acetic

- acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a colorless oil (97%). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 586; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 588. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.88 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %).
- Example 343: {{4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiázol-5-y]}ethyl]benzyl}[4-{trifluoromethyl}-benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-{3-[(nonanimidoylamino)oxy]-3-oxopropyl]-benzyl-carbamate

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 10 (step a) but using 3-(4-

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 233 -

{((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino]methyl}phenyl)propanoic acid gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (99%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.21 (s, 4H), 5.00-4.50 (m, 3H), 4.27 (d, 2H, J=5.6 Hz), 3.00 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 2.73 (t, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 2.19 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.26 (br s, 10H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz), M (LC/MS(ESI)): 432; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 434. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.70 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylcarbamate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step e) but using tert-butyl 4-{3-[(nonanimidoylamino)oxy]-3-oxopropyl}benzylcarbamate gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (76%).

- 10 Step c) Formation of 4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylamine

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using 4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylamine gave the title compound as a white solid (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.25 (d, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 7.17 (d, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.13 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.78 (br s, 2H), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.30 (m, 10H), 15 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 316. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.51 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).
- Step d) Formation of $N-\{4-\{2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl\}ethyl\}$ benzyl $\}-N-\{4-\{trifluoromethyl\}$ benzyl $\}$ amine
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-[2-20 (3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzylamine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil (65%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.60 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.30 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.18 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 3.86 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 3.12 (m, 4H), 2.70 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.28 (m, 10H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 474. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.31 min (HPLC
- purity: 97.9 %).

- 234 -

Step e) Formation of ethyl {{4-{2-{3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl}ethyl]benzyl}{4-{trifluoro-methyl]benzyl}{amino}{oxo}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave

- the title compound as a colorless oil (74%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.37 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.31 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.17 (m, 4H), 4.52 (s, 1H), 4.46 (s, 1H), 4.35 (m, 4H), 3.14 (m, 4H), 2.71 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.23 (m, 13H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 572; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 574. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.92 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).
- Step f) Formation of {{4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-
- (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil
- 15 (91%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.19 (m, 4H), 5.04 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.63 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 3.17 (m, 4H), 2.73 (t, 2H, J=7.7 Hz), 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.31 (m, 10H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 544; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 546 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.38 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).

Example 344; { [4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]ethyl]benzyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl]-

20 benzyllamino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {{4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white gummy solid (96%). M

25 (LC/MS(ESI)): 544; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 546. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.37 min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %).

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 235 -

Example 345: {{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}[0x0]acetic acid

Step a) Formation of ethyl $\{\{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl]\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetate$

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 311 (step a) but using 4-octylbenzoic acid gave the title compound as a colorless oil (93%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.81 (m, 3H), 7.63 (m, 4H), 7.42-7.21 (m, 6H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 1H), 4.37 (m 4H), 2.68 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.28 (m, 13H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 595; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 597. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.19 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %).
- Step b) Formation of {{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl}amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (93%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.95 (m, 1H),

- 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.39-7.23 (m, 6H), 5.13 (br s, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.77 (s, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 2.68 (m, 2H), 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.28 (br s, 10H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M'
 (LC/MS(ESI)): 567; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 569. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₂H₃₅F₃N₂O₄: C, 67.59; H, 6.20; N, 4.93%. Found: C,67.32; H,6.21; N,4.86%
- Example 346: {{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (92%). M(LC/MS(ESI))
- 25 567; M^{*}(LC/MS(ESI)): 569. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).
 Analysis calculated for C₃₂H₃₅F₃N₂O₄.C₇H₁₇NO₅*0.6 H₂O: C, 60.47; H, 6.92; N, 5.42%.
 Found: C,60.48; H,7.11; N,5.41%

- 236 -

Example 347; oxo [[(1-tridecanoy]piperidin-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

Step a) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(2-{[4-trifluoromethylbenzyl]amino}methyl)piperidine-1-

carboxylate hydrochloride

2H), 2.70 (br s, 2H), 1.89 (br s, 1H), 1.72 (br s, 2H), 1.39 (br s, 9H), 1.05 (m, 2H). 1H), 7.84 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.77 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 4.25 (br s, 2H), 3.92 (m, 2H), 2.84 (m, the title compound as a white solid (65 %). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) & 9.16 (br s, butyl 4-(aminomethyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using tent-

Step b) Formation of tert-butyl 4-(2-{ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate.

5

butyl 4-(2-{[4-trifluoromethylbenzyl]amino}methyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using terr-

- ₽ hydrochloride gave the title compound as a colorless oil (94 %). M-(LC/MS(ESI)): 471. J=7.2 Hz), 3.12 (d, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.63 (m, 2H), 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.48-0.95 (m 7.39 (m, 2H), 4.68 (s, 1H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.45-4.20 (m, 2H), 4.19-4.00 (m, 2H), 3.19 (d, 1H) HPLC, Rt: 5.78 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %). HNMR (CDCt3, 300 MHz) 8 7.62 (m, 2H),
- 20 Step c) Formation of ethyl oxo-{(2-piperidin-4-ylmethyl)[4-(trifluoromethylbenzyl]amino}acetate hydrochloride

min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %) carboxylate gave the title compound as a gummy colorless solid (99 %). HPLC, Rt: 3.12 butyl 4-(2-{ethoxy(oxo)acetyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-methyl)piperidine-1-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 23 (step f) but using tert

z

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

benzyl]amino}acetate. Step d) Formation of ethyl oxo{[{1-tridecanoylpiperidin-4-yl}methyl][4-trifluoromethyl}-

oxo-{(2-piperidin-4-ylmethyl)[4-(trifluoromethylbenzyl]amino}acetate hydrochloride, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step d) but using ethyl

- tridecanoic acid, HOBT, and TEA in DCM gave the title compound as a yellow oil (66 %) purity: 99.4 %). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 567; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 569. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 7.24 min (HPLC
- amino}acetic acid $Step\ e)\ Formation\ of\ oxo\{\{(1-tridecanoylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl]\{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}.$
- 5 1.15-0.70 (m, 5H). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 539. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.68 min (HPLC the title compound as a gummy orange solid (58%). ^{1}H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 7.75 oxo {[(1-tridecanoylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl][4-trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave 2.41 (br q, 1H), 2.24 (t, 2H, J=7.4 Hz), 1.90 (br s, 1H), 1.65-1.35 (m, 4H), 1.23 (br s, 18H), (m, 2H), 7.50 (m, 2H), 4.63 (m, 2H), 4.35 (br t, 1H), 3.83 (br d, 1H), 3.20-2.80 (m, 3H), The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

amino (oxo) acetic acid Example 348; {{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]- purity: 98.3 %).

Step a) Formation of ethyl $\{\{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl\}[4-trifluoromethyl]-$

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

20

- oxo-{(2-piperidin-4-ylmethyl)[4-(trifluoromethylbenzyl]amino} acetate hydrochloride, 4-n-(84 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.32-7.17 (m, 4H), 4.70 octylbenzoic acid, HOBT, and TEA in DCM gave the title compound as a colorless oil The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step d) but using ethyl
- 25 (LC/MS(ESI)): 587. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.26 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %). (br s, 2H), 2.6 (m, 2H), 1.95 (br s, 1H), 1.6 (m, 4H), 1.47-1.1 (m, 17H), 0.88 (m, 3H). M (s, 1H), 4.55 (s, 1H), 4.40 (q, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 4.20 (q, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 3.4-3.1 (m, 2H), 2.85

 $Step\ b)\ Formation\ of\ \{\{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)-ylpiperidin-4-ylpiperid$ benzyl/amino/(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

- A), Rt: 5.68 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %). 3.25 (br s, 1H), 2.94 (m, 2H), 2.60 (t, 2H, J=7.5 Hz), 2.15-1.45 (m, 4H), 1.28 (m, 13H), 0.88 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 559; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 561. HPLC (Condition 2H), 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 4.80 (m, 3H), 3.86 (m, 1H), 3.49 (br s, 1H), gave the title compound as a white foam (67%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) § 7.61 (m,
- 5 methyl-D-glucamine gave the title compound as a white powder (90%). M(LC/MS(ESJ)): benzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl] [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and N-Example 349: {{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)pipendin-4-yl]methy]}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using $\{\{[1-(4-\text{octyl-}$ amino}(oxo)acetic acid. N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt
- ᄄ Found: C,55.68; H,7.56; N,5.17% 559; M*(LC/MS(ESD)): 561. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.56 min (HPLC purity: 97.1 %). Analysis calculated for C31H39F3N2O4.C7H17NO5*3.5 H2O: C, 55.73; H, 7.75; N, 5.13%

Example 350; [[(3-dec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino (oxo) acetic acid

20

- 50 mL). The organic layer was washed with water, brine and dried. The solvent was for 2h. The reaction mixture was cooled, diluted with water and extracted with EtOAc (3x ethanol (25 mL) was added a solution of KOH in dry ethanol (14 mL) and refluxed at 70°C To a solution of 2,3-dibromo-2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-5-carbaldehyde (10 g) in dry Step a) Formation of 3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-carbaldehyde
- 23 removed under vacuum and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (PetEther/EtOAc 99.5/0.5) to give the title compound as a pale yellow solid (3.3 g, 45%).

- 239 –

(dd, 1H, J=8.6, 1.5 Hz), 7.87 (d, 1H, J=8.6 Hz). ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) & 10.12 (s, 1H), 8.47 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, 1H, J=1.5 Hz), 7.97

Step b) Formation of N-[(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]-N-[4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

- purity: 96.4 %). 2H), 4.26 (s, 2H). M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 386.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.11 min (HPLC NMR (DMSO-d₆, 300 MHz) δ 10.00 (br s, 2H), 8.35 (s, 1H), 7.81-7.64 (m, 7H), 4.32 (s, bromo-1-benzofuran-5-carbaldehyde gave the title compound as a beige solid (77%). 'H The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 3-
- 5 Step c) Formation of ethyl{[(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (84%). $^{\rm l}H$ NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.71 (s, [(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-

- 5 (t, 1.5H, J=7.2 Hz). M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 484.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.95 min (HPLC 0.5H), 7.69 (s, 0.5H), 7.65 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.61 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.50 (d, 0.5H, J=8.4 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.40 (q, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 4.35 (q, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.38 (t, 1.5H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.33 Hz), 7.48 (d, 0.5H, J=8.5 Hz), 7.41-7.25 (m, 4H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 1H),
- 8 Step d) Formation of ethyl{[(3-dec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

ethyl {[(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using and 1-decyne gave the title compound as a yellow oil (40%). 1H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) &

ß 7.78 (s, 0.5H), 7.76 (s, 0.5H), 7.65 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.61 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.52-7.33 (m, 4H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.56 (s, 1H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.41 (s, 1H), 4.39 (q, 1H, J=7.2

0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 540.5; M'(LCMS(ESI)): 542.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.07 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %) Hz), 4.34 (q, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 2.49 (m, 2H), 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.26 (m, 11H),

Step e) Formation of $\{(3-dec-l-ynyl-l-benzofuran-S-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)]$

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (91%). H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) & 7.78 (s, 0.5H), 7.77 (s, 0.5H), 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 1H), 5.07 ethyl {[(3-dec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using

5 (s, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 2.49 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.30 (m, 8H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 512.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.54 min (HPLC purity: 92.4 %).

Example 351: {[(3-dodec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]mino)(oxo)acetic acid

5 Step a) Formation of ethyl{[(3-dodec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl) -benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

and 1-dodecyne gave the title compound as a yellow oil (34%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. ethyl ([(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using

20 6.39 min (HPLC purity: 99.2 %)

Step b) Formation of {[(3-dodec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

ethyl {[(3-dodec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using

25 amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (86%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 540.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.91 min (HPLC purity: 96.3 %).

> Example 352: oxo{({3-f(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]-1-benzofuran-5-yl}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

- 241 -

Step a) Formation of ethyloxo{{{3-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]-1-benzofuran-5-yl}methyl)[4-

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetate

and 1-ethynyl-4-propylbenzene under microwave conditions (300W, 120°C, 10 min) gave ethyl {[(3-bromo-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate the title compound as a yellow oil (5%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 545.8; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 548.2 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.85 min (HPLC purity: 92.4 %)

5

Step b) Formation of oxo{{{3-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]-1-benzofuran-5-yl}methyl){4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

ethyloxo{({3-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]-1-benzofuran-5-yl}methyl)[4-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)acetate gave the title compound as a pale yellow foam min (HPLC purity: 84.0 %). (75%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 518.2; M(LC/MS(ESI)): 520.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.30

Example 353: [(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(4-bromobenzyl)-N-(4-fluorobenzyl) amine hydrochloride

8

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 2.23 min (HPLC purity: 97.4 %). MHz) 8 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 2H) The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4fluorobenzylamine gave the title compound as a white solid (98%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300

Step b) Formation of ethyl[(4-bromobenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(4bromobenzyl)-N-(4-fluorobenzyl)amine hydrochloride gave the title compound as a pale

25

M*(LCMS(ESI)): 394.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.58 min (HPLC purity: 95.3 %). J=7.2 Hz), 4.30 (s, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 1.36 (t, 1.5H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.35 (t, 1.5H, J=7.2 Hz) Hz), 7.24-7.00 (m, 6H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 4.43 (s, 1H), 4.37 (q, 1H, J=7.2 Hz), 4.35 (q, 1H, yellow oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.51 (d, 1H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.48 (d, 1H, J=8.3

- 7.00 (m, 6H), 4.45 (s, 1H), 4.44 (s, 1H), 4.36 (m, 2H), 4.30 (s, 1H), 4.28 (s, 1H), 2.42 (t compound as a pale yellow oil (23%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.25 ethyl[(4-bromobenzyi)(4-fluorobenzyi)amino](oxo)acetate and 1-dodecyne gave the title Step c) Formation of ethyl[(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using
- 5 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.37-1.25 (m, 15H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.6 Hz) M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 480.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.28 min (HPLC purity: 99.8 %).

ethyl[(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using Step d) Formation of [(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

as a yellow oil (87%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.02 (m, 6H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.93 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 1H), 4.51 (s, 1H), 2.41 (t, 2H, J=6.8 Hz), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.45 (Condition A), Rt: 5.75 min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %) (m, 2H), 1.28 (br s, 12H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 450.2. HPLC

Example 354; [bis(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

25 20 2.42 (t, 4H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.62 (m, 4H), 1.47 (m, 4H), 1.33 (m, 11H), 0.92 (t, 6H, J=6.8 Hz) M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 514.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.54 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %). Step a) Formation of ethyl[bis(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.12 (d, 2H, J=7.9 Hz), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.35 (q, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 4.28 (s, 2H), compound as a pale yellow oil (32%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.16 (d ethyl[(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate and 1-octyne gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

ethyl[bis(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using Step b) Formation of [bis(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

Hz). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 484.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.04 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %). 2H), 2.42 (t, 4H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.62 (m, 4H), 1.47 (m, 4H), 1.34 (m, 8H), 0.92 (t, 6H, J=6.8 (94%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.39 (m, 4H), 7.14 (m, 4H), 4.93 (s, 2H), 4.52 (s,

Example 355: {[(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-y])methyl][4-{trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 6-dodec-1-ynylnicotinaldehyde

- A mixture of 6-bromonicotinaldehyde (500 mg, 2.69 mmol), 1-dodecyne (680 mg, 4.09 the mixture was stirred for 21 hours at rt. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure stirred under argon at rt for 30 min. Copper(I) iodide (21 mg, 0.11 mmol) was added and bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) chloride (94 mg, 0.13 mmol) in THF (10 mL) was mmol), triphenylphosphine (23 mg, 0.09 mmol), triethylamine (470 ml, 3.38 mmol) and
- 29 %). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.1 (s, 1H), 9.00 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), chromatography (c-Hex/EtOAc 4/1) to give the title compound as yellow oil (218 mg, the solvent was removed under reduce pressure. The residue was purified by flash The residue was diluted with a saturated aqueous solution of NH₄Cl (20 mL) and extracted with Et₂O (50 ml + 2x20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and
- 20 7.52 (d, 1H, J=8.1 Hz), 2.49 (t, 2H, J=7.1 Hz), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.28 (m, 12H), (Condition A), Rt: 5.23 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %). 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 270.3; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 272.4. HPLC

 $Step\ b)\ Formation\ of\ N-[(6-dodec-l-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)-N-$

25 M*(LCMS(ESI)): 431.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.47 min (HPLC purity: 98.8 %) dodec-1-ynylnicotinaldehyde gave the title compound as a pale yellow solid (54%). The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 6-

- 244 -

Step c) Formation of ethyl{[(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

[(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N

- M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 531.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.60 min (HPLC purity: 100 %) compound as a colorless oil (93%). HNMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) 8 8.38 (d, 0.5H, J=2.0 2H), 1.39-1.28 (m, 15H), 0.89 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 529.3; 3H), 4.54 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 1H), 4.42-4.32 (m, 4H), 2.46 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.46 (m, Hz), 8.34 (d, 0.5H, J=2.0 Hz), 7.64 (m, 2.5H), 7.56 (dd, 0.5H, J=7.9, 2.0 Hz), 7.41-7.31 (m,
- 5 Step d) Formation of {[(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

ethyl {{(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white foam (90%). 1H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 8.65 (s, The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using

- 7 3H, J=6.6 Hz). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 501.2; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 503.0. HPLC (Condition A). 4.50 (s, 1H), 2.45 (t, 2H, J=7.0 Hz), 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.27 (br s, 12H), 0.88 (t, 0.5H), 8.58 (s, 0.5H), 7.84 (d, 0.5H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.69 (d, 0.5H, J=8.2 Hz), 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.45 Rt: 4.76 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %) (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 5.38 (br s, 1H), 4.72 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.60 (s, 1H),
- 20 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 3-Example 356: {(3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of 3-dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde

23 Step b) Formation of N-(3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine

bromobenzaldehyde gave the title compound (59%).

dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 3-

> WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 245 –

(37%). M (LCMS(ESI)): 430.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.82 min (HPLC purity: 94.7

Step c) Formation of ethyl ((3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl) [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino}-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-(3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.48 min (HPLC purity: 100 %) dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound (99%).

Step d) Formation of {(3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

- 5 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using 7.52 (d, 1H, J=7.9 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J=8.3Hz), 7.34-7.14 (m, 4H), 4.62 (m, 2H), 4.54 (m, compound as a colorless oil (95%). ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 300 MHz) & 7.71-7.61 (m, 2H), ethyl {(3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title 2H), 2.45 (t, 2H, J= 6.8 Hz), 1.70-1.58 (m, 2H), 1.57-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.45-1.28 (m, 12H),
- 5 0.92 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 500.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.94 min (HPLC purity:

amino)(oxo)acetic acid Example 357: {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-

20 yl)benzyl]amine

anhydrous THF (0.6 mL) was added the 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine (11.8 mg, 0.1 mmol triacetoxyborohydride (53 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred and Ti(iPrO)4 (0.035 mL, 0.12 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 3 h at 60°C then sodium To a solution of 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde (32.8 mg, 0.1 mmol) in

25 overnight at rt. THF (0.75 mL) was added followed by the PS-DEAM resin (Argonaut, 148 mg, 1.68 mmol/g), and the reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight. The reaction mixture was filtered and the filtrates were eluted through a SCX column (Isolute, 1 g) with

- 246 -

DCM (6 mL), then NH $_3$ (2M in MeOH, 4 mL). The desired fractions (TLC monitoring) were concentrated under vacuum to give the title product.

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(2-ftuorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(0x0)acetate

- To a solution of N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine (45.1 mg, 0.1 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (0.6 mL) was added the morpholinomethyl polystyrene resin (Novabiochem, HL, 39.5 mg, 0.15 mmol, 3.8 mmol/g) and the resulting mixture was cooled at 0°C. Ethyloxalyl chloride (4.7 mg, 0.13 mmol) in anhydrous DCM (0.4 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at rt, then
- the PL-AMS-Resin (Polymer Laboratories, 52 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.93 mmol/g) was added and the mixture stirred for 1.5 h. The resins were filtered off, washed with DCM, and the filtrates were concentrated under vacuum to afford the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {[2-(2-fluorophenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (26% (overall yield from step a)). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 522.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.76 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Example 358: {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title

compound as an oil

25

. - 247 -

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 552.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.31 min (HPLC purity: 91.2 %).

Step c) Formation of {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (24% (overall yield from step a)). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 522.4; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 524.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.76 min (HPLC nuriv- 98 5 %)

Example 359: {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}:

15 (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title

20 compound as an oil.

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzylJamino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

25 compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {[2-(2-fluorophenyl]ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5. yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acia

gave the title compound as a yellow oil (29% (overall yield from step a)). M The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

Example 360: {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

(LC/MS(ESI)): 480.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.21 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 %)

yl)benzyl]amine Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-{3,4-dichlorophenyl]ethyl][4-{3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

title compound as an oil. [2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

Step c) Formation of {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

{[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.04 min (HPLC purity: yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (23% (overall yield

25

- 248 -

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

amino}(oxo)acetic acid Example 361: {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

- 249 -

yl)benzyl]amine Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

- undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3title compound as an oil.
- Step b) Formation of ethyl [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using Ntitle compound as an oil. [2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the

Step c) Formation of [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl A), Rt: 6.04 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %). yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 572.3; M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 574.0. HPLC (Condition yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (18% (overall {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-
- 20 Example 362; {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethy]][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

25 octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil.

- 250 -

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the

title compound as an oil. M'(LCMS(ESI)): 558.5; M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 560.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.07 min (HPLC purity: 78.5%).

Step c) Formation of {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

{[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
gave the title compound as a yellow oil (14% (overall yield from step a)). M

(LC/MS(ESI)): 532.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.52 min (HPLC purity: 89.6 %).

Example 363: {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-y])ethy]][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-y])benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

IS Step a) Formation of N-[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethylamine gave the

20 Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

title compound as an oil.

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 610.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.60 min

(HPLC purity: 77.8 %).

23

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 251 -

Step c) Formation of { $\{2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}ethyl]$ { $4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl\}benzyl]amino}$ {oxo}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (4% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 580.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.10 min (HPLC purity: 95.3 %).

Example 364: {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-y]}ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-y]}benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

10 Step a) Formation of N-[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil.

- 1s Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.
- 20 Step c) Formation of {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl [[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (24% (overall

25 yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 580.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 582.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.10 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

- 252 --

Example 365: {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}{oxo}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-oxyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (13% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 538.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.63 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

Example 366; oxo{5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-undecy]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

20

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

20

Step a) Formation of N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylamine

gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 460.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.36 min (HPLC purity: 73.3 %).

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave

the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of $oxo\{5.6.7,8$ -tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl $\{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl\}$ benzyl $\{amino\}$ acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo {5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a white powder (23% (overall yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 530.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.95 min (HPLC purity: 94.7%).

Example 367: oxo (5.6.7.8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1.2.4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

ೱ

Step a) Formation of N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 460.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.32 min (HPLC purity: 68.9 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yi[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadtazol-5-yi]benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave

the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 560.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC purity: 73.3 %).

23

- 253 –

- 254 –

Step c) Formation of oxo{5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo (5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow solid (7% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 530.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 532.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.94 min (HPLC purity: 90.3 %).

Example 368: [[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino][oxo]acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 418.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.83 min (HPLC purity: 82.3 %).

5

Step b) Formation of ethyl $oxo\{5,6,7,8$ -tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave

20 the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of [[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl] [5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino] (oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo (5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

25 yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (11% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 488.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.43 min (HPLC purity: 95.6 %).

- 255 -

Example 369: {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl){4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadjazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethylamine hydrobromide gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 496.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.99 min (HPLC purity: 90.9 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-yhnethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

10 yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 596.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.51 min (HPLC purity: 91.8 %).

1s Step c) Formation of {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (6% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)):

20 566.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.06 min (HPLC purity: 99.5 %).

Example 370; {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethylamine

(Condition A), Rt: 4.99 min (HPLC purity: 87.7 %). hydrobromide gave the title compound as an oil. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 496.5. HPLC

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N title compound as an oil. (1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step c) Formation of $\{(1, 1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1, 3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1, 4-oxadiazol-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-ylmethyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl$

5 gave the title compound as a yellow oil (17% (overall yield from step a)). M The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl (LCMS(ESI)): 566.1; M*(LCMS(ESI)): 568.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.99 min (HPLC $\{(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl] amino\} (oxo) acetate the property of t$

2 amino (oxo) acetic acid Example 371: {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]-

Step a) Formation of N-(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

20 octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethylamine hydrobromide gave the title compound as an oil

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 454.6

HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.52 min (HPLC purity: 81 %)

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

23

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

- 257 -

compound as an oil

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step c) Formation of ((1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

(LCMS(ESI)): 524.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.51 min (HPLC purity: 90.8 %) gave the title compound as a colorless oil (4% (overall yield from step a)). M The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

Example 372: {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-vl)benzyl]-

amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1-benzothien-3-ylmethylamine gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

title compound as an oil. M (LC/MS(ESI)): 476.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.82 min (HPLC purity: 77.5 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

8 (1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil

Step c) Formation of {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl){4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

{(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

- 258 -

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (15% (overall yield from step a)). M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 546.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.88 min (HPLC purity: 98.3 %).

Example 373: ((1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino\((oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1-benzothien-3-ylmethylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 476.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.79 min

o (HPLC purity: 86.7 %)

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(1-benzothien-3-yimethyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the

is title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(BSI)): 576.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.37 min (HPLC purity: 87.9 %).

Step c) Formation of {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzyl]amino}(0xo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (23% (overall yield from step a)). M

(LC/MS(ESI)): 546.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.84 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

Example 374: {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzyl]amine

25

- 259 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3 octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1-benzothien-3-ylmethylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 434.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.30 min (HPLC purity: 89.9 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl){4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzyl]amino}{oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

10 Step c) Formation of {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl){4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl}amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (9% (overall yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)):

504.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.34 min (HPLC purity: 88.7 %).

2

Example 375: oxo([2-ftifluoromethyl)benzy][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 488.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.78 min (HPLC purity: 95.4 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

25 yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

- 260 –

[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of $oxo[{2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl}]{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-benzyl}amino}acetic acid$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo {[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (38% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 558.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.94 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

Example 376; oxo [[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

5

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 488.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.78 min

₽

(HPLC purity: 95.4 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{[2-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of oxo{[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo ([2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 261 -

gave the title compound as a colorless oil (13% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 558.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.87 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

Example 377: {[4-(3-octyl-1,2.4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

Example 377: 144(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-2-y) penzyi | 2-turi uoromen yi penzyi lannio (0xo) acetic acid

- s Step a) Formation of N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 446.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.23 min (HPLC purity: 96.5 %).
- Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 544.2; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 546.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.95 min (HPLC purity: 92.7 %).

5

Step c) Formation of {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

oxo {[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a colorless oil (18% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 516.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.35 min (HPLC purity: 99.0 %).

Example 378: oxo [[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzy]][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

25 Step a) Formation of N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

- 262 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 488.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.84 min (HPLC purity: 64.4 %).

- s Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.
- 10 Step c) Formation of oxo{{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo [[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino} acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (14% (overall yield from step a)). M
- 15 (LC/MS(ESI)): 558.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.85 min (HPLC purity: 97.8 %).

Example 379: oxo [[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1.2.4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino) acetic acid

- Step a) Formation of N- $\{3-(triftuoromethyl)benzyl]-N-\{3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine$
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 488.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.86 min (HPLC purity: 66.8 %).
- Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-
- yl)benzylJamino}acetate
 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 263 –

[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of oxo{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo {[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acctate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (44% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 558.1; M (LC/MS(ESI)): 560.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.84 min (HPLC purity: 97.3 %).
- Example 380: [[4-(3-octyl-1.2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- Step a) Formation of N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

- octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 446.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.31 min (HPLC purity: 73.9 %).
- Step b) Formation of ethyl $oxo\{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate$
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.
- Step c) Formation of {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(triftuoromethyl)-benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- 25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo ([3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino) acetate

PCT/EP03/00808

- 264 -

gave the title compound as a yellow oil (20% (overall yield from step a)). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 516.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 97.9 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %).

Example 381: {(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyll-amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methoxybenzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 450.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.70 min (HPLC)

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetate

purity: 92.7 %).

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

ts compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {(2-methoxyberayl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(2-methoxybenzyl){4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

the title compound as a colorless oil (43% (overall yield from step a)). M(LCMS(ESI)): 520.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 522.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.76 min (HPLC purity: 98.6

Example 382: {(2-methoxybenzyl)|3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyllamino}-(oxo)acetic acid

25 Step a) Formation of N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 265 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yi)benzaldehyde and 2-methoxybenzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 450.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.72 min (HPLC purity: 92.6 %).

- Step b) Formation of ethyl ((2-methoxybenzyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetate
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.
- Step c) Formation of {(2-methoxybenzyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(2-methoxybenzyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a white solid (17% (overall yield from step a)). M(LCMS(ESI)):

520.3; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 522.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.70 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Example 383: {(2-methoxybenzy)][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

- 20 yl)benzyl]amine
- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 2-methoxybenzylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 408.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.12 min (HPLC purity: 91.9%).
- 25 Step b) Formation of ethyl {(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

- 266 –

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(2-methoxybenzyl)-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ((2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (33% (overall yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 478.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.15 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

Example 384: oxo { {4-[(trifluoromethy)]sulfony]]benzy]}[4-(3-undecy]-1,2,4-oxadiazo]-5-y])benzy]]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-{4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzylamine hydrochloride gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 552.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.85 min (HPLC purity: 36 %).

 $Step\ b)\ Formation\ of\ ethyl\ oxo\{\{4-\{(trifluoromethyl\}sulfonyl]\ benzyl\}\{4-\{3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl\}benzyl\}amino\}acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-{4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of oxo{{4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

25 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl oxo{{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 267 -

yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (15% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 622.1; M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 624.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.80 min (HPLC purity: 79.4 %).

Example 385: oxo { {4-f(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}[3-(3-undecyl-1.2,4-oxadiazol-5-

s yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzylamine

hydrochloride gave the title compound as an oil. M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 552.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.85 min (HPLC purity: 62.0 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{ $\{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl\}{3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

15 {4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of oxo{{4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}{3-(3-undecyl-1, 2, 4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl}amino}acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyloxo{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

20

yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (37% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 622.1; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 624.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.79 min (HPLC purity: 81.4 %).

Example 386; ([4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]-

25 benzyl\amino)(oxo)acetic acid

- 268 –

Step a) Formation of N-{4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-{4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzylamine

hydrochloride gave the title compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.36 min (HPLC purity: 43.4 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl oxo{{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}{4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

44-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of ([4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl] {4-[(trifluoromethyl)-sulfonyl]benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

2

oxo {4-{(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}{4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (24% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 580.1; M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 582.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.26 min (HPLC purity: 81.1 %).

Example 387: {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]-

20 amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl] amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylamine gave the title

25 compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.15 min (HPLC purity: 97.2 %)

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

Step b) Formation of ethyl {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

the title compound as a brown oil (46% (overall yield from step a)). M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 478.2 (-CO₂). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.55 min (HPLC purity: 96.4 %).

Example 388: {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 3-(3 undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LCMS(ESI)): 450.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.12 min (HPLC purity: 95.4 %).

20 Step b) Formation of ethyl {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

25 Step c) Formation of {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

269 -

- 270 -

the title compound as a brown oil (56% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LCMS(ESI)): {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave 522.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.55 min (HPLC purity: 94.7 %). The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

Example 389: {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amine The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step a) but using 4-(3-

5 octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzaldehyde and 1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 408.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.54 min (HPLC

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

2 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using Ncompound as an oil. 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-N-[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amine gave the title

(oxo)acetic acid Step c) Formation of [1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino]-

20 CO2). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.91 min (HPLC purity: 97.5 %) title compound as a brown oil (48% (overall yield from step a)). Mf(LC/MS(ESI)): 478.2 (-{1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

Example 390: {[(4-dodec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

25 (oxo)acetic acid

> WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 271 -

Step a) Formation of (4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methylamine hydrochloride

cooled, filtered off the succinimide and concentrated to give crude bromide (34 g) and used benzoylperoxide (5 g) in CCl₄ (750 mL) was refluxed for 5 h. The reaction mixture was A mixture of 1-bromo-4-methylnaphthaline (25 g, 0.113 mol), NBS (22.2 g, 0.123 mol) and

- CH₂Cl₂ over a period of 45 min. The reaction mixture was then stirred at -40°C for 18h. (2 L) was added 1-bromo-4-bromomethyl naphthaline (crude 34 g) dissolved in 200mL of for the next reaction without any purification. To a cold (-40°C) solution of liquid ammonis
- yellow residue. The residue was then treated with 3N HCl (250 mL), filtered off the solid The reaction mixture was then allowed to stir at RT and concentrated under vacuum to give
- obtained and washed with CH₂Cl₂ (2x 250 mL). The solid was dried under vacuum to give (4-bromo-1-naphthyl) methylamine hydrochloride (25 g, 80 %). HPLC purity: 96.6 %

Step b) Formation of N-[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine

Z bromo-1-naphthyl)methylamine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a brown oil (58%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 3.40 min (HPLC purity: 98.4 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using (4-

Step c) Formation of ethyl [[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl]methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

20 (Condition A), Rt: 5.25 min (HPLC purity: 97.9 %). title compound (98%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 491.4; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 496.1. HPLC [(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride gave the The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-

Step d) Formation of ethyl {[(4-dodec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)-

ĸ benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

ethyl {[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using

- 272 -

the title compound as a yellow oil (74%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.64 min (HPLC purity: 100 %).

Step e) Formation of {{(4-dodec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl]{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}{oxo)acetic acid

- The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[[4-dodec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl]methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow oil (48% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 550.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.15 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₃H₃₆F₃NO₃-0.5H₂O: C, 70.70; H, 6.65; N, 2.50%. Found: C, 70.44; H, 6.72; N, 2.29%
- Example 391; {[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using (4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methylamine and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a brown oil (58%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 3.40 min (HPLC purity. 98.4

Step b) Formation of ethyl{[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl]-N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine hydrochloride gave the title compound as a colorless oil (98%).

8

Step c) Formation of ethyl {[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using ethyl {[(4-bromo-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 273 -

the title compound as a yellow oil (87%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 550.1; M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 552.5. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.36 min (HPLC purity: 96.4 %).

Step d) Formation of {[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- s The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a brown oil (91%). ¹H NMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) δ 8.43-8.37 (m, 1H) 7.90-7.76 (m, 1H), 7.61-7.48 (m, 5H), 7.28-7.08 (m, 3H), 5.37 (s, 0.7H), 5.05 (s, 1.3H), 4.79 (s, 1.3H), 4.61 (s, 0.7H), 2.57 (t, 2H, J=7.0Hz), 1.77-1.65 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.42-1.25 (m, 8H), 0.89 (m, 3H). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 522.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.83
- min (HPLC purity: 97.7 %).

 Example 392: ([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl]{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}-

ethynyl]benzyl}amine

Step a) Formation of N-[1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl]-N-(4-[(4-hexylphenyl)-

amino)(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

ᄄ

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzaldehyde and 1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethylamine gave
the title compound as a brown oil (80%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.73 min (HPLC purity:
98.7 %).

20 Step b) Formation of ethyl([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl] [4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]-benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using N-[1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl]-N-{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}amine gave the title compound as a brown oil (95%). HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.26 min (HPLC purity:

99.3 %).

25

- 274 -

Step c) Formation of ([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl] [4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]-benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl]{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}-

amino)(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as a yellow powder (89%), M(LCMS(ESI)): 514.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.84 min (HPLC purity: 99.1 %).

Step d) Formation of ([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl] {4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]-benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using ([1-(3-chlorophenyl)-1-methylethyl]{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid gave the title compound as a white powder (94%). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 514.7. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.81 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %). Analysis calculated for C₃₂H₃₄CINO₃.C₇H₁₇NO₅-0.8H₂O: C, 64.55; H, 7.31; N, 3.86%. Found: C, 64.6; H, 7.43; N, 3.87%.

Example 393: oxo [[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

Step a) Formation of 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)benzonitrile

To a solution of 4-cyanobenzaldehyde (25 g, 0.190 mol) in dry toluene (300 mL) was

added ethyleneglycol (15 g, 0.228 mol) and PTSA (0.5 g) and allowed to reflux at 130°C with azeotropic removal of water for 12h. The reaction mixture was cooled, washed with 10% aqueous NaHCO₃ (100 mL), dried and concentrated under vacuum. The crude solid was recrystallised from PetEther/EtOAc to give the 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2yl)benzonitrile (17 g, 51%) as white solid. TLC (PetEther/EtOAc 4/1), Rf = 0.6

25 Step b) Formation of 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)benzenecarbothioamide
To a solution of 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2yl)benzonitrile (2 g, 0.01 1mol) in dry pyridine (50 mL)
and TBA (5.75 g, 0.057 mol) was passed H₂S gas (freshly generated) for 1h with stirring at

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 275 -

RT. The reaction mixture was diluted with water (100 mL), extracted with diethyl ether (100 mL), washed with brine (50 mL) and dried. The solvent was removed under vacuum and the crude product was purified by column chromatography over silica gel (PetEther/EtOAc, 3/7) to give 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)benzenecarbothioamide (1.9 g, 86%) as yellow solid. TLC (PetEther/EtOAc 3/7), Rf = 0.35

Step c) Formation of 1-bromotridecan-2-one

To a solution of lauric acid chloride (10.0 g, 45.7 mmol) in anhydrous THF (91 mL) at 0°C was added dropwise a solution of trimethylsilyldiazomethane (2 M in ether, 45.7 mL, 91.4 mmol). The mixture was stirred 1 h at 0°C then overnight at RT. The solvents were

- (50 mL) and stirred in the presence of the PL-AMS-Resin (Polymer Laboratories, 1.54 mmol/g, 5 g) for 5 h at RT. The resin was filtered off and washed with DCM. The combined filtrates were evaporated to give a yellow oil. This crude product was disolved in Et₂O, chilled at 0°C and a concentrated aqueous solution of HBr (48 %, 10 mL) was added dropwise carrefully. After 1 h of reaction, the mixture was decanted and the organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated to give the title product as a beige solid (8.32 g, 66%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.63 (t, 2H, J=7.5Hz), 1.67-1.54 (m, 2H), 1.30-1.21 (m, 16H), 0.87 (m, 3H)
- Step d) Formation of 4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzaldehyde
- A solution of 1-bromotridecan-2-one (5.54 g, 20 mmol) and 4-(1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)benzenecarbothioamide (4.19 g, 20 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was refluxed overnight.

 After evaporation of the solvent, the residue was taken up in ether, washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄, filtered. The solvents were evaporated under vacuum to give a yellow oil. Purification on silicagel gave the title product as a yellow solid (4.05 g, 59%).
- ²⁵ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 10.0 (s, 1H), 8.11 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 7.93 (d, 2H, J=8.6 Hz), 6.98 (s, 1H), 2.84 (t, 2H, J=7.2 Hz), 1.78-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.20 (m, 16H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J=6.8 Hz). M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 344.3

yl)benzyl]amine Step e) Formation of N-[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-N-[4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-

(s, 2H, J=7.3 Hz), 3.74 (s, 2H), 2.67 (t, J=2H, 7.7 Hz), 1.95-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.55 (m, 7.45 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.35 (d, 2H, J=8.1 Hz), 7.25 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz), 6.72 (s, 1H), 3.689 compound as a colorless oil (90%). HNMR (CDCl3, 300 MHz) & 7.78 (d, 2H, J=8.3 Hz) undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzaldehyde and 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step a) but using 4-(4.

2H), 1.37-1.05 (m, 16H), 0.74 (t, 3H, J=6.7 Hz). M⁺(LCMS(ESI)): 503.4. HPLC

(Condition A), Rt: 4.99 min (HPLC purity: 91.2 %).

Step f) Formation of ethyloxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2yl)benzyl]amino}acetate undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzaldehyde gave the title compound as a colorless oil (93%). ¹H The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 15 (step b) but using 4-(4-

2 (d, 1H, J= 3.8Hz), 4.54 (d, 2H, J= 4.5Hz), 4.41-4.29 (m, 4H), 2.82 (t, 2H, J= 7.7 Hz), 1.81-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.21 (m, 19H), 0.87 (m, 3H). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.52 min (HPLC

NMR (CDC), 300 MHz) 8 7.98-7.88 (m, 2H), 7.65-7.56 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.23 (m, 4H), 6.89

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid Step g) Formation of oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-

20 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using gave the title compound as a colorless oil (95%). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 573.3; ethyloxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzyl]amino}acetate M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 575.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.98 min (HPLC purity: 98.6 %)

Step h) Formation of oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-

ដ yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

oxo [[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzyl]amino} acetic acid The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using

- 277 -

M[†](LC/MS(ESI)): 575.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.99 min (HPLC purity: 99.3 %). Found: C, 58.87; H, 6.96; N, 5.38% gave the title compound as a white powder (93%). M (LC/MS(ESI)): 573.4; Analysis calculated for C31H37F3N2O3S.C7H17NO3-0.1H2O: C, 59.14; H, 7.08; N, 5.45%

- fractions (TLC monitoring) were concentrated under vacuum to afford the title product as a column (Isolute, 1 g) with DCM (6 mL), then NH3 (2M in MeOH, 4 mL). The desired give a solid. This solid was suspended in DCM (0.75 mL) and eluted through a SCX $(0.5\ mL)$ then the sodium triacetoxyborohydride (53 mg, 0.25 mmol) was added and the filtered and evaporated to give an oily residue. This crude product was taken up in MeOH MgSO₄ (50 mg). The mixture was stirred overnight at RT. The reaction mixture was mL) was added the 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine (13.9 mg, 0.1 mmol) and anhydrous To a solution of 4-dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde (24.2 mg, 0.1 mmol) in anhydrous THF (0.6 Step a) Formation of N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amine Example 394: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid yellow oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 366.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.64 min (HPLC purity: reaction mixture was stirred overnight at rt. The solvents were evaporated under vacuum to
- Step b) Formation of ethyl ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino)-(oxo)acetate
- 8 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.18 min (HPLC purity: 65.5 %). (4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil

25 $\{(4\text{-dec-1-ynylben}zyl)[2\text{-}(2\text{-fluorophenyl})\text{ethyl}]\text{amino}\} (oxo) \text{acctate gave the title}$ The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl Step c) Formation of {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}{oxo)acetic acid

- 278 -

compound as an orange oil (5% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 436.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.45 min (HPLC purity: 87.5 %).

Example 395: {(4-dodec-1-vnylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil. M*(LC/MS(ESI)): 394.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.00 min (HPLC purity: 93.6 %)

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl){2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}-(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyljamine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl){2-(2-fluorophenyl}ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

15 The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step c) but using ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as an orange oil (21% (overall yield from step a)). HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.78 min (HPLC purity: 82.2 %).

Example 396: {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}-

20 (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of $N-\{\{4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl\}methyl\}-N-\{2-(2-fluorophenyl)-ethyl]amine$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound

as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.48 min (HPLC purity: 86.4 %)

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

PCT/EP03/00808

- 279 -

Step b) Formation of ethyl {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}-N-[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title

5 compound as an oil

Step c) Formation of {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[f4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

the title compound as an orange oil (7% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 534.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.25 min (HPLC purity: 92.8 %).

Example 397: {[2-{2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}{(oxo)acetic acid Step a) Formation of N-[2-{2-fluorophenyl}ethyl]-N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-

(octyloxy)benzaldehyde and 2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.37 min (HPLC purity: 76.0 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]anino}-(axa)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil.

Step c) Formation of {[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl
{[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound
as a white solid (22% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 428.3. HPLC

25 (Condition A), Rt: 5.19 min (HPLC purity: 64.2 %).

- 280 –

Example 398: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an
oil. M⁺(LC/MS(ESI)): 402.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.71 min (HPLC purity: 86.5 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}-(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.31 min (HPLC purity: 80.7 %).

Step c) Formation of {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as an orange oil (7% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.58 min (HPLC purity: 94.0 %).

Example 399: {(4-dodec-i-ynylbenzyl)[2-{trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as

20

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}-

an oil. MT(LC/MS(ESI)): 430.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.05 min (HPLC purity: 96.9 %)

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an

- 281 -

요.

Step c) Formation of {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title compound as an orange oil (17% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 500.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.92 min (HPLC purity: 82.5 %).

Example 400: {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

10 (oxo)acetic acid

Step a) Formation of N-{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amine

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title

15 compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.54 min (HPLC purity: 98.0 %).

Step b) Formation of eityl $\{\{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl\}[2-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetate$

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title

20 compound as an oil

Step c) Formation of {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}{2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave

the title compound as an orange oil (8% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 570.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.30 min (HPLC purity: 79.2 %).

25

- 282 -

oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.24 min (HPLC purity: 91.0 %). Step a) Formation of N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine Example 401: {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid (octyloxy)benzaldehyde and 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzylamine gave the title compound as an The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-

amino}(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl [[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl].

[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]-N-[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an oil The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

5 Step c) Formation of {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

compound as a yellow oil (13% (overall yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 464.3. {[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl

2 HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.33 min (HPLC purity: 92.2 %).

an oil. M*(LCMS(ESI)): 416.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.91 min (HPLC purity: 72.4 %) dec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as Step a) Formation of N-(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amine The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-Example 402: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

Step b) Formation of ethyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino}-

20

oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 6.45 min (HPLC purity: 62.5 %). (4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)-N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amine gave the title compound as an The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

23

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 283 -

Step c) Formation of {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as an orange oil (11% (overall yield from step a)). M(LC/MS(ESI)): 486.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.76 min (HPLC purity: 89.8 %).

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-Example 403: [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

as an oil. MT(LC/MS(ESI)): 444.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.27 min (HPLC purity: 83.9 dodec-1-ynylbenzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound

(oxo)acetate Step b) Formation of ethyl [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-l-ynylbenzyl)amino]-

[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amine gave the title compound as The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-

(oxo)acetic acid Step c) Formation of [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl]ethyl] (4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino]-

20

compound as a yellow oil (4% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LCMS(ESI)): 514.1. HPLC [[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetate gave the title The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl (Condition A), Rt: 6.08 min (HPLC purity: 96.1 %).

Example 404; ([2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl]amino)-

25

PCT/EP03/00808

- 284 -

Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title

naphthyl]methyl]amine

s compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.72 min (HPLC purity: 82.0 %).

Step b) Formation of ethyl ([2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl] {[4-(dodecyloxy)-l-naphthyl]methyl]amino)(oxo)acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}amine gave the title compound as an oil.

5

Step c) Formation of ([2-(3, 4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl] [[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl] methyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl ([2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl] {[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl] amino)(oxo)acetate

gave the title compound as a yellow oil (6% (overall yield from step a)). M(LCMS(ESI)): 584.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 6.50 min (HPLC purity: 63.7 %).

Example 405: {[2-(3.4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}{oxolacetic acid Step a) Formation of N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amine
The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 394 (step b) but using 4-(octyloxy)benzaldehyde and 2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethylamine gave the title compound as an oil. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 4.69 min (HPLC purity: 71.8 %).

20

Step b) Formation of ethyl {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)ocetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 357 (step b) but using N-[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]-N-[4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amine gave the title compound as an

25

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

Step c) Formation of {[2-{3,4-dichlorophenyl}ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

- 285 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 1 (step e) but using ethyl {[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate gave the title

compound as a yellow oil (6% (overall yield from step a)). M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 478.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.47 min (HPLC purity: 65.4 %).

Example 406: (44-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl} { 1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 392 but using 1-methyl-1-

[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethylamine and 4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzaldehyde (in step a) gave the title compound as a white powder. M(LC/MS(ESI)): 548.1. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.89 min (HPLC purity: 98.7 %).

Example 407: {[4-(5-cyclohexylpent-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using pent-4-ynylcyclohexane gave the title compound as a yellow oil. M(LC/MS(ESI)): 484.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.53 min (HPLC purity: 98.8 %).

2

Example 408: {{3-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(0x0)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 1-ethynyl-4-hexylbenzene gave the title compound as a white powder. M'(LCMS(ESI)): 520.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.68 min (HPLC purity: 99.9 %).

8

Example 409: {[4-(4-ethyl-3-hydroxyoct-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]:
amino}{oxo}acetic acid

- 286 -

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using 4-ethyloct-1-yn-3-ol gave the title compound as a yellow foam. M(LC/MS(ESI)): 488.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 4.79 min (HPLC purity: 98.9 %).

Example 410: {(2-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 226 (step c) but using ethyl {(2-bromobenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate and dec-1-yne gave the title compound as a pale yellow oil. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.0. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.51 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Example 411: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl]benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid,

L-lysine sali

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and L-lysine gave the title compound as a white powder. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.59 min (HPLC purity: 99.4 %).

Example 412: ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid, tromethamine (i.e. (2-amino-2-hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol) salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid and tris (hydroxymethyl)amino methane gave the title compound as a white solid. M' (LC/MS(ESI)): 472.3. HPLC (Condition A), Rt. 5.58 min (HPLC purity: 99.5%).

20

Example 413: {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid Larginine salt

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and L-arginine gave the title

compound as a white powder. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.4. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.55 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

25

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 287 -

Example 414: sodium {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetate

oxo acetate

The same procedure as employed in the preparation of Example 2 but using {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid and sodium hydroxide gave

the title compound as a white solid. M'(LC/MS(ESI)): 472.2. HPLC (Condition A), Rt: 5.54 min (HPLC purity: 99.6 %).

Example 415: Preparation of a pharmaceutical formulation

Pharmaceutical formulations using the compounds of formula (I) may be prepared according to standard procedures known to a person skilled in the art.

The following formulation examples illustrate representative pharmaceutical compositions using compounds of formula (I), while it is emphasised that the present invention is not to be construed as being limited to said the below formulations.

Formulation 1 - Tablets

An substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (I) is admixed as a dry powder with

a dry gelatin binder in an approximate 1:2 weight ratio. A minor amount of magnesium stearate is added as a lubricant. The mixture is formed into 240-270 mg tablets (80-90 mg of active substituted methylene amide derivative per tablet) in a tablet press.

Formulation 2 - Capsules

Substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (I) is admixed as a dry powder with a

20 starch diluent in an approximate 1:1 weight ratio. The mixture is filled into 250 mg capsules (125 mg of substituted methylene amide derivative per capsule).

Formulation 3 - Liquid

Substituted methylene amide derivative derivative of formula (I) (1250 mg), sucrose (1.75 g) and xanthan gum (4 mg) are blended, passed through a No. 10 mesh U.S. sieve, and then

25 mixed with a previously prepared solution of microcrystalline cellulose and sodium

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 288 -

carboxymethyl cellulose (11:89, 50 mg) in water. Sodium benzoate (10 mg), flavor, and color are diluted with water and added with stirring. Sufficient water is then added.

Formulation 4 - Tablets

A substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (I), is admixed as a dry powder with a dry gelatin binder in an approximate 1:2 weight ratio. A minor amount of magnesium stearate is added as a lubricant. The mixture is formed into 300-600 mg tablets (150-300).

mg of active substituted methylene amide derivative) in a tablet press.

ormulation 5 - Injection

A substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (I), is dissolved in a buffered sterile saline injectable aqueous medium to a concentration of approximately 5 mg/ml.

5

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

. 289 –

Example 416: Biological assays

The compounds of formula (I), may be subjected to the following assays:

- (1) The PTP Enzyme Assay
- (2) The in vivo assay in db/db mice

(1) The PTP Enzyme Assay (in vitro assay)

Assays for the determination of the PTP inhibitory activity of test compounds are well known to a person skilled in the art. An example of such an assay is described below:

The PTP Enzyme Assay aims at determining the extent of inhibition of PTPs, e.g. of PTP1B, SHP-1, SHP-2 or GLEPP-1 in the presence of a test compound of formula (I). The inhibition is illustrated by IC₅₀ values which denote the concentration of test compound necessary to achieve an inhibition of 50% of said PTP's using the following concentration of the PTP substrate DiFMUP:

- 5 μM DiFMUP for PTP1b;
- 20 µM DiFMUP for SHP-1 and SHP-2;
- 30 μM DiFMUP for GLEPP-1.

a) PTPs cloning

The cloning and expression of the catalytic domain of PTP1B, may be performed as described in *J. Biol. Chem. 2000*, 275(13), pp 9792-9796.

b) Materials and Methods

The DiFMUP assay allows to follow the dephosphorylation of DiFMUP (6,8-DiFluoro-4-MethylUmbelliferyl Phosphate) - which is the PTP substrate – mediated by PTP into its stable hyrolysis product, i.e. DiFMU (6,8-difluoro-7-hydroxy coumarin). Due to its rather

PCT/EP03/00808

- 290 -

phosphatase activities with a great sensitivity. low pKa and its high quantum yield, DiFMU allows to measure both acidic and alkaline

recombinant PTP as the enzyme and 6,8-DiFluoro-4-MethylUmbelliferyl Phosphate Assays were performed in a 96 well plate format, using the catalytic core of a human

- õ plate. 25µl of DiFMUP diluted in the assay buffer (20mM Tris HCl pH 7.5, 0.01% compound or vehicle (100% DMSO = control) was distributed to a black Costar 96 well (DiFMUP, Molecular Probes, D-6567) as a substrate. Compounds to be tested were were performed in 100 % DMSO using a Tecan Stand Alone Workstation. 5 μ l of diluted compounds (to yield a concentration of 100, 30, 10, 3, 1,0.3, 0.1, 0.03, 0.01, 0.001 µM) dissolved in 100% DMSO at a concentration of 2 mM. Subsequent dilutions of the test
- order to start the enzymatic reaction. Alternatively, 20µl of human recombinant PTP enzyme diluted in assay buffer can be added to the dilutions of compound or vehicule added, followed by 20µl of human recombinant PTP enzyme diluted in assay buffer in IGEPAL CA-630, 0.1mM ethylenediaminetetracetic acid, 1mM DL-Dithiothreitol) were
- 5 0.1s). The percentage of inhibition is determined by measuring the relative fluorescence ion (distributed to a black Costar 96 well plate), followed by 25µl of DiFMUP diluted in the fluorescence intensity (integral or intensity) on a Perkin-Elmer Victor 2 spectrofluorimeter assay buffer. The reaction ran for 30 minutes at room temperature before reading the (excitation of 6,8-difluoro-7-hydroxy coumarin is at 355nm, the emission at 460 nm, for
- 20 absence of a test compound (PTP inhibitor), i.e. with the solvent alone (5% DMSO). The IC50 values for inhibition were determined in triplicates

values) with regard to PTP of preferably less than 10 μ M, more preferred less than 5 μ M. The tested compounds according to formula (I) display an inhibition (illustrated by IC50

PTP1B, an IC50 value of 1.40 in respect of GLEPP-1, an IC50 value of 2.40 and 2.70 in respect of SHP-1 and SHP-2. For instance, the compound of example 10 displays an IC50 value of 2.224 µM in respect of

23

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 291 -

an IC50 value of 0.50 in respect of GLEPP-1, an IC50 value of 1 and 1.4 in respect of SHP-1 The compound of example 4 displays an IC50 value of 0,916 μM in respect of PTP1B and

In vivo assay in db/db mice

The following assay aims at determining the anti-diabetic effect of the test compounds of formula (I) in a model of postprandial glycemia in db/db mice

The assay was performed as follows:

A total of 24 db/db mice (about 8-9 weeks; obtained from IFFACREDO,

l'Arbreste, France) were fasted during 20 hours.

4 groups, each consisting of 6 animals were formed:

Group 1: The animals were administered (per os) a dose of 10 mg/kg of

Group 2: The animals were administered (per os) a dose of 20 mg/kg of the

ដ test compound according to formula (I).

test compound according to formula (I). Group 3: The animals were administered (per os) a dose of 100 mg/kg of the

test compound according to formula (I). Group 4: The animals were administered (per os) a dose of 200 mg/kg of the

8 pended in CarboxyMethylCellulose (0.5%), Tween 20 (0.25%) and water as vehicle, the animals had access to commercial food (D04, UAR, After oral administration of the compounds of formula (I) solubilized or sus-

Villemoisson/Orge, France) ad libitum. The diabetic state of the mice was

- 292 –

Blood glucose and serum insulin levels were then determined 4 hrs after drug verified by determining the blood glucose level before drug administration.

The determination of the blood glucose level was performed using a

glucometer (Precision Q.I.D., Medisense, Abbot, ref. 212.62.31).

(Crystal CHEM, Ref. INSK R020). The determination of the Insulin level was performed using an ELISA kit

expressed as a percentage of control (group 1: vehicle treated mice). Changes in blood glucose and serum insulin of drug treated mice were

5 glucose level induced by food intake by about 20-40%. Treatment (per os) of the animals with substituted methylene amide compounds of formula (1), at a dosage of 50 mg/kg, decreased the blood

benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid, the following decrease in For instance, upon using the compound of example 10, i.e. {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-

2 blood glucose level as well as insulin level was determined:

	 1		
Group 4	Group 3	Group 2	Animal Group
48	42	17	Decrease in blood glucose
4	6	6	± SEM
89	66	2	Decrease in serum insulin
2	œ	7	± SEM

(SEM = Standard Error of the Means)

List of references:

- 293 -

American Journal of Medicine, 60, 80 (1976) by Reaven et al;

Metabolism, 34, 7 (1985) by Stout et al.;

Diabetes/Metabolism Reviews, 5, 547 (1989) by Pyorala et al;

European Journal of Endocrinology 138, 269-274 (1998) by A.

Endocrine Reviews 18(6), 774-800 (1997);

Diabetes Care, 14, 173 (1991) by DeFronzo and Ferranninni;

J. Mol. Med. 78, 473-482 (2000) by A. Cheng et al.;

Current Opinion in Drug Discovery & Development 3(5), 527-540 (2000);

5

Molecular and Cellular Biology, 5479-5489 (2000) by Lori Klaman

Diabetes, 40, 939 (1991) by McGuire et al.;

J. Clinical Invest., 84, 976 (1989) by Meyerovitch et al;

Metabolism, 44, 1074, (1995) by Sredy et al.;

2

Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol., 5(4), 416-23 (2001) by Zhang et al.;

J. Biol. Chem., 275(52), 41439-46 (2000) by Bjorge J.D et al.;

J. Neurosci. Res., 63(2), 143-150 (2001) by Pathre et al.;

Mol. Brain. Res., 28(1), 110-16 (1995) by Shock L. P et al;

- 294 –

Biochemical Pharmacology, Vol. 60, 877-883, (2000) by Brian P.

- Leptin. Annu. Rev. Physiol. 62 p.413-437 (2000) by Ahima R. S. et al;
- Developmental Cell., vol.2, p.497-503 (2002).

Claims

- 295 –

1. Substituted methylene amide derivative of Formula (I):

and pharmaceutically active derivatives thereof, wherein diastereomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts as well as its geometrical isomers, its optically active forms as enantiomers,

C₁₂)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl; $\label{eq:c1} \textbf{C}_{12}) \\ \text{alkyl-aryl or } (\textbf{C}_1 - \textbf{C}_{12}) \\ \text{alkyl-heteroaryl, } (\textbf{C}_2 - \textbf{C}_{12}) \\ \text{alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl, } (\textbf{C}_3 - \textbf{C}_{12}) \\ \text{alkenyl-aryl or -heteroar$ C_{12}) alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)-cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, (C_1 - \mathbb{R}^1 is selected from the group consisting of $(C_1 - C_{15})$ alkyl, $(C_2 - C_{12})$ alkenyl, $(C_2 - C_{12})$

5 R^{2n} and R^{2h} are each independently from each other selected from the group comprising or consisting of H or (C1-C12)alkyl;

Cy is an aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or heterocycle group,

with the proviso that the following compounds are excluded:

PCT/EP03/00808

. 296 –

- 25

Substituted methylene amide derivatives according to claim 1, wherein \mathbb{R}^{2a} and \mathbb{R}^{2b} are each H.

5

- A substituted methylene amide derivative according to claim 1 or 2, wherein Cy is a thienyl or a phenyl group.
- thienyl, phenyl being substituted by a phenyl or an oxadiazole group or by 1 or 2 moieties selected from the group consisting of -NH-CO-R³, -SO₂-NR³R³', or -CO-NR³R³' in which R³, R³ are independently selected from H, (C₁-C₁₅)alkyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl or heteroaryl or -heteroaryl.

5

5. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to claim 4, wherein R³ is Hand R³ is selected from the group consisting of diphenyl-ethyl, dodecyl, octyl, 4-pentylbenzyl, 4-phenoxy-phenethyl, ethyl-thiophen-2-yl, pentadecyl, tridecyl, hexyloxyphenyl or (2-ethyl)-hexyl.

7

WO 03/064376

PCT/EP03/00808

- 297 –

- 6. A substituted methylene amide according to any of claim 1 or 2, wherein Cy is aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)-cycloalkyl or -heterocycloalkyl being substituted by a substituted or unsubstituted (C₂-C₁₈)alkynyl moiety.
- 7. A substituted methylene amide according to claim 6 wherein Cy is phenyl, pyridinyl, naphthyl or benzofuranyl group, being substituted by B-R⁴ wherein B is ethynyl group and R⁴ is (C₆-C₁₆)alkyl, (3-8 membered) cycloalkyl, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl-(3-8 membered) cycloalkyl, phenyl or (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl phenyl.
- A substituted methylene amide according to claim 7 wherein Cy is phenyl being substituted by B-R⁴ wherein B is ethynyl group and R⁴ is (C₆-C₁₆)alkyl.
- 9. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein R¹ is a moiety -CH₂-A, or -CH₂-CH₂-A with A being an aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)heterocycloalkyl or (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl.
- 10. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of claims 1 to 8, wherein R¹ is A, with A being aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)heterocycloalkyl or (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl.

ᅜ

11. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to claim 9 or 10, wherein A is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, pyridinyl, benzo-1,3-dioxolenyl, biphenyl, naphthyl, quinoxalinyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, furanyl or a piperidinyl group, being optionally substituted by 1 or 2 cyano, halogen, NO₂, (C₁-C₆)alkoxy, aryloxy or heteroaryloxy, (C₁-C₆)thioalkoxy, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl-X wherein X is halogen, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8 membered) cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl, (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl aryl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl aryl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl aryl or heteroaryl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl aryl or heteroaryl, -COOR³, -CO-NR²R³, -NHCOR³ wherein R³ is a (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl or (C₁-C₁₂)alkenyl, -SOR³, -SO₂R³, -SO₂R³, being independently from each other selected from the group

20

23

- 298 -

consisting of H, straight or branched (C₁-C₁₂)alkyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkenyl, (C₂-C₁₂)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)-cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl.

- 12. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to any claims 1 to 5 and 9 to 11 wherein:
- R2s and R2b are each H;

R¹ is-CH₂-A, with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen, methoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO₂, trifluoromethyl;

Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being substituted by $-SO_2R^3$, $-CO-NR^2R^3$ in which R^3 is H and R^3 is (C_7-C_{12}) alkyl, particularly (C_8-C_{12}) alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

5

13. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to any claim 1 to 5 and 9 to 11 wherein:

R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H;

R¹ is-CH₂-A, with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen, methoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO₂, trifluoromethyl;

2

Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being substituted by $-SO_2R^3$, $-CO-NR^3R^3$ ' in which R^3 ' is H and R^3 is (C_7-C_{15}) alkyl, particularly (C_8-C_{15}) alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

14. Substituted methylene amide derivative of Formula (I') according to any of claims 1 to 5 or 9 to 11

20

wherein

- 299 –

R¹ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-methylbenzyl which may be substituted by (C₁-C₆)alkyl group or a cycloalkyl group;

Cy is a phenyl or a biphenyl group substituted with a moiety selected from the group consisting of -NH-CO-R 3 , -CO-NH-R 3 , or an oxadiazole group substituted with R 3 , wherein R 3 is (C₇-C₁₅)alkyl, particularly (C₈-C₁₅)alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

- 15. A substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of the preceding claims selected from the following group:
- (benzyl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl] benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

 $oxo \{\{4-[(pentadecylamino) carbonyl]benzyl\} [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\} acetic acid$

(benzyl {4-[(pentadecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

(benzyl {4-[(tridecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

[benzyl(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

2

- {(4-{[dodecyl(methyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)acetic acid
- ([1-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-amino)-(oxo)acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20

- 300 -

acid {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid $(\{[1-(tert-but oxy carbonyl)-4-piperid in yl]methyl\} \\ \{4-[(dode cylamino) carbonyl]-1-(tert-but oxy carbonyl)-1-(tert-but oxy carbonyl)-1-(tert-but oxy carbonyl)-4-piperid in yll methyl \\ \{4-[(dode cylamino) carbonyl]-4-piperid in yll methyl \\ \{4-[(do$

oxo{[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

[benzyl(4-{[4-(hexyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

oxo {[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(10-undecenoylamino)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

 $oxo\{\{4-[(9E)-9-tetra decenoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}acetical constant of the property of the property$

{benzyl[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

acetic acid $\{\{4-[(2-hydroxydodecyl)amino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-(oxo)-$

 $oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino]-oxo[[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino[$

(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} $$ {(\{5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl\}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- $$$

⇆

dinyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperi-

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-carboxy-1-phenylethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

20

- 301 -

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-methoxy-1-methylethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

(4-bromo {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}anilino)(oxo)acetic acid

({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}anilino)(oxo)acetic acid

([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

 $\{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[(d,l)-trans-2-phenylcyclopropyl]amino\}-amino\}-amino\}-amino\}-amino\}-amino\}-amino\}-amino]-am$

(oxo)acetic acid

5

(oxo)acetic acid $([(d_i])-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl] \\ \{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}-amino)-amino) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl] \\ \{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]-amino) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl] \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl) \\ [(d_i]-trans-2-(benzyloxy)cyclopentyl) \\ [($

({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-4-phenoxyanilino)(oxo)acetic acid

 $\label{eq:condition} \endaligned [\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]-lender \endaligned \endali$

(oxo)acetic acid

5

((1-benzyl-4-piperidinyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(0x0)acetic acid

 $\{\{4.[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}(oxo)acetical content of the content of th$

 $\{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[2-(2-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}(oxo)acetical content of the content of th$

acid

- 302 –

((2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

(([1,1'-biphenyl]-3-ylmethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

(3-(benzyloxy) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} anilino)(oxo)acetic acid

([4-(benzoylamino)benzyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic

N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-3-phenyl-beta-alanine

 $\label{eq:condition} \{\{4\cdot[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[4\cdot(1,2,3\cdot thiadiazol\cdot 4\cdot yl)benzyl]amino\}.$

(oxo)acetic acid

5

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-pentylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1-phenylethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[1-(1-naphthyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

(benzyl {3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

 $\{\{3\hbox{-}[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[4\hbox{-}(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetical content of the content$

2

((3-cyanobenzyl) {3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} amino)(oxo)acetic acid

 $\label{lem:condition} \end{constraints} $$ \{3-[(dodecylamino)(carbonyl]benzyl]_{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetically $$ (oxo)(carbonyl)_{1}(dodecylamino)(car$

[(4-chlorobenzyl)(3-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

20

- 303 -

benzyl]amino}acetic acid $oxo \{[4-(\{[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)-density for the context of the cont$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid {benzyl[(3'-{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]-

yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:cyanobenzyl} $$ \{(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-kyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl][(3'-kyanobenzyl)[(3'-kyanobenzyl)][($

yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:chlorobenzyl} $$ (4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-(4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-(4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl][1$

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{[(3'-\{[(2,2-diphenylethyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoro-biphenylethyl)methyllot$

5

4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid oxo{{[3'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]methyl}-

(oxo)acetic acid [(3-cyanobenzyl)({3'-[(octylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)amino]-

2

[(4-chlorobenzyl)({3'-[(octylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {({3'-[(octylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-

20

yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-{[(3-phenylpropyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-

-304-

(oxo)acetic acid [(3-cyanobenzyl)({3'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)-amino]-

(oxo)acetic acid [(4-chlorobenzyl)({3'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl}-amino]

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} $$ \{(3^1-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-4-yl]$$$

(oxo)acetic acid {benzyl[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl]amino}-

methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:cyanobenzyl} $$ \{(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-(3-cyanobenzyl)[1,1'-bi$

methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:chlorobenzyl} $$ ((4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[(4-chlorobenzyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-{(4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1$

methyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid methyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid $oxo\{[(3\cdot\{[(4-phenylbutyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1\cdot biphenyl]-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoro-phenylbutyl)amino]carbonylbutyl)$ ${(3-cyanobenzy)}[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)}$

ᅜ

 $\{(4-chlorobenzy)\}[(3'-\{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-\{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl\}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[(3'-{[(2-mesitylethyl)amino]carbonyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]-((4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}-((4-chlorobenzyl)[1,1$

methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{[(3'-\{[(2\text{-mesitylethyl})amino]carbonyl\}[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]methyl][4-(trifluoro-klasses)]$

> 4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid $((4-chlorobenzyl)\{[3'-(\{[2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}carbonyl)[1,1'-biphenyl]-((4-chlorobenzyl$

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-methoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[4-(methylsulfonyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-methoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

{{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

amino)(oxo)acetic acid $(\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl\}-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl\}-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl\}-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl\}-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl\}-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl]-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}\{[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl]-(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]genzyl]$

5

4-[((carboxycarbonyl))(3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl) amino) methyl]benzoical amino) for the property of the property of

amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {4-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]benzyl}-

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

ᅜ

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-hydroxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl}-

8

- 305 -

3-[((carboxycarbonyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]benzoic

phenecarboxylic acid 5-[((carboxycarbonyl){3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]-2-thio-

- (oxo)acetic acid ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {4-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]-benzyl}-amino)-
- ((1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino)-(oxo)
- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

5

- 4-[((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]benzoic
- thiophenecarboxylic acid 5-[((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]-2-
- [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

2

- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(isopropyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- ((3,5-dichlorobenzyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- (oxo)acetic acid [(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)(4-{[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]carbonyl}-benzyl)amino]-
- amino](oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} \end{array} $$ (4-\{[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]$ carbonyl}$ benzyl)(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)-1.$

20

- 307 -

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid $\label{lem:conditional} \end{center} \begin{tabular}{ll} (1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl)(4-\{[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl\}-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]carbonyl]-1,0.5-ylmethyl)(4-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)(4-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-[1,1'-biphen$

- acid (2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic
- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{lem:convergence} \ensuremath{\texttt{2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl[4-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}-carbonyl)-nethyllamino})}.$
- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- ([4-(dimethylamino)benzyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic
- 5 [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

((4-cyanobenzyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} amino)(oxo)acetic acid

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]methyl}-
- [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

15

- [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-hydroxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- ((4-cyanobenzyl) (3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl) amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- [{3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1,3-thiazol-2-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- 308 –

amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[2-(4-morpholinyl)-1,3-thiazol-5-yl]methyl}-

((1,3-benzodioxol-5-ylmethyl) {3-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-benzyl}amino)-

(oxo)acetic acid

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-pyridinylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[(4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl)(3-thienylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-hydroxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

acid 3-[((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)methyl]benzoic

5

[cyclopenty]({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[benzyl({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

amino)(oxo)acetic acid $((\{5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl\}methyl)\{3-[hydroxy(oxido)amino]-benzyl\}-1)$

[({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(4-methoxybenzyl)amino]-(oxo)-

2

[{{5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(2-fluorobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} \{(\{5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl\}methyl)[4-(methylsulfonyl)-benzyl]-1, the property of the prope$

70

methyl}benzoic acid 4-{[(carboxycarbonyl)({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thicnyl}methyl)-amino}- acetic acid

[({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]-(oxo)-

- 309 -

(({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl){[6-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} $$ {(\{5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl\}methyl)[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]methyl)[3-((frifluoromethyl)benzyl]- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl]- {((6-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thien$

[(3-chlorobenzyl)({5-[(dodecylamino)sulfonyl]-2-thienyl}methyl)amino](oxo)acetic

5

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{[(3-\{[(3,3-diphenylpropyl)amino]sulfonyl\}-2-thienyl)methyl][(3-\{trifluoromethyl)-2-thienyl)methyl][(3-\{trifluoromethyl)-2-thienylpropyl)methyl][(3-\{trifluoromethyl)-2-thienylpropylpro$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{(3\text{-chlorobenzyl})[(5\text{-}\{[(3,3\text{-diphenylpropyl})amino]sulfonyl}\}\text{-}2\text{-thienyl})methyl]\}$

(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

5

methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid $((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)\{[5-(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}sulfonyl)-2-thienyl]-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-2-thienyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobenzyl)-((3-chlorobe$

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{[(5-\{[(2-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylethyl)amino]sulfonyl\}-2-thienyl)methyl][3-\{trifluoro-left]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]methyl][3-\{trifluoro-left]-2-thienyl]methyl][3-\{trifluoro-left]-2-thienyl]-2-thienyl]methyl][3-\{trifluoro-left]-2-thienyl]-2-th$

8

carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid $((\{1-[(cyclohexylamino)carbonyl]-4-piperidinyl\}methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl\}methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl\}methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl\}methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)\{4-[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyl)[(dodecylamino)-arbonyl]-4-piperidinyl]methyllamino)-arbonyllamino)-$

- 310 –

([(1-{[4-(dimethylamino)anilino]carbonyl}-4-piperidinyl)methyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[(1-hexanoyl-4-piperidinyl)methyl]-amino}-(oxo)acetic acid

({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{[1-(3-iodobenzoyl)-4-piperidinyl]methyl}-amino)(oxo)acetic acid

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[(1-{(2E)-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-propenoyl}-4-piperidinyl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[1-(2-quinoxalinylcarbonyl)-4-piperidinyl]-methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

[{{1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-4-piperidinyl}methyl)(4-{[(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[{[1-(3-iodobenzoyl)-4-piperidinyl]methyl}(4-{[(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]-carbonyl}benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

oxo{(4-{[(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[(1-{(2E)-3-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-propenoyl}-4-piperidinyl)methyl]amino}acetic acid

2

{{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}[2-(methoxycarbonyl)benzyl]-amino}(oxo)acetic acid

[[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](4-iodobenzyl)-amino](oxo)acetic acid

8

[(2-bromo-4- {[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(4-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

-311-

[{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(4-iodobenzyl)amino]-

((4-iodobenzyl){[4'-{{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

5

{[2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl][(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

{[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl]][(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

{(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

{[2,6-dibromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyi)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl][(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

{[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl}-2,6-dibromobenzyl][(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

ᄄ

{(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

{{2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

20 ([(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-3-yl)methyl]{[4'-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}-carbonyl}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

-312-

3-yl)methyl]amino)(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:conditional} $$ \{(4'-\{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}methyl\}\{(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}methyl)\}(4'-fluoro-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)methyl]$$

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(2-bromo-4-{{(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)-

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)-1](2-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)-1](2-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)-1](2-(triflu$

[2-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}acetic acid $oxo\{\{[4^{L}(\{[2-(4-phenoxyphenyi)ethyl]amino\}carbonyl)-1,1^{L}biphenyl-4-yl]methyl\}-1,1^{L}biphenyl-4-yl]methyl]$

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} $$ \{(4'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl} methyl)[2-(trifluoromethoxy)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl] methylloophenyl-4-yl] methylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloophenyl-4-ylloo$

5

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl](3-phenoxy-

phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid $[[4-(\{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino\}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](3-(2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino)$

amino](oxo)acetic acid $[(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl]benzyl)-(2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl]$

5

phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[2,6-dibromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl](3-

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid $[[4-(\{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino\}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl](3-phenoxy-phen$

8

amino](oxo)acetic acid [(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(3-phenoxybenzyl)-

> acetic acid [{2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)-

biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)acetic acid

phenoxybenzyl)amino]acetic acid $oxo[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyl)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyl)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyl)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyl)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyll)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyll)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentylbenzyll)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyl](3-pentyll)amino[[(4"-\{[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyl-4-yl])methyll[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentylbenzyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll]-1,l"-biphenyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])amino[[(4"-[(4-pentyll)amino]carbonyll-4-yl])am$

 $[(\{4\text{-}[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1\text{-}biphenyl-4-yl}] methyl)(3\text{-}phenoxybenzyl)-1,1\text{-}biphenyl-4-yl}] methyl)(3\text{-}phenoxybenzyl-4-yl}] methyl)(3\text{-}phenoxybenzyl-4-yl}]$ amino](oxo)acetic acid

amino](oxo)acetic acid [[2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl](2-iodobenzyl)-

ö

amino](oxo)acetic acid [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](2-iodobenzyl)-

(oxo)acetic acid [(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)(2-iodobenzyl)amino]-

[{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-iodobenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

ᅜ

([2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl]{[2-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

methyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid $\{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl\}-2-bromobenzyl\} \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl\}-2-bromobenzyl\} \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl\}-2-bromobenzyl\} \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl\}-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl\}-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino\} carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl]-2-bromobenzyl] \{[2'-(trifluoro-(1-yl)ethyl]amino] carbonyl] carbony$

 $((2-bromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)\{[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-nentylbenzyl)amino]carbonylbenzyl)\}$ biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

20

-313-

-314-

biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid ((2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-

- yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-
- fluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid ([4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl]{[2'-(tri-
- 1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid ((2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl){[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-
- biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid ({2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-

5

- $((\{4'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}methyl)\{[2'-(trifluoromethyl)-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}methyl)\}$ 1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](1,1'-biphenyl-2-
- amino](oxo)acetic acid [(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)-

2

- (oxo)acetic acid ((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)(2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-amino)-
- carbonyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)\}(2,6-dibromo-4-(\{(2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino\}-((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)\}(2,6-dibromo-4-(((2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino)-((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)))\}(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)\}(2,6-dibromo-4-(((2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl)amino)-((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)))$

20

biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid $[[4-(\{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino\}carbonyl]-2,6-dibromobenzyl](1,1'-k)]$

-315-

- benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [(1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl)(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}-
- ((1,1'-biphenyl-2-ylmethyl){2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)-
- (oxo)acetic acid {{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino}-
- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethoxy)-

5

- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[3-(trifluoromethoxy)-
- (oxo)acetic acid $\label{lem:composition} \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] amino} \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl \} [3\text{-}(trifluoromethoxy) benzyl] \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-}[(dodecylamino) carbonyl] benzyl] \} - \{ 2\text{-bromo-4-$
- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {(2,6-dibromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[3-(trifluoromethoxy)-

=

- amino}(oxo)acetic acid {{2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzyl]-
- benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid {({4'-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[3-(trifluoromethoxy)-

8

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[2-bromo-4-({[2-(4-phenoxyphenyl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)benzyl](4-phenoxy-

-316-

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl](4-phenoxy-

amino](oxo)acetic acid [(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-

[{2-bromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-phenoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic

benzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid [[4-({[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-2,6-dibromobenzyl](4-phenoxy-

amino](oxo)acetic acid $\label{eq:condition} \end{align*} \{(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)(4-phenoxybenzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl]benzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benzyl]benzyl)-(2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl]benz$

5

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{[4-(\{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl\}ethyl]amino\} carbonyl)-2-bromobenzyl][4-(trifluoro-theology)]$

amino) (oxo) acetic acid {(2-bromo-4-{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzyl]-

(oxo)acetic acid $\{\{2\text{-bromo-}4\text{-}[(dodecylamino)\text{carbonyl}]\text{benzyl}\}[4\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)\text{benzyl}]\text{arnino}\}-(2\text{-bromo-}4\text{-}[(dodecylamino)\text{carbonyl}]\text{benzyl}]$

⇆

benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{(2,6\text{-}dibromo-4-\{[(4\text{-}pentylbenzyl)amino}]carbonyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-1](2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4\text{-}pentylbenzyl)amino}]carbonyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-1](2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4\text{-}pentylbenzyl)amino}]carbonyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-1](2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4\text{-}pentylbenzyl)amino}]carbonyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-1](2,6-dibromo-4-\{[(4\text{-}pentylbenzyl)amino}]carbonyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)-1](4-(trifluoromethyl)$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $oxo\{[(4'-\{[(4-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\}-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoro-pentylbenzyl)amino]carbonyl\] \\$ {{2,6-dibromo-4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

methyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

20

 $\label{eq:composition} \{\mbox{2-bromo-$4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[\mbox{3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-}$

-317-

amino}(oxo)acetic acid $\{\{2,6\text{-}dibromo\text{-}4\text{-}[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[3\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid

 $oxo\{[(4\cdot\{[(4-penty]benzyl]amino]carbonyl\}-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl\}-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl}-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]-1,1\cdot biphenyl-4-yl]methyl][3-pentylbenzyl]amino]carbonyl]amino[amino]carbonyl]amino[amino]carbonyl]amino[amino]carbonyl]amino[amino]carbonylamin$ (trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

{(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt {(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid,

({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)-

5

(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)-

{({4'-[(octylamino)carbonyl]-1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl}methyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

amino}(oxo)acetic acid

2

oxo {(4-tetradec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid

{(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

 $\{\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino\}(oxo)acetical constant for the constant of the constant$

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-methoxyphenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

20

((1,2-diphenylethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

1010

N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-L-phenylalanine
[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(3-phenoxyphenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-isopropoxyphenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-iodophenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{3-fluoro-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-
- amino}(oxo)acetic acid
 ((3-chloro-2-methylphenyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic
- 4'-((carboxycarbonyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)-1,1'-biphenyl-2-

5

- ((2,4-dichlorobenzyl) {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(1-phenylpropyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid
- ([2-(4-chlorophenyl)propyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- [{4-{(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(4-isopropoxyphenyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

<u>=</u>

- ([4-(benzyloxy)phenyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- [{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-methoxybenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

•

-319-

([(1R)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid

- ((3,4-dichlorobenzyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- ((1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl){4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic
- ([2-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- ({4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl} {2-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}-amino)-(oxo)acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}{2-(3-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

5

- ([(1S)-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)-acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[(1S)-1-phenylethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}[(IR)-1-phenylethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

ಷ

- ([3-(benzyloxy)phenyl] {4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid
- N-(carboxycarbonyl)-N-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}-D-phenylalanine
- {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic
- 20 {{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

- 320 -

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid $oxo\{\{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,4-undecyl-1,2,$

oxo{{1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

 $([(2-buty]-1-benzo furan-3-yl)methyl]\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}-([(2-buty]-1-benzo furan-3-yl)methyl]\{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl\}-((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]\}-((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl)benzyl]+((dodecylamino)carbonyl)benzyl)be$

amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

(oxo)acetic acid;

5

(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; {(1-{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]phenyl}ethyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

 $\{(4-\{[(4-\text{octylphenyl})\text{amino}]\text{carbonyl}\}\text{benzyl}][4-\{\text{trifluoromethyl}\}\text{benzyl}]-$

amino) (oxo) acetic acid;

{(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(3-chlorobenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-i,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid.

5

N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; $\{\{cyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl\}[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]-$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]\{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]-1-naphth$

methyl}amino)acetic acid;

8

 $oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]\{[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthylnaphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]-1-naphthyl]$ methyl}amino)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-

glucitol) salt;

 $\label{lem:condition} \{ eyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl] \{ 4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-tyllopenty)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl] \{ eyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl] \{ eyclopentyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]phenyl[4-(trifluoromethyl]p$

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\label{lem:condition} \{ cyclopentyl [4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl [4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-4] \} (a) and a substitution of the condition of the con$

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methyl-

amino)glucitol) salt;

{(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dibenzo[b,d]furan-4-ylphenyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid,

N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt:

{[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

5

{[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-

D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

[[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid;

([2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl]{4-[(1Z)-dec-1-enyl]benzyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

{[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

5

{[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

 $oxo\{\{(1R)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxa$

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid;

7

 $oxo\,\{\{(1R)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-undecyl-1,2,4-ox$

- 321 -

glucitol) salt; yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-

oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid;

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid; $oxo\{\{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyllooxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyllooxad$ acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

 $oxo\{\{(1S)-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-nyl)]$

glucitol) salt yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-

5

[(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid

[(3-chlorobenzyl)(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-

glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

[[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid;

5

[[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-

glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

{(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid

((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl) {1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; ((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid, N-

20

- 323 -

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid; $\label{lem:conditional} $$ \{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} [4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl} $$$

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \{1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-dethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}_{4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl}_{4-(tr$

(methylamino)glucitol) salt; yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

 $\{[2\text{-}(3\text{-chlorophenyl})\text{ethyl}]\{4\text{-}(3\text{-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl})\text{benzyl}]\text{amino}\}\\(\text{oxo})\text{acetic}$

acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; $\{[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl] a mino\} (oxo) a cetical content of the con$

 $\{[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-instantian and the second seco$

(oxo)acetic acid;

5

acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. I-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; {[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-

 $\{\{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetic action of the context of the$

5

{{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

[(4-bromobenzyl)(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid;

acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt

[{4-[(dodecylamino)carbonyl]benzyl}(2-hydroxy-1-phenylethyl)amino](oxo)acetic

8

((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)-

- 324 -

acetic acid;

((4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl){1-methyl-1-[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(0x0) $oxo\{\{4-[(9Z)-tetradec.9-enoylamino]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-incopression and the property of the property of$ acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

amino}acetic acid;

 $oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5$ {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; $oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino\}-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecy$ {(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-{(4-dodecylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

5

glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt; $\{[4-(\{[(2-butyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)methyl]amino\} carbonyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoro-benzyl][4-(tr$

methyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

ಧ

{(4-{[4-(benzyloxy)benzoyl]amino}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid;

{(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid; {(3,5-dichlorobenzyl)[4-(tridecanoylamino)benzyl]amino} (oxo)acetic acid, N-

methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

8

 $\{\{4-[(4-\text{octylphenyi})\text{ethynyl]benzyl}\}\\ [4-(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{benzyl}]\\ \text{amino}\}\\ (\text{oxo})\\ \text{acetic}$

acid;

 $oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino\}-oxo\{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-3-yl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-3-yl)be$

acetic acid;

oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(5-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzyl]amino}- $\label{lem:condition} \{\{4\text{-}[2\text{-}(4\text{-}\mathrm{octylphenyl})\text{ethyl]benzyl}] \\ \{4\text{-}[2\text{-}(4\text{-}\mathrm{octylphenyl})\text{ethyl]benzyl}] \\ \\ \\ \{4\text{-}[2\text{-}(4\text{-}\mathrm{octylphenyl})\text{ethyl]benzyl}] \\ \\ \\ \{4\text{-}[2\text{-}(4\text{-}\mathrm{octylphenyl})\text{ethyl]benzyl}] \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$ acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

acid;

 $\{(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino]-(4-\{[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl]benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]$

(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\label{lem:condition} \{4-I(4-butylphenyl)ethynyl] benzyl\} \\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl] amino\} \\ (oxo) acetic$

ಕ

 $\{\{4\text{-}[(4\text{-}hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}\}[4\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}\{(oxo)acetical etherwise and the sum of t$

acid;

 $\{\{4\text{-}[(4\text{-}hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}\\ [4\text{-}(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo) acetic$

acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

ᅜ

 $oxo\{(4-\{[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-amino\}-.$

acetic acid;

oxo{{4-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic

8

[[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid; [[2-(3-chlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-

- 325 –

- 326 -

D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

- {(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;
- {[4-(11-hydroxyundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

acio,

{[4-(11-methoxy-11-oxoundec-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid;

11-[4-({(carboxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)phenyl]undec-

(oxo)acetic acid;

10-ynoic acid;

5

{(4-{2-[4-(heptyloxy)phenyl]ethyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ (4-\{[4-(benzyloxy)phenyl]ethynyl\}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-$

acetic acid;

 $\{\{4-[2-(4-butylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo) acetic action of the context of the$

acid;

{{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

acid;

2

- {{4-[2-(4-hexylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl}{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic
- acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;
- oxo{(4-{2-[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]ethyl}benzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-

amino}acetic acid;

8

 $oxo\{\{4-[2-(4-propylphenyl)ethyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}acetical content of the propylphenyl and the propylphenyl and$

acid;

- 327 –

11-[4-({(carboxycarbonyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}methyl)phenyl]-

undecanoic acid;

{[4-(11-hydroxyundecyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-

methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl}-

<u>}</u>

5

 $oxo([4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]\{4-[2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl\}-(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl\}-(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(2-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]+(3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)ethyl)ethyllet$

amino)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol)

 $\label{eq:conditional} \{\{4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl\}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\label{eq:conditional} \{\{4-[2-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)ethyl]benzyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl\}-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]-(trifluoromethyl)b$

amino}(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-

(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

{{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

acid;

20 {{4-[(4-octylbenzoyl)amino]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino)(oxo)acetic

acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

oxo{[(1-tridecanoylpiperidin-4-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}acetic

acid;

 $\{\{[1-(4-\text{octylbenzoyl}) piperid in -4-yl] methyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl) benzyl]-amino\}-response to the property of the proper$

(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\{\{[1-(4-octylbenzoyl)piperidin-4-yl]methyl\}\{4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}-1\}$

2

 $\{[2-(2-fluorophenyi]ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino\}-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]$

70

- 328 -

(oxo)acetic acid, N-methyl-D-glucamine (i.e. 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)glucitol) salt;

 $\{[(3-\mathrm{dec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl})methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}.$

(oxo)acetic acid;

{[(3-dodec-1-ynyl-1-benzofuran-5-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid;

5

 $oxo\{(\{3-[(4-propylphenyl)ethynyl]-1-benzofuran-5-yl\}methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]methyl)\\ [4-(trifluoromethyl)-1-benzofuran-5-yl]\\ [4-(trifluorom$

benzyl]amino}acetic acid;

[(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)(4-fluorobenzyl)amino](0x0)acetic acid;

[bis(4-oct-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid;

{[(6-dodec-1-ynylpyridin-3-yl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

{(3-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\{[2-(2-fluor ophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino\}-(2-fluor ophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino\}-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino]-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino[-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino[-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino[-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]amino[-1,2,4-oxadiazol-$

(oxo)acetic acid;

(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\{[2\text{-}(2\text{-}fluor ophenyl}]ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}octyl\text{-}1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol\text{-}5\text{-}yl})benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetical content of the property of$

- 329 -

acid;

 $\{[2\text{-}(3,4\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(2\text{-}(3,4\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(2\text{-}(3,4\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(2\text{-}(3\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(3\text{-}(3\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(3\text{-}(3\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}-(3\text{-}(3\text{-}dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4\text{-}(3\text{-}undecyl-1,2,4\text{-}oxadiazol-5\text{-}yl)benzyl]amino}\}$

(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\label{eq:condecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl} $$ \{[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl]ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(3-4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(3-4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(3-4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-5-yl)benzyl][3-(3-undec$

(oxo)acetic acid;

{[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

(oxo)acetic acid;

5

{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid;

{[2-(1,1'-biphenyl-4-yl)ethyl][4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

(oxo)acetic acid;

 $oxo\{5,6,7,8\text{-}tetra hydron aphthalen-1-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadia$

amino}acetic acid;

ŭ

oxo {5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-

amino}acetic acid;

[[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]benzyl](5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)amino]-

(oxo)acetic acid;

8

 $\{(1,1'\text{-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl})\{4-(3-\text{undecyl-1},2,4-\text{oxadiazol-5-yl})\text{benzyl}\}\text{amino}\}$

- 330 -

(oxo)acetic acid;

(oxo)acetic acid

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \{(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-(1,1'-biphenyl-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}.$

{(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-

acetic acid;

{(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

{(1-benzothien-3-ylmethyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

acetic acid;

5

oxo {[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}-

oxo{[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-

yl)benzyl]amino}acetic acid;

2

 $\{[4-(3-\text{octyl-1},2,4-\text{oxadiazol-5-yl})\text{benzyl}][2-(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{benzyl}]\text{amino}\}(\text{oxo})-(\text{oxo})$

acetic acid;

 $oxo \{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-decyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino\}-decyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}-decyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl-1,2,4-oxad$

acetic acid;

oxo{[3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]-amino}-

acetic acid

20

{[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl][3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-

- 331 –

{(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

acetic acid;

acid {(2-methoxybenzyl)[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)-

acetic acid;

{(2-methoxybenzyl)[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $oxo\{\{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]\}[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl]-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5$

benzyl]amino}acetic acid;

5

benzyl]amino]acetic acid;

([4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]{4-[(trifluoromethyl)-sulfonyl]benzyl}-

oxo{{4-[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]benzyl}[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)-

amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

{1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

7 {1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[3-(3-undecyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

{1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl[4-(3-octyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5-yl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

{[(4-dodec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

8

 $\{[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetic$

acid;

{[(4-dec-1-ynyl-1-naphthyl)methyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

acid;

oxo{[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl][4-(4-undecyl-1,3-thiazol-2-yl)benzyl]amino}acetic

{(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\{\{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl\}\{2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl]armino\}(oxo)acetic$

5

{[2-(2-fluorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(0x0)acetic acid;

{(4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $\{\{[4-(dodecyloxy)-1-naphthyl]methyl\}\{2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino\}(oxo)acetic$

<u>ت</u>

{[4-(octyloxy)benzyl][2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

{(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

[[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl](4-dodec-1-ynylbenzyl)amino](oxo)acetic acid;

 $([2\hbox{-}(3,4\hbox{-dichlorophenyl})\hbox{ethyl}]\{[4\hbox{-}(\hbox{dodecyloxy})\hbox{-}1\hbox{-}$

naphthyl]methyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

{[2-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)ethyl][4-(octyloxy)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid;

 $(\{4-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}\{1-methyl-1-[4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl\}\{1-methyl-1-[4-hexylphenyl]ethynyllhenyll$

20

(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]ethyl}amino)(oxo)acetic acid;

{[4-(5-cyclohexylpent-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

{{3-[(4-hexylphenyl)ethynyl]benzyl}[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic

{[4-(4-ethyl-3-hydroxyoct-1-ynyl)benzyl][4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}-(oxo)-

acetic acid;

{(2-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetic acid; $\{(4\text{-dec-1-ynylbenzyl})[4\text{-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}\} (oxo) acetic acid, L-lysine$

5

{(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(0x0)acetic acid,

tromethamine (i.e. (2-amino-2-hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol) salt;

 $\{(4\text{-dec-1-ynylbenzyl})[4\text{-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}\} (oxo) acetic acid, L-Arginine acid, L-Arginin$

٦

Sodium {(4-dec-1-ynylbenzyl)[4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl]amino}(oxo)acetate.

16. Substituted methylene amide derivative of Formula (I):

- 333 -

and pharmaceutically active derivatives thereof, wherein diastereomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts as well as its geometrical isomers, its optically active forms as enantiomers,

R1 is selected from the group consisting of (C1-C12)alkyl, (C2-C12)alkenyl, (C2-C12)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl; (C1-C12)alkyl-aryl or (C1-C12)alkyl-heteroaryl, (C2-C12)alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl (C2-C12)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl,

R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each independently from each other selected from the group comprising or consisting of H or (C1-C12)alkyl;

Cy is an aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or heterocycle, for use as a medicament with the proviso that the following compounds are excluded:

5

17. Substituted methylene amide derivative according to claim 16 wherein

R2a and R2b are each H;

R1 is-CH2-A, with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen, methoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO2, trifluoromethyl;

2

- 335 –

particularly a dodecyl group. which R3' is H and R3 is (C7-C15)alkyl, particularly (C8-C15)alkyl and more Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being substituted by -SO₂R³, -CO-NR³R^{3'} in

- 18. Substituted methylene amide derivative of Formula according to claim 16 wherein
- R2a and R2b are each H,

which may be substituted by (C₁-C₆)alkyl group or a cycloalkyl group; R' is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-methylbenzyl

wherein R3 is (C7-C15)alkyl, particularly (C8-C15)alkyl and more particularly a consisting of -NH-CO-R3, -CO-NH-R3, or an oxadiazole group substituted with R3, Cy is a phenyl or a biphenyl group substituted with a moiety selected from the group

5

<u>19</u> Use of a substituted methylene amide derivative according to formula (I):

and pharmaceutically active derivatives thereof, wherein diastereomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts as well as its geometrical isomers, its optically active forms as enantiomers,

2

R1 is selected from the group consisting of H, (C1-C12)alkyl, (C2-C12)alkenyl, (C2-C12)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl; (C1-C12)alkyl-aryl or (C1-C12)alkyl-heteroaryl, (C2-C12)alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl (C2-C12)alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl,

- 336 -

comprising or consisting of H or (C1-C12)alkyl; \mathbb{R}^{2a} and \mathbb{R}^{2b} are each independently from each other selected from the group

Cy is an aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or heterocycle,

disorders mediated by insulin resistance or hyperglycemia, comprising diabetes type I for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of metabolic and/or II, inadequate glucose tolerance, insulin resistance, hyperlipidemia, hypertriglyceridemia, hypercholesterolemia, obesity, polycystic ovary syndrome

20. Use of a substituted methylene amide derivative according to formula (I):

as well as its geometrical isomers, its optically active forms as enantiomers, and pharmaceutically active derivatives thereof, wherein diastereomers and its racemate forms, as well as pharmaceutically acceptable salts

5

R1 is selected from the group consisting of H, (C1-C12)alkyl, (C2-C12)alkenyl, (C2-C12)alkynyl-aryl or -heteroaryl; (C1-C12)alkyl-aryl or (C1-C12)alkyl-heteroaryl, (C2-C12)alkenyl-aryl or -heteroaryl, $(C_2$ - $C_{12})$ alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, (3-8-membered)cycloalkyl or heterocycloalkyl,

2

comprising or consisting of H or (C1-C12)alkyl; \mathbb{R}^{2a} and \mathbb{R}^{2b} are each independently from each other selected from the group

Cy is an aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl or heterocycle,

for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of diabetes type II, obesity or for appetite regulation.

- 337 –

21. Use of substituted methylene amide derivative according to claim 19 or 20 wherein

R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H;

R1 is -CH2-A, with A being phenyl or thienyl, optionally substituted by cyano, halogen, methoxy, hydroxy, phenoxy, -NO2, trifluoromethyl;

Cy is a thienyl, phenyl or biphenyl being substituted by -SO2R3, -CO-NR2R3 in which R3' is H and R3 is (C7-C15)alkyl, particularly (C8-C15)alkyl and more particularly a dodecyl group.

5 23 Use of substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of claims 19 to 21 wherein

R^{2a} and R^{2b} are each H;

 R^1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-methylbenzyl which may be substituted by (C1-C6)alkyl group or a cycloalkyl group;

Cy is a phenyl or a biphenyl group substituted with a moiety selected from the group wherein \mathbb{R}^3 is $(C_7\text{-}C_15)$ alkyl, particularly $(C_8\text{-}C_15)$ alkyl and more particularly a consisting of-NH-CO-R3, -CO-NH-R3, or an oxadiazole group substituted with R3, dodecyl group.

5

- 8 23. Use of a substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of claims 19 to 22 for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the modulation of the activity
- 24. Use according to claim 23 wherein the PTP is PTP1B

- 338 –

 Use according to claim 23 wherein said modulation consists in the inhibition of PTP1B.

- Use according to claim 25 for the treatment or prevention of disorders mediated by PTP1B.
- 27. A pharmaceutical composition containing at least one substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of claims 1 to 15 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluent or excipient thereof.
- 28. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 27 further comprising at least one supplementary drug selected from the group consisting of insulin, aldose reductase inhibitors, alpha-glucosidase inhibitors, sulfonyl urea agents, biguanides (e.g. metformin), thiazolidines, PPARs agonists, c-Jun Kinase or GSK-3 inhibitors.

5

A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 28 wherein said supplementary
drug is selected from the group consisting of a rapid acting insulin, an intermediate
acting insulin, a long acting insulin, a combination of intermediate and rapid acting
insulins, Minalrestat, Tolrestat, Sorbinil, Methosorbinil, Zopolrestat, Epalrestat,
Zenarestat, Imirestat, Ponalrestat, ONO-2235, GP-1447, CT-112, BAL-ARI 8, AD5467, ZD5522, M-16209, NZ-314, M-79175, SPR-210, ADN 138, or SNK-860,
Miglitol, Acarbose, Glipizide, Glyburide, Chlorpropamide, Tolbutamide,
Tolazamide, or Glimepriride.

2

30. A method of preparing a substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of

- 339 -

claims 1 to 15, comprising the coupling step between amine derivative of formula (III.

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{2a} \\ R^{2b} \\ R^{2b$$

(1) and an ester of formula LG_2 -CO-CO-OR 8 , followed by a hydrolysis:

wherein Cy, \mathbb{R}^1 , \mathbb{R}^{2a} , \mathbb{R}^{2b} are as above-defined, \mathbb{R}^8 is a (C₁-C₆)alkyl or cycloalkyl and LG₂ is a leaving group selected from Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl

- 340 -

31. A method of preparation of a substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of formula (I-1): of claims 1 to 5 and 9 to 15, comprising the step of providing the corresponding ester

$$\begin{array}{c} R^{2a} \\ R^{2b} \\ R^{2b$$

R¹, R^{2a}, R^{2b}, R³ and R^{3'} are as above defined; $(C_1 - C_6)$ alkyl or cycloalkyl, P is H or a protective group selected from Boc or Fmoc, is selected from Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl, R8 is a wherein X is -CO- or -SO2-, LG1 is Cl, OH, -Obn, O-Alkyl or O-Alkylaryl and LG2

and a subsequent hydrolysis step thus yielding the methylene amide derivative of formula (I).

5

A method of preparing a substituted methylene amide derivative of formula (1) providing the corresponding ester of formula (1-2): according to any of claims 1 to 5, 9 to 11, 14 and 15 comprising the step of

above defined; H or a protective group selected from Boc or Fmoc, $R^1,\,R^2,\,R^2,\,R^3$ and R^3 are as wherein LG₁ is Cl, OH, OBn, O-Alkyl or O-Alkylaryl and LG₂ is selected from Cl, N-hydroxy succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl, R8 is a C1-C6 alkyl or cycloalkyl, P is

and a subsequent hydrolysis step, thus yielding the methylene amide derivative of

WO 03/064376 PCT/EP03/00808

- 342 -

claims 1 to 11 and 15, comprising the step of providing the corresponding ester of A method of preparing a substituted methylene amide derivative according to any of

33

$$(\Box A)$$

$$(\Box A$$

from Boc or Fmoc, R¹, R^{2a}, R^{2b} and R³ are as above defined; N-hydroxy succinimide or benzotriazol-1-yl, P is H or a protective group selected leaving group such as -OSO₂CF₃, R⁸ is an alkyl group, LG₂ is selected from Cl, wherein X is halogen atom selected from the group consisting of Br, I Cl or a

and a subsequent hydrolysis step, thus yielding the methylene amide derivative of

5

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

	Name and malting actorses of the ISA Limposen Palani Cilics, P.B. 5816 Patentiban 2 NL – 2280 FV Rijovik Tel. (-2170) 340–2040, Tx. 31 681 apo n.l Fax: (+31-70) 340–2040, Tx. 31 681 apo n.l Sånchez Garcia, J.M.	17 Apr 11 2003 06/05/2003	A document defining the general sale of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance. The sale of considered to be of particular relevance in the international into defend of the object of the sale of the object of the sale of the object of the objec	X Puther documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent termsy members are listed in annex.	A & WO 00 23428 A 27 April 2000 (2000-04-27) cited in the application -/	322	A EP 0 483 881 A (MERRELL DOW PHARMA) 1-33 6 May 1992 (1992-05-06) cited in the application page 12 -page 64	A WO 01 19830 A (NOVO NORDISK AS ; ONTOGEN 1-33 CORP (US)) 22 March 2001 (2001-03-22) page 44 -page 121; claims	P,X WO 02 18321 A (ABBOTT LAB) 1-33 7 March 2002 (2002-03-07) page 26 -page 51; claims	Category * Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Referent to claim No	CHEM ABS Data, EPO-Internal, NPI Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE PELEVANT	Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical search terms new?)	Asimum cocumbilistics searched (destribution system totowed by destribution symbols) IPC 7 C07C A61K A61P C07D Documentation searched other has nothingum documentation to the search of the company of	According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national chasilication and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED	TPC 7 C070233/56 C07D211/26 C07D333/34 C07C317/32 C07C255/60	IN CONTROL OF CITE FOR MAINING
--	---	---------------------------	--	--	--	-----	--	---	--	--	---	---	--	--	---	---

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)

INZERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Category Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages

EP 0 798 295 A (YAMANOUCHI PHARMA CO LTD)
1 October 1997 (1997-10-01)
page 58 -page 67; claims
& WO 96 16940 A 6 June 1996 (1996-06-06)
cited in the application

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

PLI/EP 03/00808

Refevent to ctaim No.

1-33

EP 0798295	EP 1123928	EP 0483881	WO 0218321 WO 0119830	Patent document cited in search report
A 01-10-1997	A 16-08-2001	A 06-05-1992	A 07-03-2002 A 22-03-2001	Publication date
AT 233240 T AU 688628 B2 AU 3994295 A DE 69529770 D1 EP 0798295 M1 FI 972326 A JP 3304362 B2 NO 972482 A NZ 296210 A PL 320486 A1 US 5869501 A CA 2206532 A1 CN 1167484 A , B HU 77313 A2 NO 9616940 A1 RU 2154633 C2	AU 6124599 A CA 2347938 A1 EP 1123928 A1 WO 0023428 A1 JP 2000191648 A	162519 641052 8676091 2054339 69128764 69128764 69128764 69128766 915146 3026349 59688 913834 99908 3168565 7033737 220882 914300 240380 5949163 5949163 5949163 5949163 5949163 5949163 5949163	AU 6985200 A WO 0119830 A1 EP 1214324 A1 JP 2003509429 T US 6410556 B1	Patent family member(s)
15-03-2003 12-03-1998 19-04-1996 03-04-2003 01-10-1997 02-06-1997 01-08-1997 27-05-1998 29-09-1997 09-02-1999 06-06-1996 10-12-1999 06-06-1996 20-08-2000	08-05-2000 27-04-2000 16-08-2001 27-04-2000 11-07-2000	15-02-1998 09-09-1993 07-05-1992 03-05-1992 03-05-1998 06-05-1998 06-05-1998 06-05-1992 01-05-1992 01-05-1992 22-06-1992 22-06-1992 22-05-1995 21-05-2001 03-02-1995 115-09-1999 04-05-1994 25-05-1994 26-05-1994 27-05-1995 113-02-1995 113-02-1997 07-10-1997	07-03-2002 17-04-2001 22-03-2001 19-06-2002 11-03-2003 25-06-2002	Publication date

Form PCT/ISA/210 (continuation of second sheet) (July 1992)

3

Form PCT/ISA/210 (betent family ernec) (July 1892)

PATERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

information on patent family members.

PCT/EP 03/00808

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)

This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

☐ BLACK BORDERS
☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
☐ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
☐ CRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
Потикв.

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.

